

UNSTOPPABLE!

A STUDY GUIDE FOR THE BOOK OF

ACTS

By Betty Todd Smith

Heart of America
Leadership Training for Christ
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ACTS

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INTRODUCTION

ACTS

Acts reveals the history of God working through the lives of the followers of Jesus after Christ's ascension on the Mount of Olives outside of Jerusalem. Luke, a physician, traveling companion of the apostle Paul, and the inspired writer of the Gospel of Luke, penned it. Luke addressed both his gospel and Acts to an individual named Theophilus, about whom nothing else is recorded in scripture.

Acts was probably written between 63-70 AD. Many scholars believe Luke wrote it while he was in Rome with Paul around 63 A.D.

Acts is a New Testament book of history, covering a period of about 30 years. It tells of the beginning of the church in Jerusalem, the spreading of the gospel to Jews and then to Gentiles, and the beginning of Christian congregations throughout the known world. Readers are told about religious persecution, missionary journeys, and Paul's imprisonment in Rome. The first twelve chapters concentrate mainly on Peter; thereafter, Paul is the central connecting figure.

Acts links the gospels and the letters of the New Testament, furnishing important background information for the epistles. It is a book of conversions, and lays out the pattern of salvation for those who believe in Christ.

Major characters in Acts include Peter, John, Barnabas, James, Stephen, Philip, Saul (or Paul), Dorcas, Cornelius, Timothy, Silas, Lydia, Aquila and Pricilla, and Apollos.

A good Bible atlas is an invaluable tool in studying Acts – especially during the sections on the travels of Paul. Scholars estimate that Paul traveled over 10,000 miles on his journeys spreading the gospel to the Roman world. Many of the travel details can be seen on a map of the world at that time, and will greatly facilitate understanding of the text.

ACTS MEMORY AIDS

Chapter

- | | | | |
|-----|---|----|--------------------------------|
| 1. | A | -- | Ascension |
| 2. | P | -- | Peter preaches first sermon |
| 3. | O | -- | On the way to the temple |
| 4. | S | -- | Sent to Prison |
| 5. | T | -- | Two lie to the Holy Spirit |
| 6. | L | -- | Look for Seven Good Men |
| 7. | E | -- | Enemies stone Stephen |
| 8. | S | -- | Samaria listens to Philip |
| 9. | G | -- | Going to Damascus |
| 10. | U | -- | Unclean animals to eat |
| 11. | I | -- | Included are the Gentiles |
| 12. | D | -- | Death of James |
| 13. | E | -- | Excitement on First Journey |
| 14. | T | -- | They stone Paul |
| 15. | H | -- | Held a meeting on circumcision |
| 16. | E | -- | Earthquake in Philippi |
| 17. | C | -- | Challenge on Mars Hill |
| 18. | H | -- | Home of Aquila and Priscilla |
| 19. | U | -- | Upset Demetrius |
| 20. | R | -- | Rescue of Eutychus |
| 21. | C | -- | Captured in Jerusalem |
| 22. | H | -- | Hear my Defense |
| 23. | F | -- | Forty and more take a Vow |
| 24. | O | -- | Ordered to stay bound |
| 25. | R | -- | Request to go to Rome |
| 26. | G | -- | Goes before Agrippa |
| 27. | O | -- | On rough seas |
| 28. | D | -- | Delivered to Rome |

Chapter

- 1 -- Ascension; Appointing Another Apostle
- 2 -- Birth of the Church; Baptism of Believers
- 3 -- Crippled is Cured
- 4 -- Disciples Detained; Dedicated first to God
- 5 -- Each lied, Each died; Escape from Prison
- 6 -- Fellows Full of Faith
- 7 -- Great sermon by Godly Stephen
- 8 -- Heralding and Heeding of Gospel
"Here is water"
- 9 -- Into Damascus; Instant life for Dorcas
- 10 -- Journey from Joppa to preach to Gentiles
- 11 -- Kingdom includes Kinship with Gentiles
- 12 -- Liberated Peter
- 13 -- Missionary Men sent out
- 14 -- Not gods; News carried to Nine Nations
- 15 -- Old Law is Over
- 16 -- Paul Preaches in Philippi
- 17 -- Questions on Mars Hill
- 18 -- Response in Corinth; Paul Receives
Reassurance
- 19 -- School in Ephesus; Seven sons of Sceva
Speech of Silversmith
- 20 -- Travel on; Tumble in Troas; Tearful
Tidings; Transport to Jerusalem
- 21 -- Uproar and Upheaval in Jerusalem
- 22 -- Valuable Citizenship; Valiant Defense
- 23 -- Waiting; Warning; Without charge
- 24 -- Excuse of Felix
- 25 -- Yet untried; Yearning to hear Paul
- 26 -- Zealous before Agrippa
- 27 -- All escape shipwreck to Rome
- 28 -- Bit by viper; Boldly preaches in Rome

ACTS 1

Ascension, Appointing Another Apostle

WHO: Theophilus Jesus Peter Andrew
 James John Philip Thomas
 Bartholomew Matthew James Simon the Zealot
 Judas (Thaddeus) Mary Barsabbas
 Judas Iscariot Angels Matthias

WHAT: Apostles given the promise of the Holy Spirit
 Christ ascended into heaven
 Apostles and disciples waited in Jerusalem
 Story of Judas' death given
 Matthias was chosen as an apostle

WHERE: Mount of Olives
 Jerusalem
 Akeldama (Field of Blood)

WISE WORDS:

“But you will receive power when the Holy Spirit comes on you; and you will be my witnesses in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the ends of the earth.” Acts 1:8

1. Who was the inspired writer of the book of Acts?
 - a. Luke
 - b. Theophilus
 - c. Paul
 - d. Matthew
 - e. Mark
2. To whom was Acts addressed?
 - a. Luke
 - b. Theophilus
 - c. Paul
 - d. Matthew
 - e. Mark
3. What did the author write about in his former book?
 - a. Psalms of Jesus
 - b. The history of the Israelites in Egypt
 - c. All that Jesus began to do and to teach
 - d. Prophets and their prophecies of Jesus
 - e. All of the above

4. To what former book does the author refer?
 - a. Matthew
 - b. Mark
 - c. Luke
 - d. John
 - e. Romans

5. Jesus' "doing" and "teaching" continued until when?
 - a. The day he was taken up to heaven
 - b. The day he died on the cross
 - c. The day he was arrested
 - d. The day he was baptized
 - e. The day he raised Lazarus from the dead

6. According to Acts 1:2, what did Jesus do before he was taken up to heaven?
 - a. Ate a meal with his apostles
 - b. Breathed on his apostles to give them the Holy Spirit
 - c. Gave his apostles the gift of speaking in tongues
 - d. Gave instructions to the apostles he had chosen
 - e. Gave his apostles the ability to heal and cast out demons

7. HOW did Jesus do #6 above?
 - a. Through a miracle
 - b. Through prayer
 - c. Through religious rituals
 - d. Through the Holy Spirit
 - e. Through baptism

8. What had Jesus done after his suffering?
 - a. Showed himself to the apostles
 - b. Gave many convincing proofs that he was alive
 - c. Appeared to them over a period of 40 days
 - d. Spoke about the kingdom of God
 - e. All of the above

9. Jesus told his apostles, "Do not leave _____."
 - a. Bethlehem
 - b. Jericho
 - c. Jerusalem
 - d. Caesarea Philippi
 - e. Emmaeus

10. For what were the apostles to wait?
 - a. The gift Jesus' Father promised
 - b. Something that Jesus would speak about
 - c. The day of Pentecost
 - d. A bright light from heaven
 - e. The sound of a mighty rushing wind

11. What did Jesus tell them would happen in a few days?
 - a. John would baptize them with water
 - b. They would be baptized with the Holy Spirit
 - c. They would see the return of Elijah and Moses
 - d. They would see Jesus on his throne in Jerusalem
 - e. They would speak in many languages.

12. When they met together, the apostles asked Jesus, "Lord, are you at this time going to _____?"
 - a. Give us seats on your right and left sides in your kingdom
 - b. Return to Galilee
 - c. Restore the kingdom to Israel
 - d. Show yourself to the multitudes
 - e. Perform miracles

13. Jesus told the apostles that it was not for them to know the times or dates that _____.
 - a. Jesus would ascend on high
 - b. Jesus told the Father he would return to earth
 - c. Rome would fall
 - d. The Father set by his own authority
 - e. The temple would be destroyed

14. What would the apostles receive when the Holy Spirit came upon them?
 - a. Wisdom
 - b. Power
 - c. Knowledge
 - d. Physical strength
 - e. Forgiveness of Sins

15. Where were the apostles to be witnesses?
 - a. Jerusalem
 - b. Judea
 - c. Samaria
 - d. Ends of the earth
 - e. All of the above

16. When Jesus ascended, what hid him from the apostles' sight?
 - a. Sun
 - b. Moon
 - c. Stars
 - d. Cloud
 - e. Lightning

17. Who appeared after Jesus ascended?
 - a. Two men dressed in white
 - b. Elijah
 - c. Moses
 - d. Gabriel
 - e. John the Baptist

18. What question was asked of the apostles right after Jesus ascended?
 - a. Why did you not follow?
 - b. Why do you weep?
 - c. Why do you stand here looking into the sky?
 - d. Why did you doubt?
 - e. Why do you not understand?

19. How will Jesus come back?
 - a. In the same way he went into heaven
 - b. In the dark of night
 - c. In spirit only
 - d. By being born again
 - e. In believer's hearts only

20. The apostles returned to Jerusalem from where?
 - a. Mount Sinai
 - b. Mount Gerizim
 - c. Mount Ebal
 - d. Mount of Olives
 - e. Mount Hermon

21. How far was their journey?
 - a. Three days walk
 - b. A Sabbath day's walk
 - c. Two days walk
 - d. Three hour walk
 - e. Twelve hour walk

22. Where did the apostles go when they arrived in Jerusalem?
 - a. To the Temple
 - b. Upstairs to the room where they were staying
 - c. To the city gates
 - d. To the palace
 - e. To the Sanhedrin

23. Who of the following was NOT with the apostles?
 - a. Bartholomew
 - b. James, son of Alphaeus
 - c. Simon the Zealot
 - d. Judas, son of James
 - e. Judas Iscariot

24. What did the apostles do when they returned together?
 - a. Joined together constantly in prayer
 - b. Joined together constantly in song
 - c. Joined together constantly in weeping
 - d. Joined together constantly in eating
 - e. Joined together constantly in prophesying

25. What woman is mentioned by name in this chapter?
- Joanna, wife of Cuza
 - Susanna
 - Salome
 - Mary Magdalene
 - Mary, the mother of Jesus
26. What others were with the apostles in Jerusalem?
- The women
 - Mary, mother of Jesus
 - Jesus' brothers
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
27. How many were in the group called the "believers"?
- 11
 - 12
 - 40
 - 100
 - 120
28. Who was the spokesman for the brethren in the upper room?
- Peter
 - John
 - James, brother of Jesus
 - Andrew
 - Philip
29. "The scripture had to be fulfilled which the Holy Spirit spoke long ago through the mouth of _____ concerning Judas."
- Isaiah
 - Jeremiah
 - Joel
 - David
 - Elijah
30. Which of the following phrases were used to describe Judas?
- Served as a guide for those who arrested Jesus
 - Was one of their number
 - Shared in their ministry
 - Obtained a reward for his wickedness
 - All of the above
31. What name was given to the ground bought with the betrayal money?
- Akeldama, Field of Blood
 - Hades, Land of the Dead
 - Gehenna, Place of Fire
 - Hell, Place of the Wicked
 - None of the above

32. What Old Testament book did Peter quote in referring to Judas?
- Joel
 - Job
 - Psalms
 - Isaiah
 - Ezekiel
33. For a man to take Judas' place of leadership, he had to have been with the apostles from _____.
- The time of the transfiguration to the crucifixion
 - John's baptism to the time when Jesus was taken up
 - The marriage in Cana to the supper in the upper room
 - The raising of Lazarus to the time of the crucifixion
 - The feeding of the 5,000 to the last night in Gethsemane
34. What man was added to the eleven apostles?
- Joseph
 - Barsabbas
 - Justus
 - Matthias
 - Matthew
35. Who was the other man considered to replace Judas?
- Jacob
 - Barsabbas
 - Joshua
 - Matthias
 - Matthew
36. What did the apostles DO to select a new apostle?
- Prayed
 - Cast lots
 - Conducted interviews
 - All of the above
 - A and B above

ACTS 2

Birth of Church, Baptism of Believers Peter Preaches First Sermon

WHO: Peter Apostles Holy Spirit Believers
God-fearing Jews from every nation

WHAT: Holy Spirit came with power
Apostles spoke miraculously in many languages
Peter preached the first sermon about Jesus as Savior
3,000 baptized
Believers devoted themselves to the apostles' teaching,
fellowship, breaking of bread, and prayer. Their
numbers grew daily.

WHERE: Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"Peter replied, "Repent and be baptized, every one of you, in the name of Jesus Christ for the forgiveness of your sins. And you will receive the gift of the Holy Spirit. The promise is for you and your children, and for all who are far off—for all whom the Lord our God will call." Acts 2:38-39

1. On what day did the Holy Spirit come to the apostles?
 - a. Pentecost
 - b. Passover
 - c. Feast of Trumpets
 - d. Day of Atonement
 - e. Feast of Booths
2. Where were the apostles when this happened?
 - a. Scattered throughout Jerusalem
 - b. Together in Galilee
 - c. Together in one place in Jerusalem
 - d. Together in one place in Samaria
 - e. Scattered throughout Judea
3. What filled the whole house where they were sitting?
 - a. A pillar of fire
 - b. A cloud
 - c. Thick black smoke
 - d. A sound like the blowing of a violent wind
 - e. A violent wind

4. What separated and came to rest on each of the apostles?
 - a. What seemed to be a pillar of fire
 - b. What seemed to be tongues of fire
 - c. What seemed to be a black cloud
 - d. What seemed to be coals of fire
 - e. What seemed to be a trumpet

5. All of them were _____ the Holy Spirit.
 - a. Afraid of
 - b. Paralyzed by
 - c. Surprised by
 - d. Filled with
 - e. Arguing over the gifts of

6. What did the Holy Spirit enable them to do at this time?
 - a. Heal the sick
 - b. Raise the dead
 - c. Speak in other tongues
 - d. Prophecy about the future
 - e. Envision Heaven in their minds

7. Who was staying in Jerusalem at this time?
 - a. God-fearing Jews from Judea
 - b. God-fearing Samaritans from Samaria
 - c. God-fearing Gentiles from every nation under heaven
 - d. God-fearing Romans from Rome
 - e. God-fearing Jews from every nation under heaven

8. Why was the crowd that came together utterly amazed?
 - a. They had never seen anyone raised from the dead
 - b. Each one heard his own language being spoken
 - c. They did not understand what the apostles were saying
 - d. They did not understand why the apostles did not heal their sick
 - e. Each one heard the Holy Spirit speaking within their minds

9. From what region did the apostles come?
 - a. Samaria
 - b. Pontus
 - c. Asia
 - d. Galilee
 - e. Judea

10. Which of the following nations of Jews was NOT listed in Acts 2?
 - a. Parthians, Medes and Elamites
 - b. Residents of Mesopotamia, Judea and Cappadocia
 - c. Spain and Portugal
 - d. Pontus and Asia, Phrygia and Pamphylia
 - e. Egypt and the parts of Libya near Cyrene

11. Who was included in "visitors from Rome"?
 - a. Jews
 - b. Converts to Judaism
 - c. Samaritans
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

12. What did the Jews hear the apostles declaring?
 - a. The wonders of God
 - b. The doom to come upon Jerusalem
 - c. The time to overthrow Rome was upon them
 - d. The kingdom of God was never to come
 - e. Moses, Elijah, and John the Baptist were to rise again and rule over them

13. What was the response from the Jews to the words of the apostles?
 - a. "What does this mean?"
 - b. "They have had too much wine."
 - c. "They are liars sent from the devil."
 - d. "They are blasphemers, and deserve death."
 - e. A and B above

14. Who raised his voice and addressed the crowd?
 - a. Paul
 - b. Peter
 - c. Andrew
 - d. James
 - e. John

15. With whom did he stand?
 - a. No one – he stood up alone.
 - b. The Jewish Sanhedrin
 - c. The other eleven apostles
 - d. Mary, the mother of Jesus, and the women who had accompanied Jesus
 - e. The temple guards

16. Which of the following quotes came from Peter?
 - a. "Let John explain this to you."
 - b. "Listen carefully to what Stephen says."
 - c. "These men are drunk, as you suppose."
 - d. "It is only nine in the morning!"
 - e. All of the above

17. Which prophet did Peter quote?
 - a. Joel
 - b. Amos
 - c. Obadiah
 - d. Micah
 - e. Ezekiel

18. According to the prophet, what was God going to do in the last days?
 - a. Pour out his Spirit on the apostles
 - b. Cause sons and daughters to dream dreams
 - c. Show wonders in the heaven and signs on the earth
 - d. Turn the sun to blood
 - e. Turn the moon to fire and billows of smoke

19. In the prophecy, who is included in God's "servants"?
 - a. Men only
 - b. Women only
 - c. Jewish leaders only
 - d. Both men and women
 - e. Priests only

20. According to the prophet, when would the signs come to pass?
 - a. After the coming of the great and glorious day of the Lord
 - b. Before the coming of the great and glorious day of the Lord
 - c. During the coming of the great and glorious day of the Lord
 - d. The Day of Atonement
 - e. The Day of Passover

21. According to the prophet, who will be saved?
 - a. Everyone who calls on the name of the Lord
 - b. Everyone who says to Jesus, "Lord, Lord"
 - c. Everyone who takes care of strangers
 - d. Everyone who preaches the word of God
 - e. Everyone who prays

22. How was Jesus of Nazareth, a man, accredited by God to the people?
 - a. Miracles
 - b. Wonders
 - c. Signs
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

23. What did the people know already, according to Peter?
 - a. Jesus was the son of God
 - b. Jesus was a prophet
 - c. God did the miracles through Jesus
 - d. Jesus did the miracles himself
 - e. A, B, and C above

24. According to Peter, why had Jesus been handed over to them?
 - a. Because Jesus was accused of being a blasphemer
 - b. Because Jesus was accused of being a troublemaker
 - c. Because Jesus was accused of teaching false doctrine
 - d. Because Jesus surrendered to them
 - e. Because of God's set purpose and foreknowledge

25. Who helped the Jews put Jesus to death?
- Romans
 - Greeks
 - Pilate
 - Wicked men
 - Herod
26. What did God do after Jesus was nailed to the cross?
- Let him sleep with the dead
 - Freed him from the agony of death
 - Let him live among the dead
 - Destroyed the devil
 - Nothing
27. Why did God do this?
- He could not endure Jesus' suffering
 - He was angered because the people rejected Jesus
 - It was impossible for death to keep its hold on Jesus
 - He was powerless to interfere in the free will of man
 - He could not allow his Son back into Heaven
28. Who said, "My heart is glad and my tongue rejoices; my body also will live in hope, because you will not abandon me to the grave, nor will you let your Holy One see decay."?
- Joel
 - David
 - Samuel
 - Isaiah
 - Elijah
29. What could Peter say confidently about the patriarch, David?
- He died
 - He was buried
 - His tomb was still there
 - He was raised from the dead
 - A, B, and C above
30. What had God promised David on oath?
- He would not die
 - He would be raised from the dead
 - One of his descendants would be placed on his throne
 - His kingdom would be taken away from him
 - He would reign as a king in Heaven
31. David, as a prophet, saw what was ahead and spoke of _____.
- The resurrection of the Christ
 - The destruction of Jerusalem
 - The end of time
 - The birth of Christ
 - Mary, the mother of Jesus

32. Of what fact were the apostles witnesses?
- David was in his tomb
 - God raised Jesus to life
 - Elijah was taken up in a chariot
 - God delivered Israel from Egypt
 - Judas committed suicide
33. According to Peter, where was Jesus?
- Exalted to the foot of God
 - Exalted to the left hand of God
 - Exalted to the right hand of God
 - Exalted to the throne of God
 - Exalted to the knee of God
34. According to Acts 2:33, what had Jesus received from the Father?
- Eternal life
 - The promised Holy Spirit
 - Riches
 - Strength
 - All of the above
35. What did Jesus do with what he received from the Father?
- Kept it for himself
 - Used it to help heal mankind's physical diseases
 - Poured it out so it could be seen and heard
 - Gave it to the angels
 - None of the above
36. Even though David did not ascend to heaven, he said, "_____".
- The Lord said to my Lord
 - Sit at my left hand
 - Until you make your friends
 - A head rest for your head.
 - All of the above
37. What did Peter want all Israel to be assured of?
- God made Jesus, whom they worshipped, both Lord and Christ
 - God made Jesus, whom they despised, both Lord and Christ
 - God made Jesus, to whom they had listened, both Lord and Christ
 - God made Jesus, whom they had seen perform miracles, both Lord and Christ
 - God made Jesus, whom they crucified, both Lord and Christ.
38. What happened when the people heard Peter's words?
- They laughed
 - They walked away
 - They were cut to the heart
 - They threw stones at Peter
 - They had the apostles arrested

39. What did the people who heard Peter's message say to Peter and the other apostles?
- "Brothers, what shall we do?"
 - "Brothers, where shall we go?"
 - "Brothers, where are you going?"
 - "Brothers, who do you think you are?"
 - "Brothers, why have you spoken this way to us?"
40. What did Peter tell the people to do?
- "Repent and confess your sins."
 - "Repent and be baptized in the name of Jesus Christ."
 - "Accept Jesus Christ as your personal savior."
 - "Kneel and pray for the forgiveness of your sins."
 - "Raise your hands and allow Jesus to come into your hearts."
41. What gift would the people receive if they followed Peter's instructions?
- Riches
 - Honor
 - Physical strength
 - Holy Spirit
 - Power
42. Who was the promise for?
- The people who were assembled there
 - The children of the people who were assembled there
 - All people who were far off
 - All whom the Lord God would call
 - All of the above
43. How did Peter warn and plead with the people to save themselves from that corrupt generation?
- With many signs and wonders
 - With many other words
 - With promises of gifts and money
 - With threats
 - With beatings of some of those present
44. How many accepted the message and were added to their number that day?
- 1,000
 - 2,000
 - 3,000
 - 4,000
 - 5,000
45. What did the believers devote themselves to?
- Apostles' teaching
 - Fellowship
 - Breaking of bread
 - Prayer
 - All of the above

46. "Everyone was filled with awe, and many wonders and miraculous signs were done by _____."
- a. All believers
 - b. The 120 believers mentioned in Acts 1
 - c. Peter
 - d. The apostles
 - e. All of the above
47. What did the believers have in common?
- a. Everything
 - b. Food
 - c. Clothing
 - d. Possessions
 - e. Goods
48. Where did the believers meet every day?
- a. In homes
 - b. On the Mount of Olives
 - c. In the upper room
 - d. In the temple courts
 - e. By the Sea of Galilee
49. Which of the following does NOT describe the early believers?
- a. They broke bread in their homes
 - b. They ate together with glad and sincere hearts
 - c. They performed miracles
 - d. They praised God
 - e. They enjoyed the favor of all the people
50. What did the Lord do daily?
- a. Provided food and water
 - b. Added to their number those who were being saved
 - c. Poured on them miraculous appearances of the Holy Spirit
 - d. Instructed them in His new laws
 - e. Kept the Sanhedrin and Roman officials away from their gatherings

ACTS 3

Crippled is Cured On the way to the Temple

WHO: Peter John Crippled Beggar
Onlookers (Men of Israel) in the Temple

WHAT: Peter and John healed the lame man
People were astonished and came running to Peter and John
Peter preached a sermon

WHERE: Jerusalem – in the temple

WISE WORDS:

“Then Peter said, ‘Silver or gold I do not have, but what I have I give you. In the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth, walk.’”
Acts 3:6

1. What two apostles went to the temple?
 - a. Peter and Andrew
 - b. James and John
 - c. John and Andrew
 - d. Peter and John
 - e. James and Peter
2. What time did they go?
 - a. At the time of prayer – three in the morning
 - b. At the time of prayer – three in the afternoon
 - c. At the time of sacrifice – three in the afternoon
 - d. At the time of sacrifice – six in the evening
 - e. At the time the Sanhedrin met – noon
3. Who was being carried to the temple gate?
 - a. A man crippled from birth
 - b. A woman crippled from birth
 - c. A blind man
 - d. A deaf man
 - e. A man with leprosy
4. What was the name of the temple gate?
 - a. Bountiful
 - b. Blessed
 - c. Beautiful
 - d. Banner
 - e. Blossom

5. Why did this man go to the temple daily?
 - a. To try to dip himself in the Pool of Siloam when angels disturbed the water
 - b. To find Jesus
 - c. To beg forgiveness from the priests
 - d. To sacrifice
 - e. To beg from those going into the temple courts

6. What did the man want from the two apostles?
 - a. Forgiveness of sins
 - b. An eyewitness account of the resurrection of Jesus
 - c. The gift of the Holy Spirit
 - d. Money
 - e. Healing

7. What did the man receive from the two apostles?
 - a. Forgiveness of sins
 - b. An eyewitness account of the resurrection of Jesus
 - c. The gift of the Holy Spirit
 - d. Money
 - e. Healing

8. Which of the following did Peter say to the man?
 - a. "Look at us!"
 - b. "Silver or gold I do not have."
 - c. "But what I have I give you."
 - d. "In the name of Jesus of Nazareth, walk."
 - e. All of the above

9. What happened after Peter took the man by the right hand and helped him up?
 - a. The man fell down
 - b. The man's feet and ankles instantly became strong
 - c. The man could see again
 - d. The man could hear again
 - e. The man no longer had leprosy

10. What did the man do after he was healed?
 - a. Went on his way home, rejoicing
 - b. Went with the apostles back into the city of Jerusalem
 - c. Walked, jumped, and praised God
 - d. Quietly left the temple and went to the hills to pray
 - e. Clung to Peter and John in an attempt to walk

11. When the people recognized the man and saw that he had been healed, how did they react?
 - a. They were filled with wonder and amazement
 - b. They mobbed the man and carried him to the High Priest
 - c. They stepped back in fear
 - d. They fell to their knees and bowed down to him
 - e. They brought him clothes and food

12. Where was the beggar, Peter, and John when all the people came running to them?
 - a. At the temple gate
 - b. In the place called Solomon's Colonnade
 - c. In front of the Pool of Siloam
 - d. At the Sheep Gate to the temple
 - e. On the Royal Porch of the temple

13. What questions did Peter ask the people when they gathered around him?
 - a. Men of Israel, why does this surprise you?
 - b. Why do you stare at us as if by our own power or godliness we had made this man able to see again?
 - c. Men of Israel, why do you suppose we are drunk?
 - d. Why do you tarry? Arise and be baptized and wash away your sins.
 - e. A and B above

14. Which God glorified his servant Jesus?
 - a. God of Abraham
 - b. God of Isaac
 - c. God of Jacob
 - d. God of our fathers
 - e. All of the above

15. According to Acts 3:13-14, what had the people done to Jesus, whom God had glorified?
 - a. Handed him over to be beaten
 - b. Disowned him before Pilate
 - c. Disowned him as a lowly prophet
 - d. Asked that a thief be released to them in Jesus' place
 - e. All of the above

16. How did Peter refer to Jesus in Acts 3?
 - a. God's servant
 - b. The Holy and Righteous One
 - c. The author of life
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

17. According to Peter, what gave the man complete healing?
 - a. The strength of the water in the Pool of Siloam
 - b. The power of Peter and John
 - c. Jesus' name and the faith that comes through him
 - d. The godliness of the crippled man
 - e. The godliness of Peter and John

18. How had the people and their leaders acted?
 - a. In faith
 - b. In integrity
 - c. In honesty
 - d. In strength and power
 - e. In ignorance

19. According to Acts 3:18, what did God foretell through all the prophets?
 - a. That his Christ would suffer
 - b. That Jesus would be born in Bethlehem
 - c. That Jesus would be born of a virgin
 - d. That Jesus would not see death
 - e. That Jesus would establish a kingdom on earth

20. What did Peter tell the people to do in Chapter 3?
 - a. Repent and turn to God
 - b. Repent and be baptized
 - c. Confess your sins to one another and pray for one another
 - d. Believe that Jesus died for you, and pray
 - e. Open your arms, and let Jesus come into your hearts

21. Why should the people follow Peter's instructions?
 - a. That their sins might be wiped out
 - b. That times of refreshing might come from the Lord
 - c. That he might send the Christ, who had been appointed for them
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

22. How long must Jesus remain in heaven?
 - a. Until the time comes for the earth to be destroyed
 - b. Until the time comes for God to restore everything
 - c. Until the time comes for the thousand year reign
 - d. Until the time comes for Moses and Elijah to return
 - e. Until the time comes when the thoughts of man are on evil continually

23. Who said, "The Lord your God will raise up for you a prophet like me from among your own people; you must listen to everything he tells you."?
 - a. Joel
 - b. David
 - c. Moses
 - d. Elijah
 - e. Isaiah

24. What will happen to anyone who does not listen to Jesus?
 - a. He will be completely cut off from among his people
 - b. He will be killed
 - c. He will be beaten
 - d. He will become a beggar
 - e. He will be poor

25. Which prophets had foretold those days?
 - a. All the prophets from Isaiah on
 - b. All the prophets from Jonah on
 - c. All the prophets from Elijah on
 - d. All the prophets from Samuel on
 - e. All the prophets from Jeremiah on

26. What were the Jews considered heirs of?
- The riches God gave to the nation of Israel
 - The covenant God made with their fathers
 - The land God gave to their people when they left Egypt
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
27. What was to happen through the offspring of Abraham?
- The nation of Israel alone was to be blessed
 - The world would be ruled by Israelites
 - All peoples on earth would be blessed
 - The nation of Israel would bring wealth to the world
 - A, B, and D above
28. Why did God send his servant first to the Jewish people?
- To bless them by turning each of them from their wicked ways
 - To assure them that they were the only heirs of salvation
 - To assure them that they were still the chosen people of God
 - To bless them by giving them wealth
 - To bless them by giving them power

ACTS 4

Disciples Detained; Dedicated First to God Sent to Prison

WHO: Peter John priests
Sadducees Captain of the temple guard
Rulers, elders, and teachers of the law
High priest Caiaphas John
Alexander High priests' family Holy Spirit
Sanhedrin Barnabas believers

WHAT: Peter and John were put into jail
Peter preached to Sanhedrin
Peter and John were warned not to speak about Jesus
Peter and John were released
Peter and John returned to the believers, who prayed
Apostles testified boldly
Believers shared everything; sold possessions to share money
Barnabas sold land and brought money to apostles

WHERE: Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"But Peter and John replied, 'Judge for yourselves whether it is right in God's sight to obey you rather than God. For we cannot help speaking about what we have seen and heard.'" Acts 4:19-20

1. Who came up to Peter and John while they were speaking to the people?
 - a. Priests
 - b. Captain of the temple guard
 - c. Sadducees
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C above

2. Why were they "greatly disturbed"?
 - a. Because the apostles were performing miracles
 - b. Because the apostles were starting riots
 - c. Because the apostles were teaching the people and proclaiming in Jesus the resurrection of the dead
 - d. Because the apostles were stealing from the temple
 - e. A and C above

3. Where did they put Peter and John?
 - a. Out of the temple area
 - b. In jail
 - c. Out of the city of Jerusalem
 - d. In the dungeon of Herod's palace
 - e. In a stable

4. What was the reaction of many who heard the apostles' message?
 - a. They laughed
 - b. They wept
 - c. They threw stones
 - d. They believed
 - e. They ignored it

5. Of those who believed, the number of MEN grew to be _____.
 - a. 1,000
 - b. 2,000
 - c. 3,000
 - d. 4,000
 - e. 5,000

6. On the next day, who met in Jerusalem?
 - a. Rulers
 - b. Elders and teachers of the law
 - c. Annas the high priest
 - d. Caiaphas, John, Alexander, and other men of the high priest's family
 - e. All of the above

7. What did they ask Peter and John?
 - a. Are these charges true?
 - b. By what power or what name did you do this?
 - c. Brothers, what shall we do?
 - d. How can we understand unless someone explains it to us?
 - e. Sirs, what must we do to be saved?

8. How did Peter say that the crippled man was healed?
 - a. By the name of Jesus Christ of Nazareth
 - b. By the positive thinking of the crippled man
 - c. By the power of Peter, into whose hands had been given the keys of heaven
 - d. By the combined power of the apostles, who could also cast out demons
 - e. None of the above

9. Which scripture did Peter quote when he said, "He is the stone you builders rejected, which has become the capstone."?
 - a. Joel 2:28-32
 - b. Psalm 69:25
 - c. Psalm 118:22
 - d. Psalm 2:1,2
 - e. Isaiah 53:7,8

10. According to Peter in Acts 4, where is salvation found?
 - a. In Jesus Christ of Nazareth
 - b. In animal sacrifices
 - c. In Moses and Elijah
 - d. In the prophets
 - e. In the Laws given on Mount Sinai

11. What did they notice about Peter and John?
 - a. They had courage
 - b. They were highly educated
 - c. They were extraordinary men
 - d. They had been with Jesus
 - e. A and D above

12. Why did the rulers, elders and teachers of the law realize that there was nothing they could say?
 - a. Under Roman rule, they had no power to punish anyone
 - b. They could see the man who had been healed standing there with Peter and John
 - c. Peter and John had made them mute
 - d. They could not agree with each other about what they believed
 - e. All of the above

13. What did the Sanhedrin NOT say when they conferred together?
 - a. "What are we going to do with these men?"
 - b. "Everybody living in Jerusalem knows they have done an outstanding miracle."
 - c. "We cannot deny it."
 - d. "But to stop this thing from spreading any further among the people, we must keep these men in jail."
 - e. "We must warn these men to speak no longer to anyone in this name."

14. What command did the Sanhedrin give Peter and John?
 - a. Leave Jerusalem and not return
 - b. Tell the people in the temple that they had not spoken the truth about Jesus Christ of Nazareth
 - c. Not to speak or teach at all in the name of Jesus
 - d. Never enter the temple area again
 - e. Sacrifice two doves and a goat to gain forgiveness for blasphemy

15. How did Peter and John respond to this command?
 - a. Judge for yourselves whether it is right in God's sight to obey you rather than God
 - b. We will follow your commands – they come from God
 - c. We will leave Jerusalem and bother you no more
 - d. Put us in jail – God will miraculously free us
 - e. We will only speak of Jesus outside of the temple area

16. "We cannot help speaking about _____."
 - a. What we have heard told by other people
 - b. What we have seen and heard
 - c. What we believe to be true
 - d. What has happened in the temple this day
 - e. What God will bring down upon this unrepentant generation

17. When did the Sanhedrin let Peter and John go?
 - a. After beating them
 - b. After leaving them in jail another night
 - c. After further threats
 - d. After sundown on the Sabbath
 - e. After Pilate ordered them released

18. Why could the Sanhedrin not decide how to punish Peter and John?
 - a. All the people were praising God for what had happened
 - b. They were afraid of Herod
 - c. They were afraid of Pilate
 - d. They were afraid of the people
 - e. All of the above

19. How old was the crippled man who was healed?
 - a. Over 20 years old
 - b. Over 30 years old
 - c. Over 35 years old
 - d. Over 40 years old
 - e. Over 45 years old

20. Where did Peter and John go when they were released?
 - a. Back to Galilee
 - b. To their own people
 - c. To the upper room
 - d. To the home of Mary and Martha
 - e. To Nazareth

21. What did the believers do after hearing about Peter and John's experiences?
 - a. Wept
 - b. Rejoiced
 - c. Prayed
 - d. Moved away from Jerusalem
 - e. Met in secret in a house in Jerusalem

22. Whom did the believers quote in their prayer when they said, "The kings of the earth take their stand and the rulers gather together against the Lord and against his Anointed One."?
 - a. Abraham
 - b. Jacob
 - c. Moses
 - d. David
 - e. Samuel

23. According to the believers in Acts 4, who had met together to conspire against God's holy servant, Jesus?
 - a. Herod
 - b. Pontius Pilate
 - c. Gentiles
 - d. People of Israel in Jerusalem
 - e. All of the above

24. Instead of asking God to take away the problems, what did the believers ask God to do in verse 29?
- Deliver them from the Sanhedrin
 - Enable them to speak God's work with great boldness
 - Stretch out His hand to heal and perform miraculous signs and wonders through the name of the apostles
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
25. After they prayed, what happened to the meeting place?
- Nothing
 - It was discovered by the temple guards
 - It was shaken
 - It was surrounded by the sound of a mighty rushing wind
 - It was filled with smoke
26. What were the believers filled with?
- Awe and wonder
 - Fear and trembling
 - Anger and vengeance
 - Holy Spirit
 - Hope
27. What did the believers do after they prayed?
- Spoke the word of God boldly
 - Spoke the word of God in secret only
 - Spoke nothing of the word of God outside their gathering place
 - Waited for a sign from God to tell them when to speak to others
 - Nothing
28. "All the believers were one in _____."
- Purpose
 - Spirit
 - The Lord
 - Jesus
 - Heart and mind
29. What did the believers do with their possessions?
- Gave them to the poor
 - Each claimed that his possessions were his own and not to be given away
 - Shared everything they had
 - Gave them to the people in the temple
 - Sold them and kept the money for themselves
30. What was upon all the apostles and believers?
- Diseases of the skin
 - Money and wealth
 - Sparkling jewels
 - Abundance of food
 - Much grace

31. Why did people sell their lands and houses?
- To bring the money from the sales to put at the apostles' feet to be distributed to anyone who had a need.
 - They did not intend to return to them because Jesus was returning soon
 - To bring the money from the sales to give to the apostles for their needs
 - To personally distribute the money to the poor
 - To accumulate wealth for the church
32. Who sold a field at the end of Acts 4?
- Joseph of Arimathea
 - Joseph, a Levite from Cyprus
 - Joseph, husband of Mary the mother of Jesus
 - Joseph, son of Jacob
 - Joseph, called Barsabbas
33. What did the apostles call this man?
- Matthias
 - Justus
 - Barnabas
 - Silas
 - Timothy
34. What did this man's name mean?
- Son of Thunder
 - Son of the Rock
 - Son of Courage
 - Son of Encouragement
 - Son of God

ACTS 5

Each Lied, Each Died Escape from Prison Two Lie to the Holy Spirit

WHO: Ananias Sapphira Gamaliel
 Theudas Judas of Galilee Peter
 Apostles High Priest Sadducees
 Sanhedrin Guards

WHAT: Ananias and Sapphira lied about their gift of money and died
 Apostles performed miracles, were arrested, and were put in jail
 Angel released them during the night
 Apostles taught in the temple
 Apostles brought before Sanhedrin and questioned
 Gamaliel gave wise advice and persuaded Jewish council
 Apostles beaten and rejoiced because they suffered for Christ

WHERE: Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

“Day after day, in the temple courts and from house to house, they never stopped teaching and proclaiming the good news that Jesus is the Christ.” Acts 5:42

1. What husband and wife sold a piece of property?
 - a. Aquila and Priscilla
 - b. Ananias and Sapphira
 - c. Mary and Joseph
 - d. Rachel and Jacob
 - e. Lydia and Barnabas

2. What did the husband do with his wife’s full knowledge?
 - a. Brought all the money and put it at the apostles’ feet
 - b. Kept back most of the money as an inheritance for his children
 - c. Brought most of the money and put it in the temple treasury
 - d. Kept back part of the money for himself
 - e. Distributed the money to the poor in the city of Jerusalem

3. What did Peter accuse Ananias of doing?
 - a. Keeping back for himself some of the money he received for the land
 - b. Keeping the money at his disposal to disburse among the poor himself
 - c. Lying to the Holy Spirit
 - d. Giving all the money to his wife
 - e. Selling the property for less than it was worth

4. "You have not lied to _____ but to _____."
 - a. Men, God
 - b. God, men
 - c. Peter, all the apostles
 - d. The apostles, all the believers
 - e. Your wife, Peter

5. What happened to Ananias after he heard what Peter said?
 - a. He was arrested
 - b. He was beaten with forty lashes
 - c. He was cut off from the group of believers
 - d. He fell down
 - e. He fell down and died

6. What reaction occurred among all who heard what had happened?
 - a. They all sold everything they had and brought the money to the apostles
 - b. They grieved for Ananias
 - c. Great fear seized them
 - d. They rejoiced that they had not let Satan fill their hearts
 - e. They fled

7. What did the young men do to Ananias?
 - a. Wrapped up his body
 - b. Carried him out
 - c. Anointed him
 - d. Buried him
 - e. A, B, and D above

8. When did the wife of Ananias come in to the place where he had been?
 - a. Two hours later
 - b. Three hours later
 - c. Four hours later
 - d. The evening of the same day
 - e. The next day

9. What did Peter ask the wife of Ananias?
 - a. "Do you know what happened to your husband?"
 - b. "Did you help your husband sell the land?"
 - c. "Do you have more money from the sale of the land?"
 - d. "Is this the price you and Ananias got for the land?"
 - e. "Did you agree with your husband about selling the land?"

10. What did Sapphira say in response to Peter's question?
 - a. "Yes, that is the price."
 - b. "Yes, my husband recently died and was buried."
 - c. "Yes, I have more money from the sale of the land."
 - d. "Yes, Ananias and I agreed to sell the land."
 - e. "Yes, I found a buyer for the land."

11. What did Peter say to Sapphira?
 - a. "How could you agree to test the Spirit of the Lord?"
 - b. "Look! The feet of the men who prayed for your husband are at the door."
 - c. "They will help you out also."
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

12. What happened to Sapphira?
 - a. As a widow, she became a beggar in the temple courts
 - b. She left Jerusalem and traveled to her home town of Bethany
 - c. She fell down and died
 - d. She was buried in a different tomb than her husband
 - e. C and D above

13. What did the apostles do among the people?
 - a. Baptized many of them
 - b. Performed many miraculous signs and wonders
 - c. Prophesied about the end of the world
 - d. Prayed and fasted
 - e. Walked silently

14. In Acts 4, where did all the believers used to meet together?
 - a. At the home of Mary, Martha, and Lazarus
 - b. At the home of John Mark
 - c. On the Mount of Olives
 - d. In the upper room
 - e. In Solomon's Colonnade

15. How did the people of Jerusalem respond to the believers and the apostles?
 - a. They did not dare join them
 - b. They regarded them highly
 - c. More and more men and women believed and were added to their number
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

16. Why were the sick brought into the streets and laid out on beds and mats?
 - a. So they could hear the apostles' teaching
 - b. So they could beg from the apostles
 - c. So Peter's shadow might fall on some of them as he passed by
 - d. So they could be baptized
 - e. So they could pray

17. What happened when crowds gathered from the towns around Jerusalem, bringing their sick and those tormented by evil spirits?
 - a. They were run off by members of the Jewish Sanhedrin
 - b. All of them were healed
 - c. They started a riot when they could not reach the apostles
 - d. They were arrested by Herod
 - e. They were given food and possessions

18. Why were the apostles arrested?
- The high priest and all his associates were filled with jealousy
 - The high priest and Sadducees were filled with rage
 - The high priest was filled with fear
 - The Sadducees were curious about the resurrection of Jesus and wanted to question them further
 - The associates of the high priest were following Pilate's orders
19. Who let the apostles out of jail?
- Herod
 - Pilate
 - Sadducees
 - Angel of the Lord
 - Barnabas
20. What were the apostles told when they left the jail?
- "You must not speak of what you have seen and heard."
 - "You must leave Jerusalem."
 - "You must not speak any more in the name of Jesus."
 - "You must not perform any more miracles in the sight of the people."
 - "Go, stand in the temple courts and tell the people the full message of this new life."
21. What did the apostles do at daybreak?
- Left Jerusalem
 - Entered the temple courts and began to teach the people
 - Went back to the house where the believers were worshipping
 - Returned to the jail
 - None of the above
22. What was the Sanhedrin?
- The household of the high priest
 - The Sadducees
 - The Pharisees
 - The full assembly of the elders of Israel
 - The temple guards
23. What did the officers find at the jail?
- The jail was securely locked
 - Guards were standing at the doors
 - The apostles were inside
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
24. Why did the captain of the temple guard and his officers not use force in bringing the apostles to the Sanhedrin?
- They did not have the authority to do so
 - They did not agree with the Sanhedrin that the apostles should be taken from the temple courts
 - They feared that the people would stone them
 - They feared the apostles' power
 - They believed the words the apostles spoke about Jesus of Nazareth

25. Who questioned the apostles when they appeared before the Sanhedrin?
- The high priest
 - Caiaphas
 - John
 - Alexander
 - The teachers of the law
26. What did the Sanhedrin think that the apostles were determined to do?
- Overthrow the Jewish law
 - Make the Sanhedrin guilty of the blood of Jesus
 - Make the Sanhedrin seem powerless in light of all of the miracles and signs
 - Create chaos among the Jewish people
 - All of the above
27. What did Peter and the other apostles say to the Sanhedrin?
- We must obey God rather than men!
 - The God of the Romans raised Jesus from the dead.
 - You had Jesus killed by stoning.
 - God exalted Jesus to his own left hand.
 - All of the above
28. Why had Jesus been exalted as Prince and Savior?
- So that he might give the gift of healing to his apostles
 - So that he might give great wealth to those who believed in him
 - So that he might give great wisdom to his apostles
 - So that he might give repentance and forgiveness of sins to Israel
 - All of the above
29. Who had witnessed all the things that had happened to Jesus?
- The apostles
 - The Holy Spirit
 - The Sanhedrin
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
30. To whom did God give the Holy Spirit?
- To his prophets
 - To the apostles
 - To those who obeyed him
 - To the Pharisees
 - To the high priest
31. How did the Sanhedrin respond when they heard the apostles' words?
- They were furious and wanted to have them beaten
 - They were furious and wanted to put them to death
 - They were cut to their hearts and wanted to know what they should do
 - They ignored the apostles and sent them away
 - They rose up as one against them and cursed them

32. Who gave wise advice to the Sanhedrin?
- Annas
 - Caiaphas
 - Gamaliel
 - Gabriel
 - Alexander
33. How does Acts describe this man?
- A Sadducee
 - A teacher of philosophy
 - A relative of the high priest
 - A man honored by all the people
 - All of the above
34. What two examples did this wise man give of people who led revolts that came to nothing?
- Ananias and Sapphira
 - Theudas and Judas the Galilean
 - Judas Iscariot and Simon the Zealot
 - Aquila and Priscilla
 - Jehu and Eleazer
35. Which of the following is a quote of Gamaliel?
- "Leave these men alone! Let them go!"
 - "If their purpose or activity is of human origin, it will fail."
 - "If it is from God, you will not be able to stop these men;"
 - "You will only find yourselves fighting against God."
 - All of the above
36. What did the Sanhedrin finally do to the apostles?
- Had them flogged
 - Had them killed
 - Had them dressed in sackcloth and ashes
 - Ordered them to continue to speak in the name of Jesus
 - A and D above
37. How did the apostles leave the Sanhedrin?
- Sorrowfully, because they had been severely beaten
 - Fearfully, because they wondered why God had allowed it to happen to them
 - Rejoicing, because they had been counted worthy of suffering disgrace for the Name
 - Angrily, because they had been shamed in front of the people
 - Jealously, because the Sanhedrin still had more power than they did among the people
38. Where did the apostles continue to teach and proclaim the good news that Jesus is the Christ?
- In the temple courts
 - From house to house
 - From town to town
 - All of the above
 - A and B above

ACTS 6

Fellows Full of Faith Look for Seven Good Men

WHO: Grecian Widows Stephen Philip
Procorus Nicanor Timon
Parmentas Nicolas priests
Synagogue of the Freedmen

WHAT: Complaints arose due to neglect of Grecian Widows
Seven men were chosen to take care of the problem
Number of disciples in Jerusalem increased rapidly
Stephen seized and brought before the Sanhedrin
Stephen's face was like the face of an angel

WHERE: Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"Brothers, choose seven men from among you who are known to be full of the Spirit and wisdom. We will turn this responsibility over to them and will give our attention to prayer and the ministry of the word." Acts 6:3-4

1. What did the Grecian Jewish believers complain about?
 - a. Their widows were being overlooked in the daily distribution of food
 - b. Their orphans were being overlooked in the daily distribution of food
 - c. Their widows were not allowed to break bread with the assembly of believers
 - d. Their widows received a lesser portion than the Hebraic widows in the distribution of clothing and possessions
 - e. All of the above
2. What did the twelve apostles tell the disciples to do?
 - a. Choose three men from among them to take on this responsibility
 - b. Choose five men from among them to take on this responsibility
 - c. Choose seven men from among them to take on this responsibility
 - d. Pray for a miraculous sign from the Lord to show them how to deal with this problem
 - e. Appoint a committee of twelve men and women to determine how best to handle the problem

3. "It would not be right for us to neglect the ministry of the word of God in order to _____."
 - a. Collect money for these women
 - b. Visit the sick among these widows
 - c. Bake bread
 - d. Wait on tables
 - e. Distribute oil for their lamps
4. What did the apostles need to give their attention to?
 - a. Prayer
 - b. Prayer and the ministry of the word
 - c. Finding a place to worship
 - d. Breaking of bread
 - e. Studying the scriptures and the prophets
5. What were the qualifications of the men who were to be chosen?
 - a. From a wealthy family
 - b. Having a permanent home in Jerusalem
 - c. Having a good reputation in the community
 - d. Grecian, not Hebraic
 - e. Full of the Spirit and wisdom
6. Which of the following was NOT included in the men chosen to take responsibility for the task of distribution of food to the widows?
 - a. Stephen and Philip
 - b. Procorus and Nicanor
 - c. Barnabas and Titus
 - d. Timon and Parmenas
 - e. Nicolas from Antioch
7. Which of the following was said to be a man full of faith and of the Holy Spirit?
 - a. Philip
 - b. Procorus
 - c. Timon
 - d. Stephen
 - e. Nicolas from Antioch
8. Which of the following was said to be a convert to Judaism?
 - a. Philip
 - b. Nicanor
 - c. Parmenas
 - d. Timon
 - e. Nicolas from Antioch
9. What did the apostles do after the men were chosen?
 - a. Prayed and laid their hands on them
 - b. Prayed and anointed their heads with oil
 - c. Prayed and presented them to the disciples
 - d. Prayed and placed purple robes on them
 - e. Prayed and divided the names of the needy widows among them for care and protection

10. "So the word of God _____."
- Was written down
 - Was heard from heaven
 - Came as people spoke in tongues
 - Spread
 - Was whispered in the temple courts
11. Who became obedient to the faith in Acts 6 when the number of disciples in Jerusalem increased rapidly?
- Members of Pilate's household
 - A large number of priests
 - A large number of Herod's servants
 - A large number of Roman soldiers
 - Members of the Sanhedrin
12. How is Stephen described?
- Full of the Spirit and wisdom
 - Full of faith and of the Holy Spirit
 - Full of God's grace
 - Full of God's power
 - All of the above
13. What did Stephen do?
- Distributed to each widow as she had need
 - Met with the twelve apostles and became one of them
 - Performed great wonders and miraculous signs among the people
 - Stood in the temple courts and challenged the Sanhedrin
 - Traveled to Samaria to spread the good news about Jesus
14. Who opposed Stephen?
- Members of the Sanhedrin
 - Members of the Herod's guards
 - Certain Jewish members of the believers
 - Members of the Synagogue of the Freedmen
 - All of the above
15. What regions did these Jews who opposed Stephen come from?
- Cyrene
 - Alexandria
 - Cilicia
 - Asia
 - All of the above
16. What happened when these men began to argue with Stephen?
- All the members of the Sanhedrin joined them in the debate
 - They could not stand up against his wisdom or the Spirit by whom he spoke
 - Stephen could not stand up against their wisdom and knowledge of the scriptures
 - The twelve apostles urged Stephen to escape Jerusalem
 - The disciples hid Stephen in homes in Jerusalem

17. What did the Jews who opposed Stephen secretly persuade some men to say?
- Stephen was a thief
 - Stephen was a murderer
 - Stephen was a zealot
 - Stephen spoke words of blasphemy against Moses and against God
 - Stephen spoke words of blasphemy against Jesus of Nazareth
18. Where was Stephen taken after he was seized?
- To the Sanhedrin
 - To jail
 - To Herod
 - To Pilate
 - To the outskirts of Jerusalem
19. Who testified against Stephen?
- Jews of Cyrene
 - Jews of Alexandria
 - False witnesses
 - Caiaphas
 - Alexander
20. What did they say that Stephen spoke against?
- The law and the prophets
 - This holy place
 - The law
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
21. What did the witnesses say that Stephen told them about what Jesus of Nazareth would do?
- Destroy this place and rebuild it in three days
 - Return with the clouds of heaven
 - Destroy this place and change the customs Moses handed down to us
 - Come again and destroy Rome
 - Sit on the throne of David
22. What did Stephen's face look like?
- A pillar of fire
 - The face of an angel
 - A tongue of fire
 - A cloud of smoke
 - The sad face of a man who sees death approaching

ACTS 7

Great sermon by Godly Stephen Enemies stone Stephen

WHO: High Priest Stephen Holy Spirit Jesus Saul

WHAT: Stephen gave a powerful sermon reviewing the history of the Jews
Stephen saw Jesus standing at the right hand of God
Jewish leaders took Stephen out of the city and stoned him
Witnesses put down their clothes at the feet of Saul

WHERE: Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"While they were stoning him, Stephen prayed, 'Lord Jesus, receive my spirit.' Then he fell on his knees and cried out, 'Lord, do not hold this sin against them.' When he had said this, he fell asleep."
Acts 7:59-60

1. What did the high priest ask Stephen?
 - a. "Do you believe in this Jesus of Nazareth?"
 - b. "Are you one of those they call the "believers"?"
 - c. "Are these charges true?"
 - d. "Did you know this Jesus of Nazareth?"
 - e. "Will you tell us where Peter and John are?"
2. When Stephen spoke, whom did he talk about first from the Old Testament?
 - a. Abraham
 - b. Isaac
 - c. Joseph
 - d. Moses
 - e. Aaron
3. Where was Abraham when the God of glory appeared to him?
 - a. In Haran
 - b. In Mesopotamia
 - c. In Bethel
 - d. Egypt
 - e. Canaan
4. What did God want Abraham to do?
 - a. Find a wife
 - b. Settle in Haran
 - c. Leave his country and his people
 - d. Go to the land of Egypt
 - e. C and D above

5. When did God send Abraham to the land where they were then living?
 - a. After he married Rebekah
 - b. After the death of his father
 - c. After the birth of Isaac
 - d. After the burning bush
 - e. None of the above

6. What inheritance did Abraham receive from God?
 - a. The land east of the Jordan River
 - b. The land west of the Jordan River
 - c. The land of the Philistines
 - d. The city of Jerusalem
 - e. Nothing, not even a foot of ground

7. What did God promise Abraham even though at that time he had no child?
 - a. He and his descendants after him would possess the land
 - b. He would have a son named Isaac
 - c. He would live a very long life and have seven daughters
 - d. His descendants would cover the earth
 - e. He would have two wives, who would bless him with many sons

8. How long would Abraham's descendants be enslaved and mistreated?
 - a. 100 years
 - b. 200 years
 - c. 300 years
 - d. 400 years
 - e. 500 years

9. What would Abraham's descendants do when they left the country in which they had been enslaved?
 - a. Wander in the wilderness 40 years
 - b. Climb Mount Sinai with a leader named Moses
 - c. Worship God in the place where Abraham was living
 - d. Cross the Red Sea when its waters parted
 - e. Receive manna from heaven

10. What did God give Abraham?
 - a. Covenant of the rainbow
 - b. Covenant of circumcision
 - c. Covenant of atonement
 - d. Covenant of the 10 commandments
 - e. Covenant of peace

11. Who was Abraham's son?
 - a. Isaac
 - b. Jacob
 - c. Joseph
 - d. Lot
 - e. Esau

12. Who was Isaac's son?
- Ishmael
 - Jacob
 - Joseph
 - Judah
 - Simeon
13. Jacob was the father of _____.
- Isaac
 - Ishmael
 - Esau
 - The twelve patriarchs
 - Gideon
14. Why did the patriarchs sell Joseph as a slave into Egypt?
- They were angry
 - They were in need of money
 - They were jealous
 - They were evil
 - They knew God's plan and tried fulfill His desires
15. Who rescued Joseph?
- Abraham
 - Jacob
 - The twelve patriarchs
 - Moses
 - God
16. What happened to Joseph in Egypt?
- He was given wisdom by God
 - He gained the goodwill of Pharaoh king of Egypt
 - He was made ruler over Egypt and all his palace
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
17. When famine struck, where did Jacob send his sons?
- To Canaan
 - To Egypt
 - To Mesopotamia
 - To Haran
 - To the land of the Chaldeans
18. How many were in Jacob's family when he moved to Egypt?
- 45
 - 55
 - 65
 - 75
 - 85

19. Where was Jacob's body buried?
- In Egypt
 - In Haran
 - In Shechem
 - In Bethel
 - In Jerusalem
20. How did the ruler of Egypt oppress the Israelites?
- Forced them to throw out their newborn babies so that they would die
 - Kept them from worshipping the God of their fathers
 - Exiled them from their homes in Egypt
 - Forced them to worship the gods of Egypt
 - Separated their families into different regions of Egypt
21. Whom did Pharaoh's daughter take in?
- Joseph
 - Moses
 - Aaron
 - Miriam
 - Joshua
22. Which of the following is a false statement about Moses?
- He was no ordinary child
 - For three months he was cared for in his father's house
 - He was brought up as the son of Pharaoh's daughter
 - He was educated in all the wisdom of the Egyptians
 - He was weak in speech and action
23. How old was Moses when he decided to visit his fellow Israelites?
- 20
 - 30
 - 40
 - 50
 - 60
24. What did Moses think when he killed the Egyptian?
- God would protect him
 - No one would know
 - He was powerful in Egypt, and no harm would come to him
 - His own people would realize that God was using him to rescue them
 - All of the above
25. Where did Moses flee and settle as a foreigner?
- Canaan
 - Midian
 - Haran
 - Mount Sinai
 - Bethlehem

26. How many sons did Moses have?
- One
 - Two
 - Three
 - Four
 - Five
27. What did Moses see 40 years later?
- His brother Aaron coming to find him
 - His sons becoming great warriors
 - An angel appearing in the flames of a burning bush
 - Water turned to blood
 - A pillar of cloud to guide him back to Egypt
28. What happened when the Lord identified himself to Moses?
- Moses trembled with fear and did not dare to look
 - Moses look directly into the Lord's face
 - Moses fled
 - Moses angrily asked the Lord why his people suffered in Egypt
 - Moses did not believe him
29. What did the Lord want Moses to do?
- Take off his tunic
 - Go back to see the oppression of the Israelites in Egypt and report back to him
 - Go back to Egypt to see if it would be possible to set the Israelites free
 - Go back to Egypt to be their ruler and deliverer, sent by God himself
 - Go back to Egypt and find those who had rejected Moses 40 years earlier
30. What did Moses do?
- Led the Israelites out of Egypt
 - Did wonders and miraculous signs in Egypt
 - Did wonders and miraculous signs at the Red Sea
 - Did wonders and miraculous signs for forty years in the desert
 - All of the above
31. What did Moses tell the Israelites?
- "Through you, all nations of the earth will be blessed."
 - "God will send you a prophet like me from your own people."
 - "Leave your country and your people and go to the land I will show you."
 - All of the above
 - None of the above
32. What did Moses receive and pass on to the Israelites?
- Living words
 - Living water
 - Living bread
 - Living air
 - Tree of life

33. What did the Israelites ask Aaron to do?
- Help them worship the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
 - Help them find Moses, who had gone up the mountain
 - Make them gods who would go before them
 - Take them back to Egypt
 - Lead them to the promised land
34. "But God turned away, and gave them over to the worship of _____."
- Baal
 - Dinah
 - The Unknown god
 - The heavenly bodies
 - Dathan
35. Which prophet did Stephen quote when telling about the Israelites worshipping an idol in the form of a calf?
- Joel
 - David
 - Elijah
 - Isaiah
 - Amos
36. What did the forefathers have with them in the desert?
- The tabernacle of the Testimony
 - The temple
 - The shrine of Baal
 - The Egyptian gods
 - The bones of Jacob
37. What did the fathers under Joshua bring with them when they took the land from the nations God drove out before them?
- Spears
 - Swords
 - The tabernacle
 - Stones from the Red Sea
 - Manna and quail
38. Who wanted to provide a dwelling place for the God of Jacob?
- Moses
 - Joshua
 - Gideon
 - Samuel
 - David
39. Who built the house for God?
- Moses
 - David
 - Saul
 - Solomon
 - Samuel

40. Whom did Stephen quote from the Old Testament in telling that the "Most High does not live in houses made by men"?
- Isaiah
 - Jeremiah
 - David
 - Joel
 - Amos
41. What was NOT included in the accusation that Stephen made to the people listening?
- They were stiff-necked with uncircumcised hearts and ears
 - They were just like their fathers; they always resisted the Holy Spirit
 - Their fathers persecuted prophets and killed those who predicted the coming of the Righteous One
 - They had betrayed and murdered the Righteous One
 - They had obeyed the law that was put into effect through angels
42. How did the people respond to Stephen's words?
- They fell down and worshipped God
 - They were baptized, and 3,000 were added that day to the believers
 - They were furious and gnashed their teeth at him
 - They seized him and took him to Herod
 - They covered their ears and grew silent
43. What did Stephen see?
- Fear and disbelief in the faces of the people
 - The glory of God and Jesus standing at the right hand of God
 - Peter and John coming to rescue him from the mob
 - Moses and Elijah appearing transfigured before him
 - An angel coming down from heaven
44. How was Stephen killed?
- Hanging
 - Beating
 - Crucifixion
 - Stoning
 - Sword
45. Where did the witnesses lay their clothes?
- At the feet of a young man named Timothy
 - At the feet of a young man named Barnabas
 - At the feet of a young man named Silas
 - At the feet of a young man named Gamaliel
 - At the feet of a young man named Saul
46. What did Stephen say when he was dying?
- Lord Jesus, receive my spirit.
 - Lord, do not hold this sin against them.
 - My God, My God, why have you forsaken me?
 - All of the above
 - A and B above

ACTS 8

Heralding and Heeding of Gospel "Here is water" Samaria listens to Philip

WHO: Saul Philip Simon the Sorcerer
 Peter John Samaritans
 Holy Spirit angel Ethiopian eunuch Candace

WHAT: Saul approved of Stephen's death
 Persecution arose and believers were scattered
 Saul began to destroy the church, dragging people to prison
 Philip proclaimed Christ in Samaria
 Simon the Sorcerer believed
 Peter and John came and prayed; Believers received Holy Spirit
 Simon wanted to buy the ability to give the power of the Holy Spirit
 Simon repented
 Philip met an Ethiopian eunuch on a desert road
 Philip taught him about Jesus
 Ethiopian eunuch was baptized and rejoiced

WHERE: Jerusalem Judea Samaria Azotus Caesarea
 Desert road on way to Gaza

WISE WORDS:

"Peter answered: 'May your money perish with you, because you thought you could buy the gift of God with money! You have no part or share in this ministry, because your heart is not right before God.'" Acts 8:20-21

1. Whom does Acts name as being there and giving approval to Stephen's death?
 - a. Caiaphas
 - b. Annas
 - c. Gamaliel
 - d. Saul
 - e. Herod

2. What happened when a great persecution broke out against the church at Jerusalem?
 - a. The apostles scattered throughout Judea and Samaria
 - b. The apostles and believers scattered throughout Judea and Samaria
 - c. All except the apostles scattered throughout Judea and Samaria
 - d. The apostles went to Antioch to preach
 - e. The believers hid in their homes in Jerusalem

3. What did Saul do?
 - a. Began to destroy the church
 - b. Began to believe in Jesus of Nazareth
 - c. Began to study the scriptures with Peter
 - d. Began to pay Roman guards to help him find Christians
 - e. Began to rise in power in the Sanhedrin

4. When the believers scattered, what did they do?
 - a. Departed from the faith in fear of their lives
 - b. Preached the word wherever they went
 - c. Traveled to Antioch to regroup
 - d. Wept and mourned bitterly
 - e. Begged at city gates, since they no longer had money

5. Where did Philip go to proclaim the Christ?
 - a. A city in Samaria
 - b. Antioch
 - c. Cyprus
 - d. Tarsus
 - e. Corinth

6. Why did the crowds pay close attention to Philip?
 - a. They saw the miraculous signs he did
 - b. They saw evil spirits come out of many, shrieking
 - c. They saw paralytics healed
 - d. They saw many cripples healed
 - e. All of the above

7. What did Simon do to amaze all the people of Samaria?
 - a. Boasted that he was someone great
 - b. Built great palaces and monuments to himself
 - c. Practiced sorcery
 - d. Walked on water
 - e. Healed people with leprosy

8. What did the Samaritans say about Simon?
 - a. This man speaks like an angel from God
 - b. This man is the divine power known as the Great Power
 - c. This man deserves to rule over us
 - d. This man gives generously to the temple
 - e. All of the above

9. Who was baptized in Samaria?
 - a. Men who believed Philip as he preached
 - b. Women who believed Philip as he preached
 - c. Simon, who believed
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

10. Why did Simon follow Philip everywhere?
 - a. He wanted to help him perform miracles
 - b. He wanted to know more about Jesus Christ
 - c. He hoped Philip's shadow would fall on him so he might receive the gift of healing
 - d. He watched him, looking for a chance to report him to the Sanhedrin
 - e. He was astonished by the great signs and miracles he saw

11. Who was sent to Samaria from Jerusalem?
 - a. Peter and John
 - b. Matthew and Mark
 - c. John and Simon the Zealot
 - d. Andrew and Barnabas
 - e. James and Thomas

12. What did the two apostles do for the believers in Samaria?
 - a. Prayed for them that they might receive the Holy Spirit
 - b. Placed their hands on them, and they received the Holy Spirit
 - c. Anointed them with oil, and they received the Holy Spirit
 - d. Baptized them again, and they received the Holy Spirit
 - e. A and B above

13. Why did Simon offer the apostles money?
 - a. So they could take it back to help the believers in Jerusalem
 - b. So they would give Simon the ability to give the Holy Spirit through laying on of hands
 - c. So they would distribute it to the poor widows who were being overlooked
 - d. So they would be able to return to Jerusalem safely
 - e. So they could donate it in the temple for him

14. Which of the following did Peter NOT say to Simon?
 - a. "May your money perish with you, because you thought you could buy the gift of God with money!"
 - b. "You have no part or share in this ministry, because your heart is not right before God."
 - c. "Repent of this wickedness and be baptized again."
 - d. "Perhaps he will forgive you for having such a thought in your heart."
 - e. "I see that you are full of bitterness and captive to sin."

15. What did Simon ask the apostles to do for him?
 - a. Spare his life
 - b. Baptize him
 - c. Forgive him
 - d. Pray to the Lord for him
 - e. All of the above

16. What did the two apostles do as they returned to Jerusalem?
 - a. Sang praises to God
 - b. Preached the gospel in many Samaritan villages
 - c. Prayed and fasted
 - d. Distributed money
 - e. All of the above

17. Where did the angel tell Philip to go?
 - a. South to the desert road that goes down from Jerusalem to Gaza
 - b. North to the desert road that goes to Jerusalem
 - c. East to the desert road that goes from Samaria to Gaza
 - d. West to the desert road that goes from Jerusalem to Jericho
 - e. South to the desert road that goes from Bethlehem to Nazareth

18. Whom did Philip meet on the road?
 - a. Peter and John
 - b. Saul of Tarsus
 - c. An Ethiopian eunuch
 - d. Simon, the sorcerer
 - e. Gamaliel of the Sanhedrin

19. What was this man in charge of?
 - a. All the soldiers of Candace, queen of the Ethiopians
 - b. All the children of Candace, queen of the Ethiopians
 - c. All the property of Candace, queen of the Ethiopians
 - d. All the temples of Candace, queen of the Ethiopians
 - e. All the treasury of Candace, queen of the Ethiopians

20. Why had the man gone to Jerusalem?
 - a. To buy and sell
 - b. To worship
 - c. To raise an army
 - d. To escort the royal family to see Herod and Pilate
 - e. To find out about Jesus of Nazareth

21. From what book was the man reading?
 - a. The book of the law of Moses
 - b. The Psalms of David
 - c. The book of the chronicles of the kings of Israel
 - d. The book of Isaiah the prophet
 - e. The book of Jeremiah the prophet

22. What did the Spirit tell Philip to do?
 - a. Go to the chariot and stay near it
 - b. Go to the chariot and stop it
 - c. Run from the chariot
 - d. Ride in the chariot
 - e. Secure the chariot for Peter and John

23. What did Philip ask the man in the chariot?
 - a. "Do you believe in the good news about Jesus of Nazareth?"
 - b. "Do you worship the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob?"
 - c. "Do you understand what you are reading?"
 - d. "Are you going to Jerusalem?"
 - e. "Will you take me to see Candace, queen of the Ethiopians?"

24. Which of the following was NOT included in the passage the man was reading?
- He was led like a sheep to the slaughter.
 - As a lamb before the shearer is silent, so he did not open his mouth.
 - In his humiliation he was granted justice.
 - Who can speak of his descendants?
 - For his life was taken from the earth.
25. What did the man want to know about the passage he was reading?
- How to translate the passage into his native language
 - Who the prophet was talking about
 - Who had written the passage
 - Where was the prophet when he wrote the passage
 - Why was prophecy so hard to understand
26. Who said, "Look, here is water; why shouldn't I be baptized?"
- Philip
 - Simon the Sorcerer
 - Saul of Tarsus
 - Ethiopian eunuch
 - Lydia
27. What did Philip do for the Ethiopian eunuch?
- Began teaching him with that very passage of scripture
 - Told him the good news about Jesus
 - Went down into the water with him
 - Baptized him
 - All of the above
28. The Spirit of the Lord suddenly took Philip away, and he appeared in _____.
- Azotus
 - Ethiopia
 - Jerusalem
 - Damascus
 - Antioch
29. The eunuch went on his way _____.
- Weeping
 - In amazement
 - In fear
 - Rejoicing
 - Preaching
30. Philip traveled and preached the gospel in all the towns until he reached _____.
- Azotus
 - Jerusalem
 - Caesarea
 - Damascus
 - Jericho

ACTS 9

Into Damascus; Instant life for Dorcas Going to Damascus

WHO:	Saul	High Priest	Disciples
	Jesus	Ananias	Judas
	Jews	Barnabas	Grecian Jews
	Holy Spirit	Peter	Aeneas
	Widows	Tabitha (Dorcas)	Simon the tanner

WHAT: Saul traveled to Damascus to imprison Christians
Jesus appeared to Saul on the road
In Damascus, Ananias spoke to Saul
Saul was baptized, and began preaching in the synagogues
Saul was lowered in a basket at night to escape death
Barnabas defended Saul in Jerusalem
Peter healed the paralytic, Aeneas
Peter raised Tabitha from the dead

WHERE:	Jerusalem	Damascus	Caesarea
	Tarsus	Judea	Galilee
	Samaria	Lydda	Joppa

WISE WORDS:

"But the Lord said to Ananias, 'Go! This man is my chosen instrument to carry my name before the Gentiles and their kings and before the people of Israel.'" Acts 9:15

1. Why did Saul go to the high priest?
 - a. To ask for letters to the synagogues in Samaria
 - b. To ask for letters to the synagogues in Damascus
 - c. To ask for letters to the synagogues in Joppa
 - d. To ask for letters to the synagogues in Lydda
 - e. To ask for letters to the synagogues in Galilee
2. Whom did Saul want to take as prisoners to Jerusalem?
 - a. The apostles
 - b. Philip
 - c. Simon the Sorcerer
 - d. Men or women belonging to the Way
 - e. James, the brother of Jesus

3. What happened when Saul neared Damascus?
 - a. Suddenly the sound of a mighty rushing wind surrounded him
 - b. Suddenly tongues of fire encircled him
 - c. Suddenly a light from heaven flashed around him
 - d. Suddenly a voice from heaven told him to take off his sandals
 - e. Suddenly a man in a chariot appeared

4. What did a voice say to Saul when he fell to the ground?
 - a. "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute me?"
 - b. "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute my apostles?"
 - c. "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute my disciples?"
 - d. "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute my family?"
 - e. "Saul, Saul, why do you persecute the Jews?"

5. What did Saul ask the voice?
 - a. "Where are you?"
 - b. "Why are you speaking to me?"
 - c. "What do you want me to do?"
 - d. "Who are you, Lord?"
 - e. "When are you going to come into your kingdom?"

6. Who was speaking to Saul?
 - a. Elijah
 - b. Moses
 - c. Peter
 - d. John
 - e. Jesus

7. What did he tell Saul to do?
 - a. "Arise and be baptized, and wash away your sins."
 - b. "Get up and go into the city; you will be told what to do."
 - c. "Confess your sins, that you might be healed."
 - d. "Repent of your wicked ways; perhaps God will have mercy on you."
 - e. "Believe in Jesus, and you will be saved."

8. What happened to the men traveling with Saul?
 - a. They were blinded
 - b. They saw the person in the bright light
 - c. They stood there speechless
 - d. They could not hear any sound
 - e. All of the above

9. Why did the men traveling with Saul have to lead him by the hand?
 - a. Saul did not know the way to Damascus
 - b. Saul was ill
 - c. Saul could not hear
 - d. Saul could see nothing
 - e. Saul was in shock

10. What did Saul do for three days?
 - a. Searched the synagogues in Damascus for followers of Jesus
 - b. Remained blind, not eating or drinking anything
 - c. Taught in the synagogues
 - d. Distributed money to the Jewish widows
 - e. Remained totally silent

11. Whom did the Lord contact in a vision in Acts 9?
 - a. Peter
 - b. John
 - c. Barnabas
 - d. Philip
 - e. Ananias

12. In this vision, what did the Lord tell him to do?
 - a. Flee the city, because Saul was ready to kill him
 - b. Tell the believers that Saul was there, and have them flee the city
 - c. Go to Saul and place his hands on him to restore his sight
 - d. Go to Saul and anoint him with oil
 - e. Go to Saul and surrender himself to him

13. Why was Ananias hesitant to do this?
 - a. He had heard reports about Saul
 - b. He had heard of what Saul had done to the saints in Jerusalem
 - c. He knew Saul had authority from the chief priests to arrest all who called on the name of Jesus
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

14. What did the Lord say about Saul to Ananias?
 - a. Saul was a chosen instrument to carry Jesus' name before the Gentiles
 - b. Saul was a chosen instrument to carry Jesus' name before kings of the Gentiles
 - c. Saul was a chosen instrument to carry Jesus' name before the people of Israel
 - d. The Lord would show Saul how much he must suffer for Jesus' name
 - e. All of the above

15. Where did Saul stay in Damascus?
 - a. In the house of Judas on Straight Street
 - b. In the house of Cornelius
 - c. In the house of Lydia
 - d. In the house of Aeneas
 - e. In the house of Tabitha

16. How did Ananias address Saul?
 - a. Servant of the high priest
 - b. Brother Saul
 - c. Most excellent Saul
 - d. Saint Saul
 - e. Father Saul

17. Why did Ananias tell Saul that he had come?
- The Lord Jesus had sent him
 - He was there so that Saul might see again
 - He was there so that Saul might be filled with the Holy Spirit
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
18. What fell from Saul's eyes?
- Tears
 - Mud
 - Something like scales
 - Wood
 - Nothing
19. What did Saul do after Ananias spoke with him?
- He got up and was baptized
 - He took food, but did not regain his strength
 - Spent several days with the disciples in Damascus
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
20. What did Saul preach in the synagogues?
- That Jesus is the Son of God
 - That Jesus was dead
 - That the followers of Jesus were blasphemers
 - That the followers of the Way were to be silenced
 - That Ananias was a deceiver of many
21. What was the reaction of those who heard Saul preach in Damascus?
- Fear
 - Anger
 - Astonishment
 - Mocking
 - Turned their backs on him
22. How did Saul baffle the Jews in Damascus?
- By proving that he had power from the high priest
 - By proving that Jesus is the Christ
 - By proving that the prophets were going to return
 - By speaking in tongues
 - By speaking in parables
23. Where did the Jews keep close watch in order to kill Saul?
- The synagogues
 - The ruler's home
 - The home of Ananias
 - The city gates
 - All of the above

24. How did Saul escape Damascus?
- The followers lowered him in a basket through an opening in the wall by night
 - The followers disguised him as a beggar and led him out of the city
 - The followers hid him until the Jews gave up
 - The followers dug a tunnel underneath the city as a way of escape
 - The followers obtained a letter from the Roman official
25. What initial reaction did the church in Jerusalem have to Saul when he returned from Damascus?
- They welcomed him as a brother
 - They seized him and put him in a dungeon
 - They beat him in return for all the sorrow he had caused
 - They hid from him
 - They were afraid of him, not believing that he really was a disciple
26. Who stood up for Saul in Jerusalem?
- Philip
 - Ananias
 - Barnabas
 - Bartholomew
 - Peter
27. With whom did Saul talk and debate in Jerusalem?
- Grecian Jews
 - Sanhedrin
 - High priest
 - Pharisees
 - Sadducees
28. Where did the brothers take Saul to help him escape from the Jews who tried to kill him in Jerusalem?
- Jericho
 - Caesarea
 - Samaria
 - Bethlehem
 - Joppa
29. After Saul went to Tarsus, what happened to the church?
- It enjoyed a time of peace.
 - It was strengthened
 - Encouraged by the Holy Spirit, it grew in numbers
 - It lived in the fear of the Lord
 - All of the above
30. Whom did Peter see in Lydda when he visited the saints there?
- Lydia
 - Barnabas
 - Aeneas
 - Saul
 - Andrew

31. How long had this person been a bedridden paralytic?
- 5 years
 - 6 years
 - 7 years
 - 8 years
 - 9 years
32. What did Peter tell this person?
- "Jesus Christ heals you. Get up and take care of your mat"
 - "Silver and gold I do not have; but what I have, I give you."
 - "I cannot help but speak the things that I have seen and heard."
 - "Judge this day whether we should serve God or man."
 - "Arise and be baptized, and wash away your sins."
33. Where did Tabitha live?
- Caesarea
 - Lydda
 - Joppa
 - Antioch
 - Samaria
34. What was Tabitha's translated name?
- Sarah
 - Rebekah
 - Rachel
 - Mary
 - Dorcas
35. What did Tabitha do?
- Helped the poor
 - Made clothing and robes
 - Always did good
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
36. What did the disciples do after Tabitha became sick and died?
- Sent two men to Lydda to urge Peter to come back with them
 - Laid their hands on her, hoping to heal her by the power of the Holy Spirit
 - Prayed to the Lord that he would raise her from the dead
 - Washed her body, wrapped, and buried her
 - All of the above
37. Whom did Peter see when he arrived in Joppa and was taken upstairs to a room?
- Saul
 - All the widows
 - All the family of Tabitha
 - Aeneas and friends from Lydda
 - John and Andrew

38. What did Peter do in the upstairs room?
- a. Sent everyone out of the room
 - b. Got down on his knees and prayed
 - c. Said, "Tabitha, get up."
 - d. Helped Tabitha to her feet
 - e. All of the above
39. What happened when this became known all over Joppa?
- a. The people were astonished at the power of Peter
 - b. The people were afraid because the Sanhedrin might hear of it
 - c. Many people believed in the Lord
 - d. Mobs of people tried to see Peter
 - e. Peter was asked to speak in the synagogue
40. Where did Peter stay for some time in Joppa?
- a. With a sorcerer named Simon
 - b. With a zealot named Simon
 - c. With a centurion named Simon
 - d. With a tanner named Simon
 - e. With a rabbi named Simon

ACTS 10

Journey from Joppa to preach to Gentiles Unclean Animals to Eat

WHO: Cornelius Peter angel
Simon the tanner servants and a devout soldier
Holy Spirit Brothers from Joppa
Relatives and close friends of Cornelius

WHAT: God-fearing Cornelius, a centurion Gentile, saw an angel
Cornelius sent for Peter in Joppa
Peter saw a vision from God about eating unclean animals
Peter went to Caesarea to see Cornelius
Peter preached to Cornelius' household
God does not show favoritism
Cornelius and gathering were baptized

WHERE: Caesarea Joppa

WISE WORDS:

"Then Peter began to speak: 'I now realize how true it is that God does not show favoritism, but accepts men from every nation who fear him and do what is right.'" Acts 10:34-35

1. Which of the following does NOT describe Cornelius?
 - a. A centurion in the Italian Regiment
 - b. Devout and God-fearing
 - c. Gave generously to those in need
 - d. Prayed to God regularly
 - e. Lived in Rome
2. When did Cornelius have a vision?
 - a. About one in the afternoon
 - b. About two in the afternoon
 - c. About three in the afternoon
 - d. About four in the afternoon
 - e. At sundown
3. Whom did Cornelius see in his vision?
 - a. Peter
 - b. An angel of God
 - c. Jesus of Nazareth
 - d. Elijah
 - e. Saul of Tarsus

4. "Your prayers and gifts to the poor have come up as a _____ before the Lord."
 - a. Sweet aroma
 - b. Memorial offering
 - c. Sacrifice of atonement
 - d. Spiritual worship
 - e. Hymn of praise

5. What was Cornelius told to do?
 - a. Send men to Joppa to bring back a man named Simon who is called Peter
 - b. Send men to Joppa to bring back a man named Simon the tanner
 - c. Send men to Joppa to bring back a man named Simon the Zealot
 - d. Send men to Joppa to bring back a man named Simon the Sorcerer
 - e. Send men to Joppa to bring back a man named Simon of Cyrene

6. Where was the house where this man was staying?
 - a. By the desert
 - b. By the hills
 - c. By the river
 - d. By the sea
 - e. In the middle of the village

7. What did Cornelius do after he had a vision?
 - a. Pondered it
 - b. Asked wise men to interpret it
 - c. Sent men to Joppa
 - d. Ignored it as only a dream
 - e. Waited to see if the vision would return

8. Who went to Joppa in search of Simon?
 - a. Cornelius
 - b. Two of his servants
 - c. A devout soldier who was one of his attendants
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

9. When did Peter go up on the roof to pray?
 - a. At sundown on the same day
 - b. The morning of the following day
 - c. About noon of the following day
 - d. About three in the afternoon the same day
 - e. About three in the afternoon the following day

10. What happened while Peter's meal was being prepared?
 - a. He fell asleep
 - b. He read the scriptures
 - c. He preached to the people who had gathered
 - d. He fell into a trance
 - e. He fell off the roof

11. What did Peter see while he was waiting for food?
 - a. Heaven opened and a bright light flashed
 - b. Something like a large sheet was let down to earth by its two ends
 - c. All kinds of four-footed animals, reptiles and birds were contained in the sheet
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

12. What did a voice tell Peter to do?
 - a. "Get up, Peter. Kill and eat."
 - b. "Get up, Peter. Take these animals and offer them as a sacrifice to the Lord."
 - c. "Get up, Peter. Kill and bury the animals, but free the birds."
 - d. "Get up, Peter. Kill and eat the animals, but burn the reptiles and birds."
 - e. "Get up, Peter. Your words have gone up as a memorial offering before God."

13. What was Peter's response to this message?
 - a. "Speak Lord, for your servant is listening."
 - b. "Surely not, Lord! I have never eaten anything impure or unclean."
 - c. "Yes, Lord. I will do everything you command."
 - d. "Surely not, Lord! I have never eaten anything that has not been cooked."
 - e. "Surely not, Lord! I am not hungry."

14. What did the voice say when it spoke to Peter the second time?
 - a. "Do not call anything pure that God has made unclean."
 - b. "Do not cook anything that God has told you to rise and eat."
 - c. "Feed my sheep."
 - d. "Blessed are you, Simon, for flesh and blood has not revealed this message to you."
 - e. "Do not call anything impure that God has made clean."

15. How many times did this happen to Peter?
 - a. Once
 - b. Twice
 - c. Three times
 - d. Four times
 - e. Twelve times

16. When did the men sent by Cornelius stop at the gate, asking for Peter?
 - a. About three in the afternoon
 - b. About noon when Peter went up on the roof to pray
 - c. While Peter was having his vision
 - d. While Peter was wondering about the meaning of the vision
 - e. The next day after Peter had his vision

17. Who told Peter to go with the three men who were looking for him?
 - a. Simon the tanner
 - b. Cornelius
 - c. The Spirit
 - d. John
 - e. Aeneas

18. What did Peter ask the men who had come to find him?
- "Why have you come?"
 - "What will you give me if I come with you?"
 - "Who is this Cornelius?"
 - "Is Simon the tanner to come with me?"
 - "Why should I give up the ministry of the word to come with you?"
19. How did the men describe Cornelius to Peter?
- The centurion
 - Righteous and God-fearing
 - Respected by all the Jewish people
 - A man to whom a holy angel appeared and said to have you come and speak to him
 - All of the above
20. What did Peter do after he heard about Cornelius?
- Went with the three men immediately
 - Prayed for a sign that he should go with the three men
 - Invited the men into the house to be his guests
 - Rejoiced that he had been counted worthy to be sought out by a great man like Cornelius
 - Shook with fear at the thought of entering a Gentile's home
21. How many days did it take to travel to Caesarea?
- One
 - Two
 - Three
 - Four
 - Five
22. Who went with Peter and the three men?
- Some women who followed the apostles and took care of their needs
 - John
 - Philip
 - Some of the brothers from Joppa
 - All of the above
23. Who was with Cornelius when Peter arrived?
- His relatives and close friends
 - Roman soldiers, ready to arrest Peter
 - His wife
 - The other eleven apostles
 - Philip and Simon the Sorcerer
24. What did Peter say when Cornelius fell at his feet in reverence?
- Surely not! You do the Lord dishonor!
 - "Stand up, I am only a man myself."
 - "It is right that you, an unclean man, should bow to me."
 - "Blessed are you, Cornelius, that the Lord has sent me to you this day."
 - None of the above. He was silent.

25. What was Peter doing that was against Jewish law?
- Walking too far on a Sabbath day to get to Caesarea
 - Working on the Sabbath day by preaching
 - Beginning the day without praying
 - Associating with a Gentile or visiting him.
 - All of the above
26. What had God shown Peter?
- Why Cornelius had sent for him
 - That he should raise certain objections before speaking with Cornelius
 - That the city of Caesarea was ready to hear the good news of Jesus
 - That Peter should leave Joppa and never return
 - That Peter should not call any man impure or unclean
27. How long had it been since Cornelius had seen his vision?
- One day
 - Two days
 - Three days
 - Four days
 - Five days
28. How did Cornelius describe the angel in his vision to Peter?
- An angel who said his name was Gabriel
 - An angel who said his name was Michael
 - A man in shining clothes
 - An ordinary man
 - A man with eyes that blazed with fire
29. What else did Cornelius say to Peter?
- I sent for you after considering the vision for a few days.
 - It was good of you to come.
 - We are all here in the presence of an angel.
 - We are here to tell you everything the Lord has commanded us to tell you.
 - All of the above
30. What did Peter realize after Cornelius spoke?
- God does not show favoritism
 - God accepts men from only the Jewish nation who fear him
 - God accepts men who do what is right
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
31. What did Peter say that Cornelius already knew?
- God sent to the people of Israel the message telling the good news of peace through Jesus Christ, who is Lord of all
 - What had happened throughout Samaria after the baptism that John preached
 - How God anointed Jesus of Nazareth with water and power
 - How Jesus went around doing good and healing all who were under the power of the devil, because he was a mighty man
 - All of the above

32. "We are _____ of everything he did in the country of the Jews and in Jerusalem."
- Preachers
 - Researchers
 - Witnesses
 - Writers
 - All of the above
33. What did God do after raising Jesus from the dead on the third day?
- Took him to heaven in a cloud
 - Gave him the kingdom of Israel and a throne
 - Gave him riches and wealth to pass on to his followers
 - Caused him to be seen
 - Wrought vengeance on those who hung him from the tree
34. Who saw Jesus after he rose from the dead?
- All the people
 - Witnesses whom God had already chosen
 - People who ate and drank with him after he rose from the dead
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
35. What was Peter to testify about Jesus?
- That Jesus is the one whom God appointed as judge of the living and the dead
 - That Jews who believe in him receive forgiveness of sins through his name
 - That anyone who believes in him must raise his hands and let Jesus come into his heart
 - That Jesus was a Jew, and would only accept Jews into the kingdom
 - That God's promise through Jesus was only to the sons of Abraham
36. What happened while Peter was still speaking?
- An earthquake shook the whole house
 - The sound of a mighty rushing wind filled the whole house
 - The Holy Spirit came on all who heard the message
 - The Holy Spirit came on Peter and the brothers from Joppa
 - The Holy Spirit came down in the form of a dove and landed on Cornelius
37. What was the reaction of the circumcised believers who had come with Peter when this happened?
- They were afraid that the Holy Spirit would punish them for not preaching to the Gentiles earlier
 - They were astonished that the Holy Spirit had been poured out even on the Gentiles
 - They were angered that Gentiles also had been given the Holy Spirit
 - They rejoiced that the Gentiles had been included
 - They were envious of the Gentiles
38. What were the Gentiles doing after the Holy Spirit came upon them?
- Healing
 - Casting out demons
 - Raising the dead
 - Speaking in tongues
 - All of the above

39. What did Peter say?
- a. "Can anyone keep these people from being baptized with water?"
 - b. "They have not received the Holy Spirit as we have."
 - c. "Why do you wait? Rise up and be baptized and wash away your sins."
 - d. "Repent and be baptized, calling on the name of the Lord."
 - e. "Here is water. What hinders you from being baptized?"
40. What did Cornelius ask Peter after he was baptized?
- a. To leave his house
 - b. To give him the power to pass on the gift of the Holy Spirit
 - c. To stay with them for a few days
 - d. To heal his daughter, who was sick
 - e. To preach in the synagogue on the next Sabbath day

ACTS 11

Kingdom includes Kinship with Gentiles Included are the Gentiles

WHO: Peter Apostles Jewish believers Agabus
Barnabas Saul Christians Grecian believers

WHAT: Peter responded to criticism from Jewish believers regarding preaching the word to Gentiles
Great numbers of Greek people turned to God in Antioch
Barnabas was sent to Antioch to encourage them
Barnabas got Saul to help him in Antioch
Disciples called "Christians" first at Antioch
Prophet Agabus predicted a severe famine
Disciples provided help to Judean brethren and sent gift with Saul and Barnabas

WHERE: Jerusalem Phoenicia Cyprus Judea
Antioch Cyrene Tarsus

WISE WORDS:

"So for a whole year Barnabas and Saul met with the church and taught great numbers of people. The disciples were called Christians first at Antioch." Acts 11:26

1. What did the apostles and brothers throughout Judea hear in Acts 11?
 - a. Jesus had returned
 - b. Herod had died
 - c. Philip had been murdered
 - d. Gentiles also had received the word of God
 - e. Peter had been arrested
2. Why did some believers criticize Peter when he went up to Jerusalem?
 - a. Peter had preached to the uncircumcised Gentiles
 - b. Peter went into the temple when he was ceremonially unclean
 - c. Peter went into the house of uncircumcised men and ate with them
 - d. Peter prayed with uncircumcised men
 - e. Peter did not preach to the Jews when he was in Caesarea
3. How did Peter respond to their criticism?
 - a. He rebuked them harshly
 - b. He confessed his wrong
 - c. He explained only his vision to them
 - d. He explained that Cornelius met with him outside – not inside – his house
 - e. He explained everything to them precisely as it had happened

4. How many brothers entered Cornelius' house with Peter?
 - a. Five
 - b. Six
 - c. Seven
 - d. Eight
 - e. Twelve

5. According to Peter, what had the angel told Cornelius?
 - a. "Do not call anything impure that God has made clean."
 - b. "Send for Simon the tanner and Simon, called Peter."
 - c. "Peter would bring a message through which Cornelius and all his household would be saved."
 - d. "Call for Peter on the roof three times."
 - e. B and C above

6. What did Peter remember when the Holy Spirit came on Cornelius and his household?
 - a. "John baptized with water, but you will be baptized with the Holy Spirit."
 - b. "John baptized with the Holy Spirit, but you will be baptized with water."
 - c. "John baptized with water, and you will be baptized with water."
 - d. "Get up, Peter. Kill and eat."
 - e. "Go – this man is my chosen instrument to carry my name before the Gentiles."

7. What did Peter think when the Holy Spirit came on Cornelius and his household?
 - a. "If I opposed God, the Gentiles would not receive the same gift he gave to us."
 - b. "If God gave the Gentiles the same gift as he gave us, who believed in the Lord Jesus Christ, who was I to think that I could oppose God?"
 - c. "If the Gentiles prayed to God, who was I not to give them the same gift we had received?"
 - d. "If the Gentiles did not oppose God, who was I to say they did not deserve the same gift we had received?"
 - e. "If I opposed God, God would give my gift to the Gentiles."

8. How did those who criticized Peter respond to his explanation?
 - a. They were cut to the heart
 - b. They objected further
 - c. They prayed to God for understanding
 - d. They had no further objections and praised God
 - e. B and C above

9. What had God granted the Gentiles?
 - a. Repentance unto death
 - b. Repentance and John's baptism
 - c. Repentance until life
 - d. The law and the prophets
 - e. B and D above

10. Those who had been scattered by the persecution in connection with Stephen traveled as far as _____?
 - a. Phoenicia, Cyprus, and Antioch
 - b. Cyprus, Antioch, and Cyrene
 - c. Cyprus and Cyrene
 - d. Antioch and Cyrene
 - e. Phoenicia and Antioch

11. To whom did the scattered believers tell the message?
 - a. Jews and Greeks
 - b. Greeks only
 - c. Jews only
 - d. Gentiles and Jews
 - e. Gentiles only

12. To whom did some men from Cyprus and Cyrene speak about the good news of the Lord Jesus?
 - a. Jews
 - b. Cornelius and his household
 - c. Saul of Tarsus
 - d. Barnabas
 - e. Greeks

13. Who was with these men?
 - a. Saul of Tarsus
 - b. Peter
 - c. Barnabas
 - d. The Lord
 - e. Cornelius

14. How many believed and turned to the Lord?
 - a. A few
 - b. Twelve
 - c. A great number
 - d. 3,000
 - e. 5,000

15. When news of this reached Jerusalem, who was sent to Antioch?
 - a. Peter
 - b. Barnabas
 - c. John
 - d. James
 - e. Saul of Tarsus

16. What did this man encourage them to do?
 - a. Preach to Gentiles everywhere
 - b. Preach to Jews everywhere
 - c. Remain true to the Lord with all their hearts
 - d. Pray for the Holy Spirit to come upon them
 - e. Be baptized

17. How is Barnabas described?
 - a. Good man
 - b. Full of the Holy Spirit
 - c. Full of faith
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

18. For whom did Barnabas look in Tarsus?
 - a. Saul
 - b. Peter
 - c. John
 - d. James
 - e. Aeneas

19. What did Barnabas do when he found him?
 - a. Brought him to Jerusalem
 - b. Brought him to Antioch
 - c. Brought him to Joppa
 - d. Brought him to Caesarea
 - e. Brought him to Damascus

20. How long did Barnabas and this man meet with the church there?
 - a. Three months
 - b. Six months
 - c. A whole year
 - d. Two years
 - e. Five years

21. What were the disciples called in Antioch for the first time?
 - a. Believers
 - b. Christians
 - c. Members of the Way
 - d. Catholics
 - e. Evangelicals

22. Name the prophet who came from Jerusalem.
 - a. Manaen
 - b. Lucius of Cyrene
 - c. Simeon called Niger
 - d. John Mark
 - e. Agabus

23. What did this prophet predict through the Spirit?
 - a. A severe famine would spread over Israel
 - b. A severe famine would spread over Rome
 - c. A severe famine would spread over Antioch
 - d. A severe famine would spread over the entire Roman world
 - e. A severe famine would spread over Phoenicia

24. When did this prediction come true?
 - a. During the reign of Claudius
 - b. During the reign of Julius Caesar
 - c. During the reign of Tiberius
 - d. During the reign of Octavian
 - e. During the reign of Nero

25. What did the disciples decide to do in response to this famine?
- a. Store up grain to be distributed as any had a need
 - b. Pray that the Lord would provide for the brothers
 - c. Provide help for the brothers living in Judea
 - d. Pray to the Lord that the famine would not come
 - e. All of the above
26. To whom in Jerusalem did they send their gift?
- a. To the Jews
 - b. To the Gentiles
 - c. To the prophets
 - d. To the elders
 - e. To the apostles
27. Who took their gift?
- a. Barnabas and Peter
 - b. Barnabas and Saul
 - c. Barnabas and Aeneas
 - d. Cornelius and Peter
 - e. Simon the tanner

The reason God frowned upon marriages between Jews and Gentiles was because most Gentiles worshipped idols, and they influenced the Jews to sin. God had told the Israelites, “You must not intermarry with them, because they will surely _____” (I Kings 11:2)

King Solomon did not obey God’s command, and he married many foreign women. As he grew old, his wives “_____” (I Kings 11:4)

Not all Gentiles were idol worshippers. Some of them believed in God and accepted the Jewish religion. They were called proselytes, aliens, or converts to Judaism. One of the Ten Commandments said that no one, including “the _____ within your gates” should do any work on the Sabbath day (Exodus 20:19) “Jews and _____ to _____” heard Peter preach on the Day of Pentecost. (Acts 2:11) Among the seven men chosen to care for the Grecian widows was “_____ of Antioch, a _____ to _____.” (Acts 6:5) When Paul and Barnabas were in Antioch of Pisidia, “Many of the Jews and devout _____ to Judaism” followed them. (Acts 13:43)

Jesus came first to his own people, the Jews. John 1:11 says that “He came to that which was his own, but his own _____.” He came to give salvation to everyone who believes, “First for the _____, and then for the _____.” (Romans 1:16)

After his resurrection and ascension, Jesus had to appear to Peter in a vision to show him that he must preach to Gentiles as well as Jews. Peter then was sent to Cornelius, a Gentile, who, unlike most Gentiles, was devout and _____. (Acts 10:2) Peter said to him, “You are well aware that it is against our law for a _____ to associate with a _____ or visit him, but God has shown me that I should not call any man _____ or _____.” (Acts 10:28) Cornelius was the first Gentile to become a Christian.

Paul, a devout Jew, was converted to Christ. God chose him to be an evangelist, whose special mission was to the Gentiles.

Another group of people often mentioned in the Bible were the Samaritans. Samaria was the region between Judea and Galilee. In 721 B.C. Sargon of Assyria captured many of its inhabitants. Some of the Israelites that remained intermarried with the Assyrians. The result was a nation of mixed blood and mixed religion. They accepted only the first five books of the Old Testament, and they

worshipped, not in Jerusalem, but in Mount Gerizim.

The Jews, who despised them, felt that being a Samaritan was the same as being demon possessed. (John 8:48) Jesus' conversation with a woman at a _____ in Samaria (John 4:6,7) was remarkable, for, as John wrote, "Jews do not _____ with Samaritans." (John 4:9) When Jesus told the parable of the Samaritan who helped the wounded man, he asked the expert in the law, "Which of these three do you think was a neighbor to the man who fell into the hands of robbers?" The expert in the law, a Jew, could not bring himself to say, "The Samaritan." He said,

"_____. (Luke 10:37)

Jesus showed by his life and his teachings that we should not despise anyone, and Paul wrote
"_____

_____ " (Galatians 3:28)

(This series of questions is included to help the student better understand the relationship between Jews and Gentiles and the importance it has for the early church in the book of Acts.)

ACTS 12

Liberated Peter Death of James

WHO: King Herod James, brother of John (son of Zebedee)
Peter Jews soldiers
Angel Mary, mother of John Mark
Rhoda Blastus John Mark
Barnabas Saul Believers
James (son of Alphaeus)

WHAT: King Herod persecuted the church and had James killed
Peter was arrested and kept in prison between two guards
Angel released Peter during the night
Peter finally gained admittance to house of believers when
Rhoda answered the door
God struck down King Herod for not giving praise to God
Barnabas, Saul, and John Mark returned to Antioch

WHERE: Jerusalem Judea Caesarea Tyre and Sidon

WISE WORDS:

"So Peter was kept in prison, but the church was earnestly praying to God for him." Acts 12:5

1. Who arrested some in the church?
 - a. Claudius
 - b. Pilate
 - c. King Herod
 - d. Caiaphas
 - e. Annas, the High Priest
2. What did he intend to do to the church?
 - a. Help them by giving them food during the famine
 - b. Persecute them
 - c. Provide them a place to worship
 - d. Scatter them to other areas
 - e. Spy on them
3. Whom did he have put to death?
 - a. James, the brother of John
 - b. James, the brother of Jesus
 - c. James the Less
 - d. James, son of Alphaeus
 - e. James of Antioch

4. How did James die?
 - a. Drowning
 - b. Hanging
 - c. Crucifixion
 - d. With the sword
 - e. Stoning

5. What did this killing do to the Jews?
 - a. Angered them
 - b. Caused them to riot
 - c. Shocked them
 - d. Silenced them
 - e. Pleased them

6. Whom did Herod try to seize next?
 - a. Peter
 - b. Andrew
 - c. John
 - d. Philip
 - e. Thomas

7. When did Herod arrest this next apostle?
 - a. During the Passover
 - b. During the Feast of Unleavened Bread
 - c. On the Day of Atonement
 - d. On the Day of Pentecost
 - e. During the Feast of Tabernacles

8. How many soldiers guarded the prisoner?
 - a. Two squads of four soldiers each
 - b. Three squads of four soldiers each
 - c. Four squads of eight soldiers each
 - d. Four squads of four soldiers each
 - e. Four squads of two soldiers each

9. What did Herod intend to do?
 - a. Bring him out for public trial during the Passover
 - b. Bring him out for public trial before the Passover
 - c. Bring him out for public trial after the Passover
 - d. Bring him out for public trial during Pentecost
 - e. Execute him without a trial

10. What was the church doing while Peter was in prison?
 - a. Earnestly plotting a way of escape
 - b. Bribing the guards to set him free
 - c. Sending him food and water
 - d. Leaving Jerusalem in fear
 - e. Earnestly praying to God for him

11. How did Peter have to sleep in prison?
 - a. Between two soldiers
 - b. Bound with four chains
 - c. With sentries standing guard at the entrance
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C above

12. What happened when an angel of the Lord appeared in Peter's cell?
 - a. A light shone in the cell
 - b. The angel slapped Peter in the face to wake him up
 - c. The angel said, 'Why are you asleep? Could you not wait up one hour?'
 - d. The chains fell off Peter's ankles
 - e. All of the above

13. What did the angel tell Peter to do?
 - a. "Put on your clothes and sandals."
 - b. "Wrap your cloak around you and follow me."
 - c. "Quick, get up!"
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

14. What did Peter think was happening?
 - a. He thought the Lord sent an angel to rescue him
 - b. He thought he was seeing a vision
 - c. He thought one of the apostles came in disguise to rescue him
 - d. He thought that Jesus had come to take him to heaven
 - e. He thought Herod was playing a cruel trick on him, and that it was a trap

15. What happened when Peter and the angel left the prison?
 - a. They passed the first three sets of guards
 - b. The iron gate leading to the city opened for them by itself
 - c. They went through the iron gate leading out of Jerusalem
 - d. They walked the length of three streets when the angel suddenly left him
 - e. All of the above

16. What happened when Peter "came to himself"?
 - a. He knew without a doubt that the Lord sent his angel to rescue him
 - b. He was afraid he was being followed by Herod's guards
 - c. He was confused and unsure of what to do
 - d. He thought the apostles had found a way to rescue him
 - e. He thought that Herod was dead

17. Where did Peter go?
 - a. To the home of Mary and Martha
 - b. To the home of Mary, the mother of Jesus
 - c. To the home of Mary Magdalene
 - d. To the home of Mary, mother of John, also called Mark
 - e. To the home of Mary, mother of Stephen

18. When Peter knocked at the outer entrance, who answered the door?
 - a. A servant girl named Mary
 - b. A servant girl named Sarah
 - c. A servant girl named Rhoda
 - d. A servant girl named Rachel
 - e. A servant girl named Rebekah

19. What did she do when she recognized Peter's voice?
 - a. She was overcome with fear
 - b. She ran back without opening the door
 - c. She exclaimed to the others that Peter's ghost was at the door
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C above

20. What did the people in the house tell the servant girl?
 - a. That she was only dreaming
 - b. That she must have had too much wine to drink
 - c. That she was just overcome with grief
 - d. That she was out of her mind
 - e. That it must be someone posing as Peter

21. What did Peter keep on doing?
 - a. Walking from house to house
 - b. Praying
 - c. Knocking
 - d. Yelling
 - e. Weeping

22. When the people finally opened the door to Peter, what happened?
 - a. They were frightened
 - b. Peter motioned with his hand for them to sit down
 - c. Peter described how the Lord had provided for him while he was in prison
 - d. Peter asked them to tell James and the brothers about what had happened
 - e. All of the above

23. Where did Peter go?
 - a. Nowhere. He stayed at the home of Mary.
 - b. To another place
 - c. To find the other apostles
 - d. To seek refuge outside of Jerusalem in Bethany
 - e. To Galilee

24. What happened to the guards after Peter's escape?
 - a. There was no small commotion among them
 - b. They were cross-examined by Herod
 - c. They were executed
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

25. Where did Herod go after Peter's escape?
- Caesarea
 - Judea
 - Tyre and Sidon
 - Galilee
 - Bethlehem
26. With whom had Herod been quarreling?
- People of Caesarea
 - People of Tyre and Sidon
 - People of Galilee
 - People of Rome
 - People of Antioch
27. Who was a trusted personal servant of the king?
- Sergius Paulus
 - Lucius
 - Blastus
 - Manaen
 - Elymas
28. Why did the people from this region ask Herod for peace?
- They depended on the king's country for materials for clothing
 - They depended on the king's country for iron for weapons
 - They depended on the king's country for water
 - They depended on the king's country for wood for houses
 - They depended on the king's country for their food supply
29. On the appointed day, what did Herod do?
- Wore his royal robes
 - Sat on his throne
 - Delivered a public address
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
30. What did the people shout at Herod?
- "This is the voice of a god, not of a man."
 - "This is the voice of a man, not of a god."
 - "This is the voice of a servant, not of a ruler."
 - "This is the voice of a prophet, not of a man."
 - "This is the voice of Caesar, not Herod."
31. Why did the Lord strike Herod down?
- Herod had persecuted the church
 - Herod said he was a god
 - Herod did not give praise to God
 - Herod had given Jesus up to be crucified
 - Herod had killed James

32. What happened to the word of God?
- a. It continued to increase and spread
 - b. It started to be written down
 - c. It stopped increasing and spreading
 - d. It was preached only outside of Judea
 - e. It was told only in secret
33. Who returned to Antioch with Barnabas and Saul after their mission was complete?
- a. Peter
 - b. John
 - c. John, also called Mark
 - d. Timothy
 - e. Silas

ACTS 13

Missionary Men sent out Excitement on first journey

WHO: Barnabas Simeon (Niger) Lucius of Cyrene Elymas
 Manaen Saul (Paul) Holy Spirit Jews
 John Mark Bar-Jesus Sergius Paulus Gentiles

WHAT: Saul and Barnabas were sent off on a journey from Antioch
 Proconsul, Sergius Paulus, was converted
 Paul preached to Jews in Pisidian Antioch on the Sabbath
 Jews rejected gospel, and Paul turned to teach the Gentiles
 Jews had Paul and Barnabas expelled from the city

WHERE: Antioch Seleucia Cyprus Paphos Iconium
 Perga in Pamphylia Jerusalem Pisidian Antioch

WISE WORDS:

"Then Paul and Barnabas answered them boldly: 'We had to speak the word of God to you first. Since you reject it and do not consider yourselves worthy of eternal life, we now turn to the Gentiles. For this is what the Lord has commanded us: I have made you a light for the Gentiles, that you may bring salvation to the ends of the earth.'" Acts 13:46-47

1. Who of the following was NOT listed as a prophet and teacher in the church in Antioch?
 - a. Barnabas
 - b. Simeon called Niger
 - c. Lucius of Cyrene
 - d. John Mark
 - e. Saul
2. Who had been brought up with Herod the tetrarch?
 - a. Barnabas
 - b. Simeon
 - c. Manaen
 - d. Lucius
 - e. Saul
3. What were the prophets and teachers doing in the church in Antioch in Acts 13?
 - a. Worshiping the Lord
 - b. Fasting
 - c. Speaking in tongues
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

4. Whom did the Holy Spirit indicate to set apart to do a special work?
 - a. Barnabas and Saul
 - b. Simeon and Lucius
 - c. Manaen and Saul
 - d. Barnabas and John Mark
 - e. Paul and Silas

5. What did they do before these men left Antioch?
 - a. Fasted
 - b. Prayed
 - c. Placed their hands on them
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

6. Where did these men (who had been set apart by the Holy Spirit in Antioch) go first?
 - a. Seleucia
 - b. Cyprus
 - c. Salamis
 - d. Paphos
 - e. Perga

7. What did they do in Salamis?
 - a. Went on a mountaintop to pray
 - b. Proclaimed the word of the God in the Jewish synagogues
 - c. Met some women by a river
 - d. Cured a man crippled in his feet
 - e. Settled disputes among the brothers

8. Who was with them as their helper?
 - a. Timothy
 - b. Silas
 - c. John Mark
 - d. Peter
 - e. Lucius

9. Who was Bar-Jesus?
 - a. A Jewish sorcerer
 - b. A false prophet
 - c. An attendant of the proconsul
 - d. Elymas
 - e. All of the above

10. Who was Sergius Paulus?
 - a. King of Cyprus
 - b. Tetrarch of Galilee
 - c. Governor of Palestine
 - d. Proconsul in Paphos
 - e. Caesar in Rome

11. Why did Sergius Paulus send for Barnabas and Saul?
 - a. He was an intelligent man
 - b. He wanted to hear the word of God
 - c. He wanted to arrest them
 - d. He wanted to see them perform miracles
 - e. He was looking for the Messiah

12. Who tried to turn the proconsul from the faith?
 - a. Barnabas
 - b. Agabus
 - c. Elymas
 - d. Sapphire
 - e. Simon the Sorcerer

13. What did Saul say to the sorcerer?
 - a. "You are a child of the devil and an enemy of everything that is right!"
 - b. "You are full of all kinds of magic."
 - c. "Will you ever start seeking the right ways of the Lord?"
 - d. "Now the ears of the Lord are turned away from you."
 - e. "You are going to be deaf."

14. What did God do through Saul to Elymas?
 - a. Made him crippled in the feet
 - b. Made him deaf in the ears
 - c. Made him blind, and unable to see the light of the sun
 - d. Made him a leper, with sores on his arms
 - e. Made him dumb – unable to speak

15. Why did the proconsul believe?
 - a. He was amazed at the teaching about the Lord
 - b. He saw what had happened to Elymas
 - c. He felt the Holy Spirit coming into his heart
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

16. What was Saul also called?
 - a. Simon
 - b. Paul
 - c. Silas
 - d. Acquilla
 - e. Apollos

17. What happened in Perga in Pamphylia?
 - a. The Jewish women met by the river for prayer
 - b. There was a riot
 - c. Barnabas and Saul were shipwrecked
 - d. John Mark left them to return to Jerusalem
 - e. Sergius Paulus prophesied about a famine

18. Where did Paul first preach in Pisidian Antioch?
 - a. By the river
 - b. At the city gate
 - c. In the synagogue
 - d. In the home of Cornelius
 - e. In the temple of a god of the city

19. What was read before the synagogue ruler asked them to give a message of encouragement to the people?
 - a. A reading from the gospel of Matthew
 - b. A reading from the Psalms
 - c. A reading from Jewish history
 - d. A reading from the Law and the Prophets
 - e. A reading from the Proverbs

20. To whom did Paul speak in Pisidian Antioch?
 - a. Men of Israel
 - b. Gentiles who worshiped God
 - c. Sergius Paulus
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

21. According to Paul, what did the God of the people of Israel do?
 - a. Chose their fathers
 - b. Made the people prosper during their stay in Egypt
 - c. Led them out of Egypt with mighty power
 - d. Endured their conduct for about 40 years in the desert
 - e. All of the above

22. How many nations did God overthrow in Canaan to give His people their inheritance?
 - a. Five
 - b. Six
 - c. Seven
 - d. Eight
 - e. Ten

23. How long did all of this take? (Questions #21 and #22)
 - a. 400 years
 - b. 450 years
 - c. 500 years
 - d. 550 years
 - e. 600 years

24. When Paul related the history of Israel, which leaders did he mention?
 - a. Judges
 - b. Samuel the Prophet
 - c. Saul, son of Kish
 - d. David, son of Jesse
 - e. All of the above

25. About whom did God say that he was "a man after my own heart; he will do everything I want him to do."?
- Gideon, Judge of Israel
 - Samuel the Prophet
 - Saul, son of Kish
 - David, son of Jesse
 - Solomon, son of David
26. Who came preaching repentance and baptism to all the people of Israel before the coming of Jesus?
- Andrew
 - John
 - Peter
 - Philip
 - Stephen
27. According to Paul, to whom had the message of salvation been sent?
- Brothers
 - Children of Abraham
 - God-fearing Gentiles
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
28. According to Paul what did the people of Jerusalem and their rulers NOT do?
- Listen to Jesus
 - Study the prophecies
 - Recognize Jesus
 - Pray and fast
 - B and D above
29. By reviewing the history of the Jews, Paul showed that Jesus fulfilled the words of _____ (verse 27)?
- The prophets that were read every Sabbath
 - Moses
 - Samuel
 - David
 - Isaiah
30. What did Paul tell them about Jesus?
- They found proper grounds for a death sentence
 - They asked Pilate to have him released
 - They took him down from the tree, but could not find an empty tomb in which to lay his body
 - God did not allow him to die
 - For many days he was seen by those who traveled with him from Galilee to Jerusalem
31. "They are now his _____ to our people." (verse 31)
- Servants
 - Witnesses
 - Prophets
 - Priests
 - Bishops

32. What is the good news of verse 32?
- What God promised our fathers, he has yet to fulfill for us
 - What God promised our fathers, he fulfilled for them in their lifetime
 - What God promised our fathers he has fulfilled for us, their children, by raising up Jesus
 - What God promised our fathers, he has fulfilled for us by sending Jesus to be born in Bethlehem
 - What God promised our fathers, he has fulfilled for us by transfiguring Jesus on a mountaintop
33. What Old Testament scriptures did Paul quote in Acts 13 when he spoke in the synagogue in Pisidian Antioch about Jesus being raised from the dead?
- Psalm 2:7
 - Isaiah 55:3
 - Psalm 16:10
 - Habakkuk 1:5
 - All of the above
34. What happened when David had served God's purpose in his own generation?
- He fell asleep
 - He was buried with his fathers
 - His body decayed
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
35. Whose body did not see decay?
- David, the man after God's own heart
 - Jesus, the one whom God raised from the dead
 - Moses, the friend of God
 - Enoch, who walked with God
 - Elijah, the prophet of God
36. "Through Jesus, _____ is proclaimed to you."
- The nearness of God
 - The joy of the Lord
 - The forgiveness of sins
 - The friendship of God
 - The beauty of God
37. What happened as Paul and Barnabas were leaving the synagogue in Pisidian Antioch?
- They were mobbed
 - People tried to lay in their shadows as they passed so they could be healed
 - They were arrested
 - They were given gifts by all the people
 - They were invited to speak further about Jesus on the next Sabbath
38. Who gathered to hear Paul and Barnabas the next Sabbath?
- Almost the whole city
 - Gentiles from the neighboring villages
 - People from Caesarea who had traveled there
 - Paul's family from Tarsus
 - All of the above

39. Why did the Jews talk abusively against what Paul was saying?
- They thought Paul was a blasphemer
 - They saw the crowds and were filled with jealousy
 - They were angry that Paul had left his Jewish heritage to become a Christian
 - They were trying to get the attention of the ruler of the city
 - All of the above
40. How did Paul and Barnabas answer the Jews who were speaking against them?
- Quietly and with gentleness
 - In fear of being arrested
 - Boldly
 - They did not answer – they ignored the Jews and their comments
 - By speaking in tongues
41. Since these Jews rejected the word of God, to whom did Paul and Barnabas turn with their message?
- The next town on the road
 - The women by the river
 - The children in the streets
 - The Gentiles
 - The Roman soldiers
42. Who said, "I have made you a light for the Gentiles"?
- Samuel
 - David
 - Jeremiah
 - Habakkuk
 - Isaiah
43. How did the Gentiles respond to the words of Paul and Barnabas?
- They were glad
 - They honored the word of the Lord
 - All of them who were appointed for eternal life believed
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
44. As the word of the Lord spread through the whole region, what did the Jews do?
- Incited the God-fearing women of high standing
 - Incited the servants of the leading men of the city
 - Stirred up persecution against the new believers in Pisidian Antioch
 - Expelled all believers from their region
 - All of the above
45. What did Paul and Barnabas do in protest against the opposition in Pisidian Antioch?
- Cursed the people of the city
 - Cursed the ground around the city
 - Shook the dust from their feet
 - Wept bitterly
 - Tore their clothes and put on sackcloth and ashes

46. Where did Paul and Barnabas go when they left Pisidian Antioch?

- a. Lystra
- b. Iconium
- c. Derbe
- d. Philippi
- e. Joppa

47. "The disciples were filled _____."

- a. With the power to speak in tongues
- b. With the power to heal the sick
- c. With the power to cast out demons
- d. With joy and the Holy Spirit
- e. With the power to prophesy

ACTS 14

Not gods News carried to Nine Nations They stone Paul

WHO: Paul Barnabas Jews
Gentiles Lame man Priest of Zeus
Jews from Antioch and Iconium Disciples

WHAT: Paul and Barnabas spoke in synagogue in Iconium and performed miracles
A plot to stone Paul and Barnabas caused them to flee
Paul cured a lame man in Lystra
Crowd thought Paul was Hermes and Barnabas was Zeus
Paul and Barnabas preached; Paul is stoned
Paul and Barnabas strengthened new disciples, appointed elders
Paul and Barnabas reported back to Antioch

WHERE: Iconium Lystra Derbe
Pisidian Antioch Pisidia Pamphylia
Perga Attalia Antioch

WISE WORDS:

"Paul and Barnabas appointed elders for them in each church and, with prayer and fasting, committed them to the Lord, in whom they had put their trust." Acts 14:23

1. In Iconium, where did Paul and Barnabas go as usual?
 - a. Into the Jewish synagogue
 - b. Into the temple of the god of that region
 - c. To the town gates
 - d. To the center of the town
 - e. To the home of the ruler of the town
2. What did the Jews who refused to believe the good news in Iconium do?
 - a. Ignored Paul and Barnabas
 - b. Incited a riot
 - c. Stirred up the Gentiles and poisoned their minds against the brothers
 - d. Talked abusively against what Paul was saying
 - e. Had Paul and Barnabas arrested

3. How did the Lord confirm the message of Paul and Barnabas?
 - a. He spoke in a loud voice from heaven
 - b. He enabled them to do miraculous signs and wonders
 - c. He encircled Paul and Barnabas in a bright light
 - d. He caused those who believed to speak in tongues
 - e. He sent flames of fire to rest on their heads

4. In Iconium, a plot was put together to do what?
 - a. Arrest Paul and Barnabas and put them in jail
 - b. Exile Paul and Barnabas from Iconium
 - c. Send Paul and Barnabas in chains to Rome
 - d. Mistreat and stone Paul and Barnabas
 - e. A and C above

5. Where did Paul and Barnabas flee?
 - a. Tyre and Sidon
 - b. Perga in Pamphylia
 - c. Lystra and Derbe
 - d. Seleucia and Cyprus
 - e. Attalia and Antioch

6. Whom did Paul look directly at when he was speaking in Lystra?
 - a. A man crippled in his feet
 - b. A man lame from birth
 - c. A man who had never walked
 - d. A man who had faith to be healed
 - e. All of the above

7. What did Paul say to this man?
 - a. "Stand up on your feet!"
 - b. "Arise, take up your bed and walk!"
 - c. "Go dip seven times in the Jordan River."
 - d. "Go to Jerusalem to the temple and dip in the Pool of Siloam after the angels disturb the water."
 - e. "Gold or silver I do not have; but what I have I give to you – in the name of Jesus of Nazareth – walk!"

8. What language did the people of Lystra speak?
 - a. Italian
 - b. Aramaic
 - c. Hebrew
 - d. Lycaonian
 - e. Latin

9. What did the people of Lystra say when Paul healed a man?
 - a. "Depart from us, for we are sinners."
 - b. "The gods have come down to us in human form!"
 - c. "Give us this ability so that we may give the gift of the Holy Spirit to others among us!"
 - d. "How can we understand this unless someone explains it to us?"
 - e. "What wonder is this? Even this poor man can be healed."

10. What did the people of Lystra call Paul?
 - a. Zeus
 - b. Hermes
 - c. Ares
 - d. Apollo
 - e. Poseidon

11. What did the people of Lystra call Barnabas?
 - a. Zeus
 - b. Hermes
 - c. Ares
 - d. Apollo
 - e. Poseidon

12. Why did the people of Lystra call Paul by this name?
 - a. He had a power they could not explain
 - b. He had the skills of Asclepius, the god of healing
 - c. He was the chief speaker
 - d. He was the leader of the men traveling with them
 - e. Paul asked them to call him by that name

13. What did the crowd want to do to Paul and Barnabas in Lystra?
 - a. Stone them
 - b. Arrest them and put them in prison
 - c. Give them bulls to cook and eat
 - d. Offer sacrifices to them
 - e. Expel them from the city

14. Who brought bulls and wreaths to the city gates of Lystra?
 - a. Priest of Diana
 - b. Priest of Dionysus
 - c. Priest of Artemis
 - d. Priest of Poseidon
 - e. Priest of Zeus

15. What did Paul and Barnabas do in response to the people of Lystra?
 - a. Tore their clothes
 - b. Rushed into the crowd
 - c. Shouted, "We too are only men, human like you."
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

16. What did Paul and Barnabas tell the people of Lystra about the living God?
 - a. He made heaven and earth and sea and everything in them
 - b. He let all nations go their own way in the past
 - c. He did not leave himself without testimony
 - d. He showed kindness by giving rain, crops, plenty of food, and joy
 - e. All of the above

17. What did Paul and Barnabas have difficulty doing?
 - a. Convincing the people to be baptized
 - b. Keeping the crowd from sacrificing to them
 - c. Finding a quiet place to speak to the people
 - d. Healing the sick in that town
 - e. Laying their hands on people so that the Holy Spirit would come

18. Who won the crowd over?
 - a. The priest of Zeus
 - b. Paul and Barnabas
 - c. Jews from Antioch and Iconium
 - d. Leaders of the Jewish synagogue
 - e. God-fearing women of high standing and leading men of the town

19. What did the crowd of people in Lystra do to Paul?
 - a. Stoned him and dragged him outside the city, thinking he was dead
 - b. Dragged him outside the city, hoping he would leave
 - c. Had him flogged and dragged him outside the city, thinking he was dead
 - d. Arrested him and sent him to Rome in chains
 - e. Dragged him outside the city and shook the dust off their feet in protest against him

20. What happened to Paul after the disciples had gathered around him outside Lystra?
 - a. He was barely alive; the disciples had to carry him back into the city
 - b. He got up and left the city
 - c. He got up and went back into the city
 - d. He became ill with a fever, and the disciples prayed over him
 - e. The disciples laid their hands on him, and he awoke

21. Where did Paul and Barnabas go when they left Lystra?
 - a. Iconium
 - b. Perga in Pamphylia
 - c. Pisidian Antioch
 - d. Derbe
 - e. Phoenicia

22. What did Paul and Barnabas do in this location?
 - a. Preached the good news in that city
 - b. Won a large number of disciples
 - c. Prayed for the Holy Spirit to come among them
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

23. What did Paul and Barnabas do when they returned to Lystra, Iconium and Antioch?
 - a. Tested the disciples
 - b. Forced and threatened them to remain true to the faith
 - c. Appointed elders for them in each church
 - d. With prayer and fasting, committed them to the Lord, to whom they had given all their money and possessions.
 - e. All of the above

24. "We must go through many _____ to enter the kingdom of God."
- a. Victories
 - b. Hardships
 - c. Baptisms
 - d. Countries
 - e. Years
25. Which of the following was NOT one of the locations Paul and Barnabas traveled when they returned to Antioch to complete their mission at the end of Acts 14?
- a. Tarsus
 - b. Pisidia
 - c. Pamphylia
 - d. Perga
 - e. Attalia
26. What did Paul and Barnabas do when they arrived back in Antioch at the end of their first missionary journey?
- a. Gathered the church together and told them to scatter because the persecution was upon them
 - b. Reported all that they had done
 - c. Reported how God had opened the door of faith to the Jews
 - d. Stayed there a long time with the disciples
 - e. All of the above

ACTS 15

Old law is Over Held a meeting on Circumcision

WHO: Men from Judea Paul Barnabas Peter James
Apostles Elders Church Pharisees Silas
John Mark Gentiles Judas (Barsabbas)

WHAT: Men from Judea were teaching Gentile believers that they had to follow the law of circumcision to be saved
Paul and Barnabas went to Jerusalem to meet with apostles and elders of Jerusalem to discuss the matter
Church in Jerusalem sent a letter to Gentiles with Judas and Silas to clarify the disagreement
Paul and Barnabas disagreed over John Mark
Paul and Silas began a second missionary journey

WHERE: Judea Antioch Phoenicia Samaria Cyprus
Jerusalem Syria Cilicia Pamphylia

WISE WORDS:

"No! We believe it is through the grace of our Lord Jesus that we are saved, just as they are." Acts 15:11

1. Men from Judea taught the brothers in Antioch, "Unless you are _____, you cannot be saved."
 - a. Baptized with water
 - b. Baptized with fire
 - c. Baptized with the Holy Spirit
 - d. Circumcised according to the custom taught by Moses
 - e. Circumcised according to the custom taught by Abraham
2. Who disputed and debated with the teachers from Judea who had come to Antioch?
 - a. Paul and Peter
 - b. Paul and Silas
 - c. Paul and Barnabas
 - d. Peter and John
 - e. Philip and Stephen
3. Who was appointed to go to Jerusalem?
 - a. Paul
 - b. Barnabas
 - c. Some other believers
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

4. What were they supposed to do in Jerusalem?
 - a. Dispute and debate with the apostles there
 - b. Dispute and debate with the elders there
 - c. See the apostles and elders about this question that had arisen in Antioch
 - d. Perform signs and wonders to confirm their message
 - e. Ask the apostles to pray that the Holy Spirit would come upon the believers in Antioch

5. What news made all the brothers in Phoenicia and Samaria very glad?
 - a. How Paul had not been stoned to death in Lystra
 - b. How the Gentiles had been converted
 - c. How the people in Lystra had thought Paul and Barnabas were gods
 - d. How a crippled man had been healed
 - e. All of the above

6. Who welcomed Paul and Barnabas in Jerusalem?
 - a. The church
 - b. The apostles
 - c. The elders
 - d. The Sanhedrin
 - e. A, B, and C above

7. What did Paul and Barnabas report to these people in Jerusalem?
 - a. Everything that God had done through them
 - b. Everything that they had done
 - c. Everything that God had done for the churches in Samaria
 - d. Everything that they had done for the churches in Samaria
 - e. Everything that they had done for the churches in Jerusalem

8. Who stood up and said that the Gentiles had to be circumcised and required to obey the Law of Moses?
 - a. Some believers who belonged to the party of the Sadducees
 - b. Some believers who belonged to the party of the Pharisees
 - c. Some believers who belonged to the household of Herod
 - d. Peter
 - e. Gamaliel

9. Who met to consider the question about the Gentiles needing to follow the Law of Moses?
 - a. Apostles
 - b. Elders
 - c. All believers of the church in Jerusalem
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

10. After much discussion, who got up and addressed the gathering?
 - a. Paul
 - b. Barnabas
 - c. Peter
 - d. James, the brother of Jesus
 - e. Philip

11. How did God show that He accepted Gentiles?
 - a. By causing tongues of fire to appear on their heads
 - b. By saying in a loud voice from heaven, "These are mine. I have adopted them."
 - c. By causing an earthquake and freeing prisoners
 - d. By giving them the Holy Spirit, just as he gave it to the apostles
 - e. By healing them of their diseases

12. "He made no distinction between us and them, for he _____."
 - a. Purified their hearts by faith
 - b. Purified their hearts by fire
 - c. Purified their hearts by trials and temptations
 - d. Purified their hearts by repentance
 - e. Purified their hearts by confession

13. What question did Peter ask the gathering in Jerusalem?
 - a. "Why do you try to test God by putting on the necks of the disciples a yoke that we have never had to bear?"
 - b. "Why do you try to test God by putting on the necks of the disciples a yoke that neither we nor our fathers have been able to bear?"
 - c. "Why do you try to test God by putting on the necks of the disciples a yoke that we are still trying to bear?"
 - d. "Why do you try to test God by stirring up dissension among the brothers?"
 - e. "Why do you try to test God by disagreeing among yourselves?"

14. "No! We believe it is through the _____ that we are saved, just as they are."
 - a. Laying on of hands
 - b. Receiving of the Holy Spirit
 - c. Miraculous signs and wonders
 - d. Grace of our Lord Jesus
 - e. Feeling of peace that comes over us

15. How did the whole assembly respond when Barnabas and Paul told about the miraculous signs and wonders God had done among the Gentiles through them?
 - a. Covered their ears in rejection of the words
 - b. Shook off the dust of their feet in protest
 - c. Dressed in sackcloth and ashes to mourn the dilution of the Jewish people
 - d. Shook with fear that the Lord had rejected them and turned to the Gentiles
 - e. Became silent as they listened

16. Who spoke up when Paul and Barnabas finished speaking in Jerusalem?
 - a. Peter
 - b. Philip
 - c. James
 - d. John
 - e. Andrew

17. Which prophet was quoted concerning how God took from the Gentiles a people for himself?
 - a. David
 - b. Amos
 - c. Isaiah
 - d. Joel
 - e. Samuel

18. "We should not make it _____ for the Gentiles who are turning to God."
- Easy
 - Possible
 - Impossible
 - Difficult
 - Worthless
19. What were the Gentiles to do?
- Abstain from food polluted by idols
 - Abstain from sexual immorality
 - Abstain from the meat of strangled animals
 - Abstain from blood
 - All of the above
20. Why were these laws of Moses known to all?
- They had been preached in every city from the earliest times
 - They were read in the synagogues on every first day of the week
 - They were laws that Jesus had followed while he was on earth
 - They had been written down and circulated among all peoples on the earth
 - They were written on the hearts by God so that all men would know them
21. Who was sent back to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas by the church in Jerusalem?
- Peter and John
 - Philip and James
 - Judas and Silas
 - Aquila and Priscilla
 - Timothy and Elymas
22. What was Judas called?
- Iscariot
 - Barsabbas
 - Bar-Jesus
 - Barabbas
 - Bartholomew
23. How were these two men described in Acts 15?
- Apostles
 - Elders
 - Prophets
 - Leaders among the brothers
 - C and D above
24. To whom was the letter that these men carried addressed?
- To the Jewish believers in Cyprus and Cyrene
 - To the Gentile believers in Cyprus and Cyrene
 - To the Jewish believers in Antioch, Syria and Cilicia
 - To the Gentile believers in Antioch, Syria and Cilicia
 - To the believers in Antioch, Lystra, and Derbe

25. What did this letter say about the Judean teachers who had come to Antioch?
- They went without authorization from the apostles and elders in Jerusalem
 - They disturbed the brothers in Iconium
 - They troubled the minds of the believers in Lystra and Derbe by what they said
 - They had risked their lives for the name of the Lord Jesus Christ
 - All of the above
26. What were Judas and Silas to do?
- Perform signs and wonders to confirm the words in the letter
 - Confirm by word of mouth what was written in the letter
 - Interpret the language of the letter
 - Arrest the Judean teachers who had disturbed them
 - Cast out the Judean teachers from the church
27. How did the people of Antioch respond to the letter from Jerusalem?
- They were furious
 - They searched the scriptures to see if those things were true
 - They were glad for its encouraging message
 - They believed that it had been written by the hand of God himself
 - They were confused and unsure of their salvation
28. How did Judas and Silas return to Jerusalem?
- With the blessing of food
 - With the blessing of money to help buy food during the famine
 - With the blessing of expensive spices
 - With the blessing of healing
 - With the blessing of peace
29. Who remained in Antioch, teaching and preaching?
- Judas and Silas
 - Paul and Barnabas
 - Aquila and Priscilla
 - Silas and Timothy
 - Apollos
30. Some time later, what did Paul want to do?
- Return to Jerusalem
 - Return to his home in Tarsus
 - Return to Damascus and encourage the brothers there
 - Return and visit the brothers in all the towns where they preached
 - Return to appoint elders in every church that they had helped establish
31. Whom did Barnabas want to take with them?
- Silas
 - Judas
 - John Mark
 - Timothy
 - Philip

32. Why did Paul not want to take this man?
- He had deserted them in Pamphylia and had not continued with them in the work
 - He had deserted them in Antioch and had not continued with them in the work
 - He had deserted them in Lystra and had not continued with them in the work
 - He had deserted them in Derbe and had not continued with them in the work
 - He had deserted them in Iconium and had not continued with them in the work
33. What happened between Paul and Barnabas?
- They shook the dust off of their feet in protest against each other
 - They had a sharp disagreement about taking John Mark and parted company
 - They cursed each other and parted company
 - They cast each other out of the company of the brothers in Antioch and parted ways
 - They had a sharp disagreement, but joined hands in peace
34. Where did Barnabas and Mark go?
- Syria
 - Cilicia
 - Jerusalem
 - Tarsus
 - Cyprus
35. Whom did Paul choose to go with him at the end of Acts 15?
- Timothy
 - Silas
 - Judas
 - Peter
 - Philip

ACTS 16

Paul Preaches in Philippi Earthquake in Philippi

WHO: Timothy Paul Silas
Spirit of Jesus Man of Macedonia
Lydia Slave girl Owners of slave girl
Jailer Magistrates Officers

WHAT: Paul included Timothy on his missionary journey
Paul had a vision of a man from Macedonia
Lydia was converted
Paul healed a slave girl with a prophetic spirit
Paul and Silas were beaten and thrown in prison
A violent earthquake shook open the prison
Jailer and his family were baptized
Paul declared his Roman citizenship and was set free

WHERE: Derbe Lystra Iconium
Phrygia Galatia Asia
Mysia Bithynia Troas
Macedonia Samothrace Neapolis
Philippi Thyatira

WISE WORDS:

"About midnight Paul and Silas were praying and singing hymns to God, and the other prisoners were listening to them." Acts 16:25

1. Where did the disciple Timothy live?
 - a. Derbe
 - b. Lystra
 - c. Iconium
 - d. Jerusalem
 - e. Antioch

2. Timothy's mother was _____.
 - a. A Jewess
 - b. A believer
 - c. A Greek
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

3. Timothy's father was _____.
 - a. A Jew
 - b. A believer
 - c. A Greek
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

4. Who spoke well of Timothy?
 - a. Brothers at Lystra and Iconium
 - b. Brothers at Derbe and Lystra
 - c. Brothers at Derbe and Cilicia
 - d. Brothers at Syria and Cilicia
 - e. Brothers at Syria and Derbe

5. When Paul wanted to take Timothy along on the journey, what happened?
 - a. Silas and Paul had a sharp disagreement and parted company
 - b. Timothy's father became a believer
 - c. Timothy's father was circumcised because of the Jews who lived in that area
 - d. Paul circumcised Timothy because of the Jews who lived in that area
 - e. C and D above

6. What did Paul and his traveling companions do when they traveled from town to town?
 - a. Healed the sick
 - b. Delivered the decisions reached by the apostles and elders in Jerusalem
 - c. Raised the dead
 - d. Baptized 5,000 men
 - e. Told the people to scatter to other places to avoid the coming persecution

7. Where did the Holy Spirit keep Paul and his companions from preaching?
 - a. Phrygia
 - b. Galatia
 - c. Asia
 - d. Mysia
 - e. Cilicia

8. What happened in Bithynia?
 - a. The Spirit of Jesus would not allow them to enter there
 - b. Paul and his companions strengthened the churches in the faith
 - c. The number of believers grew daily
 - d. A man crippled from birth was healed
 - e. Paul preached by the river at the place of prayer

9. Where did Paul go immediately after passing by Mysia?
 - a. Thyatira
 - b. Galatia
 - c. Macedonia
 - d. Troas
 - e. Philippi

10. What happened to Paul in this location?
 - a. He had a vision of an angel releasing him from prison
 - b. He had a vision of a large sheet filled with animals, reptiles, and birds
 - c. He had a vision of the brothers of Jerusalem suffering in a famine
 - d. He had a vision of the Lord telling him, "Do not be afraid; keep on speaking."
 - e. He had a vision of a man of Macedonia standing and begging him, "Come over to Macedonia and help us."

11. What conclusion did Paul reach after seeing the vision?
 - a. God had called them to preach to the Gentiles
 - b. God had called them to preach the gospel to the people in Macedonia
 - c. God had called them to suffer in prison for His name
 - d. God had called them to speak to the rulers in each city
 - e. God had called them to gather money to send to the brothers in Jerusalem

12. What was the leading city of the district of Macedonia?
 - a. Troas
 - b. Samothrace
 - c. Neapolis
 - d. Philippi
 - e. Thyatira

13. After staying in this Roman colony several days, where did Paul and his companions go to find a place of prayer on the Sabbath?
 - a. Outside the city gate to the river
 - b. The Jewish synagogue, as usual
 - c. Outside the city gates at a well
 - d. Outside the city gates in a garden
 - e. Outside the city gates on a mountain

14. Who was at this place of prayer?
 - a. Men
 - b. Women
 - c. Men and Women
 - d. Children
 - e. C and D above

15. Which of the following statements describes Lydia?
 - a. A dealer in scarlet cloth
 - b. From the city of Thessalonica
 - c. A worshipper of God
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C above

16. According to scripture, what did the Lord do for Lydia?
 - a. Healed her of leprosy
 - b. Cast out seven demons from her
 - c. Answered her prayer to send Paul to tell her the good news of Jesus
 - d. Made her a successful business woman
 - e. Opened her heart to respond to Paul's message

17. After she was baptized, what did she persuade Paul and his companions to do?
- Take her with them on their journey
 - Lay their hands on her so she could receive the Holy Spirit
 - Give her the gift of prophecy so she could help the other believers
 - Come and stay at her house
 - Leave Philippi because they were in danger
18. Who met Paul and Silas when they were going to the place of prayer after Lydia was baptized?
- A slave girl who had a spirit by which she predicted the future
 - A Gentile slave who worked in the temple
 - A believer who had the gift of prophecy through the Holy Spirit
 - Lydia's slave girl who had a spirit by which she predicted the future
 - A slave girl of the ruler in Philippi who had a spirit by which she predicted the future
19. How did she earn a great deal of money for her owners?
- Prostitution
 - Selling purple cloth for her owners
 - Fortune-telling
 - Selling grain in the marketplace
 - Dancing in the temple
20. What did this girl shout as she followed Paul and his companions?
- "If you consider me a believer in the Lord, come and stay at my house."
 - "These men are servants of the Most High God who are telling you the way to be saved."
 - "Come over to Macedonia and help us!"
 - "This is the voice of a god, not of a man!"
 - "Give me also this ability so that everyone on whom I lay my hands may receive the Holy Spirit."
21. How long did she follow Paul and his companions and shout these words?
- One day
 - Two days
 - Three days
 - Many days
 - A week
22. What did Paul do when he became troubled about this girl?
- Told her to go back to her owners
 - Told her to visit the temple and make a sacrifice
 - Told her to be baptized
 - Told the spirit in her to go into the herd of pigs standing nearby
 - Told the spirit to come out of her
23. Why did the owners seize Paul and Silas and take them to the authorities?
- They realized the slave girl had run away
 - They realized their hope of making money was gone
 - They realized the slave had become a Christian
 - All of the above
 - B and C above

24. Where did Paul and Silas face the magistrates who were the authorities in Philippi?
- In the marketplace
 - Outside the city gates by the river
 - In the pagan temple
 - In the home of Lydia
 - In the Jewish synagogue
25. What did the slave owners say to the magistrates?
- "These men are Jews."
 - "These men are throwing our city into an uproar."
 - "These men are advocating customs unlawful for us Romans to accept or practice."
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
26. What did the magistrates order?
- Paul and Silas to be thrown out of the city
 - Paul and Silas to be executed
 - Paul and Silas to be stripped and beaten
 - Paul and Silas to be beaten and released
 - Paul and Silas to pay a fine to the slave owners
27. What did the jailer in Philippi do to guard Paul and Silas carefully?
- Put them in the inner cell
 - Fastened their feet in the stocks
 - Fastened their hands in chains
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
28. What were Paul and Silas doing about midnight?
- Weeping
 - Praying and singing hymns to God
 - Preaching to the other prisoners
 - Plotting a way to escape
 - Sleeping
29. What happened suddenly at midnight when Paul and Silas were in prison?
- There was a violent earthquake
 - The foundations of the prison were shaken
 - All the prison doors flew open
 - Everybody's chains came loose
 - All of the above
30. When the jailer woke up, what did he do?
- Closed the prison doors
 - Drew his sword to kill any prisoners who escaped
 - Shouted in a loud voice to wake up the other guards
 - Started to kill himself because he thought the prisoners had escaped
 - Lit a torch to try to see if any prisoners had escaped

31. What did Paul shout to the jailer?
- "Don't harm yourself! We are all here!"
 - "The other prisoners have escaped – only I remain."
 - "The other prisoners have escaped – only Silas and I remain."
 - "Set us free and we will give you the good news leading to eternal life."
 - "Did the earthquake harm you?"
32. What did the jailer do when he realized no prisoners had escaped?
- Called for lights
 - Rushed into the prison
 - Fell trembling before Paul and Silas
 - Brought them out of the prison
 - All of the above
33. What did the jailer ask Paul and Silas?
- "Does your God show favoritism to the Jews?"
 - "If you consider me a believer in the Lord, will you come and stay at my house?"
 - "Sirs, what must I do to be saved?"
 - Will you give me a message through which me and my household can be saved?"
 - "Here is water! What hinders me from being baptized?"
34. How did Paul and Silas respond to the jailer's question?
- "Believe in the Lord Jesus, and you will be saved."
 - They spoke the word of the Lord to him
 - They spoke the word of the Lord to all the others in his house
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
35. What did the jailer do at that hour of the night?
- Took Paul and Silas to the magistrates to have them released
 - Had his slave wash their wounds
 - He and all his family were baptized
 - Set the other prisoners free
 - All of the above
36. Where did the jailer take Paul and Silas that evening?
- To the magistrates
 - Into his house
 - To the home of Lydia
 - To the place of prayer by the river
 - To the next town where they would be safe
37. "He (the jailer) was filled with _____ because he had come to believe in God."
- Joy
 - The Holy Spirit
 - Relief
 - Power
 - Compassion

38. What did the magistrates order when it was daylight?
- "Strip and beat those men!"
 - "Put those men to death with the sword!"
 - "Put those men to death by hanging!"
 - "Release those men!"
 - "Give food and water to those men."
39. What did the jailer tell Paul the next morning?
- "The magistrates have ordered that only Silas be released."
 - "Now you can plead your case before the magistrates."
 - "Go in peace."
 - "The magistrates are coming to escort you out."
 - "Now you will receive a trial before the people."
40. Why were the magistrates alarmed?
- The prisoners had escaped
 - The jailer had become a believer
 - The foundations of the prison had crumbled
 - Paul and Silas were insisting on a trial
 - Paul and Silas were Roman citizens
41. What did the magistrates do for Paul and Silas?
- Washed their wounds and set a meal before them
 - Came to appease them
 - Escorted them to the home of Lydia
 - Requested that they stay in Philippi for a few more days
 - A and B above
42. What did Paul and Silas do before they left Philippi?
- Met with the brothers and encouraged them
 - Baptized many who believed
 - Performed many signs and wonders
 - Went to the synagogue the next Sabbath day
 - Gave the slave girl freedom from her owners
43. In which geographical location in Acts 16 does the writer first refer to "we", meaning that Luke had probably joined Paul and was traveling with him?
- Philippi
 - Phrygia
 - Lystra
 - Galatia
 - Troas

ACTS 17

Questions on Mars Hill Challenge on Mars Hill

WHO: Paul Silas Jews God-fearing Greeks
Jason city officials Bereans Thessalonians
Timothy Prominent women Epicurean and Stoic philosophers
Athenians Council of Athens Dionysius
Damaris "bad characters from marketplace"

WHAT: A mob in Thessalonica started a riot after Paul preached
Paul and Silas preached to the noble Bereans
Paul went to Athens alone
Paul spoke to a meeting of the Areopagus in Athens about the
Unknown God

WHERE: Amphipolis Apollonia Thessalonica
Berea Athens

WISE WORDS:

"God did this so that men would seek him and perhaps reach out for him and find him, though he is not far from each one of us. 'For in him we live and move and have our being.'" Acts 17:27-28a

1. Where did Paul and Silas pass through before reaching Thessalonica?
 - a. Amphipolis
 - b. Apollonia
 - c. Thyatira
 - d. Corinth
 - e. A and B above
2. Paul's custom was to preach _____.
 - a. At the city gates
 - b. In the marketplace
 - c. In the Jewish synagogue
 - d. At the place of prayer by the river outside the city gates
 - e. In front of the Greek temple
3. For how many Sabbath days did Paul reason with the people in Thessalonica, explaining that Jesus is the Christ?
 - a. Two
 - b. Three
 - c. Four
 - d. Five
 - e. Six

4. Who was persuaded that Jesus is the Christ and joined Paul and Silas?
 - a. A large number of the Jews
 - b. A large number of God-fearing Greeks
 - c. A few prominent women
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

5. Who was jealous of Paul and Silas in Thessalonica?
 - a. Jews
 - b. Greeks
 - c. Prominent women
 - d. Magistrates
 - e. Roman soldiers

6. What did these jealous people do in Thessalonica?
 - a. Rounded up some bad characters from the marketplace
 - b. Formed a mob
 - c. Started a riot in the city
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

7. In whose house did they search for Paul and Silas in Thessalonica?
 - a. Lydia's house
 - b. The jailer's house
 - c. Jason's house
 - d. Aquila's house
 - e. Cornelius' house

8. In Thessalonica when they did not find Paul and Silas, whom did they drag before the officials?
 - a. Jason
 - b. Some other brothers
 - c. Gaius
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

9. What did the Jews shout to the city officials in Thessalonica about Paul and Silas?
 - a. "These men who have caused trouble in Jerusalem have now come here!"
 - b. "Jason has taken them from his house and hidden them!"
 - c. "They are all defying Caesar's decrees!"
 - d. "They say there is another king, one called David."
 - e. All of the above

10. "The crowd and the city officials were thrown into _____."
 - a. Turmoil
 - b. Agony
 - c. Bondage
 - d. A great state of fear
 - e. Chaos

11. What happened to Jason?
 - a. He was thrown into jail
 - b. He had to post bond, and then was free to go
 - c. He was stripped and beaten
 - d. He was stoned
 - e. He was cast out of the synagogue

12. When it was night, where did Paul and Silas go after they left Thessalonica?
 - a. Corinth
 - b. Athens
 - c. Achaia
 - d. Berea
 - e. Syria

13. Why were the Bereans of more noble character than the Thessalonians?
 - a. They received the message with great skepticism
 - b. They received the miraculous powers of the Holy Spirit
 - c. They examined the scriptures every day to see if what Paul said was true
 - d. They sent out several from among them to preach the word elsewhere
 - e. They built a place for the believers to worship

14. In Berea, who believed Paul's words?
 - a. Many of the Jews
 - b. A number of prominent Greek women
 - c. Many Greek men
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C above

15. Who stirred up the crowds in Berea?
 - a. Jewish leaders of Berea
 - b. Roman officials in Berea
 - c. Magistrates from Thessalonica
 - d. The Priest of Zeus from Lystra
 - e. Jews from Thessalonica

16. After the Berean crowds were agitated, where did the brothers immediately send Paul?
 - a. To the coast and Athens
 - b. To Corinth
 - c. To Achaia
 - d. To Ephesus
 - e. To Troas

17. Who stayed in Berea and planned to meet up with Paul later?
 - a. Silas and Barnabas
 - b. Apollos and Aquila
 - c. Timothy and Barnabas
 - d. Barnabas and Luke
 - e. Timothy and Silas

18. Why was Paul greatly distressed in Athens?
- His companions were late in arriving
 - The city was full of idols
 - Jews from Thessalonica had followed him
 - Jews from Berea had followed him
 - He became ill
19. With whom did Paul try to reason in Athens?
- With Jews and God-fearing Greeks in the synagogue
 - With those who came to the marketplace day by day
 - With a group of Epicurean and Stoic Philosophers
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
20. What did some of these people in Athens say about Paul?
- "What is this babbling trying to say?"
 - "He seems to be advocating our gods in different forms."
 - "You are bringing strange ideas to our ears, and we want to know what they mean."
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
21. In Athens, Paul was taken to a meeting of the _____.
- Royal Stoa
 - Synagogue rulers
 - Areopagus
 - Magistrates
 - Teachers of the Stoic School
22. All the Athenians and foreigners spent their time doing what?
- Nothing but talking about and listening to the latest ideas
 - Nothing but eating and drinking
 - Nothing but reading the latest scrolls
 - Plotting how to overthrow the Romans
 - Drawing up rules for a new government
23. Which of the following statements did Paul make to the philosophers in Athens?
- "I see that in every way you are not very religious."
 - "What you worship as something known, I am going to proclaim to you."
 - "The God who made the world lives in temples built by hands."
 - "God is served by human hands, whenever he needs something."
 - "God gives all men life and breath and everything else."
24. Paul told them he had found an altar with the inscription, _____.
- To the known god
 - To an unknown god
 - To the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob
 - To the goddess Athena
 - To Mars, the god of War

25. "From _____ he made every nation of men."
- The dust of the earth
 - Noah
 - Adam
 - One man
 - Abraham
26. According to Paul in Acts 17, what did God determine?
- The times set for men
 - The exact places where men should live
 - The decisions men would make
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
27. Why did God determine these things?
- So men would not seek Him
 - So men would perhaps reach out for Him
 - So men would never find Him
 - So He could stay far away from each of us
 - All of the above
28. Which of the following statements of Paul was a quote from Greek poets?
- "For in him we live and move and have our being."
 - "We are his offspring."
 - "He made every nation of men that they should inhabit the whole earth."
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
29. According to Paul, since we are God's offspring, we should not think _____.
- The divine being is like gold or silver or stone – an image made by man's design and skill
 - The divine being is far away from us
 - The divine being will punish us
 - The divine being will allow us to be harmed
 - The divine being can live away from a temple
30. "In the past God overlooked such ignorance, but now He commands all people everywhere to _____."
- Worship
 - Repent
 - Confess their sins
 - Bow down in awe
 - Pray
31. "For he has set a day when He will judge the world with _____."
- Mercy
 - Power
 - Justice
 - Patience
 - Love

32. What did God do to give proof that He will judge the world?
- a. Raised Lazarus from the dead
 - b. Raised Tabitha from the dead
 - c. Raised the daughter of Jairus from the dead
 - d. Raised Jesus from the dead
 - e. All of the above
33. What happened when the Athenians heard about the resurrection of the dead?
- a. They sneered
 - b. They said, "We don't want to hear you again on this subject."
 - c. They became silent
 - d. They were cut to the heart
 - e. They were full of remorse
34. Which member of the Areopagus became a believer and follower of Paul?
- a. Demetrius
 - b. Damaris
 - c. Dionysius
 - d. Dorcas
 - e. Darius

ACTS 18

Response in Corinth Paul Receives Reassurance Home of Aquila and Priscilla

WHO: Paul Aquila Priscilla Claudius
 Jews Greeks Silas Timothy
 Crispus Corinthians Gallio Lord Jesus
 Apollos Sosthenes Titius Justus

WHAT: Paul stayed and worked with Aquila and Priscilla in Corinth
 When Jews opposed Paul, he preached to the Gentiles
 The Lord reassured Paul in a vision at night
 Paul was brought to court, but Gallio refused to judge
 Paul traveled and left Aquila and Priscilla in Ephesus
 Aquila and Priscilla taught Apollos God's way more accurately

WHERE: Athens Corinth Pontus Italy
 Rome Macedonia Achaia Syria
 Cenchrea Ephesus Caesarea Antioch
 Galatia Phrygia Alexandria

WISE WORDS:

"One night the Lord spoke to Paul in a vision: 'Do not be afraid; keep on speaking, do not be silent. For I am with you, and no one is going to attack and harm you, because I have many people in this city.'" Acts 18:9-10

1. Where did Paul go after leaving Athens?
 - a. Italy
 - b. Berea
 - c. Thessalonica
 - d. Corinth
 - e. Ephesus

2. Which of the following describes Aquila?
 - a. A Jew
 - b. A native of Pontus
 - c. Had a wife named Priscilla
 - d. Had recently come from Italy
 - e. All of the above

3. Why had Aquila and his wife left Rome?
 - a. They were merchants, and traveled for business reasons
 - b. Claudius had ordered all the Jews to leave Rome
 - c. They were searching for Paul because they had heard about him
 - d. They left to return to their homeland where their relatives lived
 - e. They left because of the severe famine in Italy at that time

4. What profession did Aquila have?
 - a. Shepherd
 - b. Merchant
 - c. Tentmaker
 - d. City official or magistrate
 - e. Roman centurion

5. Why did Paul stay with Aquila and his wife?
 - a. He reasoned with them about the scriptures and taught them about Jesus Christ
 - b. He was a distant relative of Aquila
 - c. The Lord told him in a vision to stay with them
 - d. He was a tentmaker, and worked with them
 - e. Aquila offered to hide Paul from the authorities who were looking for him

6. What did Paul do every Sabbath?
 - a. Worshiped with the Jewish people by the river outside the city
 - b. Reasoned in the synagogue, trying to persuade Jews and Greeks
 - c. Spoke in the marketplace, trying to persuade all the people to repent
 - d. Fasted and prayed
 - e. Went to the gates of the city to watch for his traveling companions to join him

7. Who came from Macedonia to join Paul?
 - a. Silas and Timothy
 - b. Barnabas and John Mark
 - c. Luke and James
 - d. Ananias and Sapphira
 - e. Peter and John

8. What did Paul do when these two people arrived?
 - a. Devoted himself exclusively to tentmaking, allowing the two who joined him to preach
 - b. Devoted himself exclusively to prayer and the ministry of the word
 - c. Devoted himself exclusively to preaching, testifying to the Jews that Jesus was the Christ
 - d. Devoted himself exclusively to performing wonders and signs to confirm the good news that Jesus was the Christ
 - e. Devoted himself exclusively to the breaking of bread and prayer

9. When the Jews opposed Paul and became abusive, what did he do?
 - a. Shook out his clothes in protest
 - b. Said to them, "Your blood be on my head!"
 - c. Said to them, "I will never be clear of my responsibility."
 - d. Said to them, "Until you repent I will never be able to go to the Gentiles."
 - e. All of the above

10. Who lived next door to the synagogue?
 - a. Crispus
 - b. Aquila and Priscilla
 - c. Gallio
 - d. Titius Justus
 - e. Sosthenes

11. Who was the synagogue ruler in Corinth who believed in the Lord?
 - a. Crispus
 - b. Aquila
 - c. Gallio
 - d. Titius Justus
 - e. Sosthenes

12. What did the Lord tell Paul one night in a vision?
 - a. "Do not be afraid."
 - b. "Keep on speaking, do not be silent."
 - c. "For I am with you, and no one is going to attack and harm you."
 - d. "I have many people in this city."
 - e. All of the above

13. How long did Paul stay in Corinth, teaching the word of God?
 - a. Half a year
 - b. One year
 - c. A year and a half
 - d. Two years
 - e. Two and a half years

14. Who was Gallio?
 - a. A tentmaker
 - b. A worshiper of God
 - c. The synagogue ruler
 - d. Proconsul of Achaia
 - e. A native of Alexandria

15. When the Jews made a united attack on Paul in Corinth, what did they do?
 - a. Stoned him
 - b. Gnashed their teeth at him
 - c. Started a riot in the city
 - d. Flogged him
 - e. Brought him into court, accusing him of persuading the people to worship God in ways contrary to the law

16. What did Gallio say to the Jews just as Paul was about to speak?
 - a. "If you were making a complaint about the Jewish law, it would be reasonable for me to listen to you."
 - b. "Since it involves questions about Roman law, I will need to send Paul to Rome for trial."
 - c. "Settle the matter yourselves. I will not be a judge of such things."
 - d. "I find no fault in him. Would you have me release him to you?"
 - e. "Judge for yourselves whether it is right in God's sight to listen to you rather than to God."

17. What did the Jews do when Gallio had them ejected from the court?
 - a. Rushed into the marketplace, tearing their robes
 - b. Beat Sosthenes, the synagogue ruler, in front of the court
 - c. Incited a crowd of people to riot and beat Gallio
 - d. Left Corinth and returned to Berea and Thessalonica
 - e. Plotted how to get Paul alone so they could kill him

18. What was Gallio's response to the actions of the Jews after they had been ejected from the court?
 - a. He expelled the Jews from Corinth
 - b. He commanded the Roman guards to seize the Jews and throw them into prison
 - c. He demanded that the Jews pay him money
 - d. He showed no concern whatever
 - e. He had Roman guards escort Paul to the next city, so that he would be safe from the Jews

19. Who accompanied Paul to Syria?
 - a. Aquila and Priscilla
 - b. Silas
 - c. Timothy
 - d. Barnabas
 - e. John Mark

20. What did Paul do before he sailed?
 - a. Fasted and prayed
 - b. Laid his hands on the brothers in Corinth so they would receive the Holy Spirit
 - c. Had his hair cut off in Cenchrea because of a vow he had taken
 - d. Sent men to tell Timothy and Silas where to meet him
 - e. Spoke to the people in the marketplace about their altar to an unknown god

21. Where did Paul leave Aquila and Priscilla?
 - a. Athens
 - b. Cenchrea
 - c. Alexandria
 - d. Achaia
 - e. Ephesus

22. What did Paul do when the Jews asked him to spend more time with them in the synagogue in Ephesus?
 - a. He stayed with them two years
 - b. He declined
 - c. He promised to come back, if it was God's will
 - d. He laid his hands on them and appointed elders there
 - e. B and C above

23. Where did Paul go first when he left Ephesus?
 - a. Caesarea
 - b. Antioch
 - c. Places in the region of Galatia
 - d. Places in the region of Phrygia
 - e. Alexandria

24. Where did Paul go when he strengthened all the disciples at the end of Acts 18?
- Athens
 - Corinth
 - Jerusalem
 - Region of Galatia and Phrygia
 - Achaia
25. Which of the following describes Apollos?
- A Jew
 - A native of Alexandria
 - A learned man
 - Had a thorough knowledge of the Scriptures
 - All of the above
26. What did Apollos lack in his understanding about Jesus?
- He thought that Jesus was only a prophet
 - He knew only the baptism of John
 - He did not know that Jesus had risen from the dead
 - He knew only the signs and wonders that Jesus performed – none of the teachings
 - He did not know that Jesus had appointed apostles
27. Who heard Apollos speak with great fervor?
- Barnabas
 - Timothy and Silas
 - Aquila and Priscilla
 - Ananias and Sapphira
 - Paul
28. Where did Apollos preach?
- Athens
 - Thessalonica
 - Berea
 - Ephesus
 - Antioch
29. What did Priscilla and Aquila do for Apollos?
- Rebuked him in the synagogue for his lack of understanding
 - Made him a tent in which to live
 - Introduced him to Paul, who could teach him more adequately
 - Encouraged him to preach, even though he did not understand completely
 - Invited him to their home and explained to him the way of God more adequately
30. Where did Apollos want to go?
- Achaia
 - Rome
 - Cenchrea
 - Macedonia
 - Syria

31. What did the brothers do for Apollos when he wanted to leave?
- a. Encouraged him
 - b. Wrote to the disciples there to welcome him
 - c. Sent Aquila and Priscilla with him
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above
32. What did Apollos do when he arrived there?
- a. He was a great help to those who were diseased
 - b. He vigorously refuted the Jews in public debate
 - c. He proved from the Scriptures that Jesus was a prophet
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

ACTS 19

School in Ephesus Seven Sons of Sceva Speech of Silversmith Upset Demetrius

WHO:	Apollos	Paul	Disciples
	Holy Spirit	Aristarchus	Evil spirit
	Demetrius	Jews	Greeks
	Timothy	Erastus	Sceva, a Jewish chief priest
	Artemis	Gaius	7 sons of Sceva
	Alexander	City Clerk	Silversmiths

WHAT: Paul explained the difference between the baptism of John and baptism into the name of Jesus to disciples in Ephesus
Paul discussed daily in the lecture hall of Tyrannus for 2 years
God did extraordinary miracles through Paul
An evil spirit overpowered 7 sons of Sceva
Large numbers of sorcery scrolls burned publicly
Demetrius, a silversmith, incited a riot against Paul

WHERE:	Corinth	Ephesus	Jerusalem	Asia
	Macedonia	Achaia	Rome	

WISE WORDS:

"This went on for two years, so that all the Jews and Greeks who lived in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord."
Acts 19:10

1. Where was Apollos when Paul arrived in Ephesus at the beginning of Acts 19?
 - a. Corinth
 - b. Ephesus
 - c. Antioch
 - d. Alexandria
 - e. Phrygia
2. Which route did Paul use to get to Ephesus at the beginning of Acts 19?
 - a. By ship northward from Crete
 - b. By ship on the Aegean Sea
 - c. The road through the interior
 - d. The direct route down the Lycus and Meander Valleys
 - e. The southern route, going north from Miletus

3. What did Paul ask some disciples at Ephesus?
 - a. "Do you know where Apollos has gone?"
 - b. "Could you speak in tongues when you believed?"
 - c. "Could you perform signs and wonders when you believed?"
 - d. "Did you receive the Holy Spirit when you believed?"
 - e. "Did you receive the baptism of ritual purification?"
4. Which baptism had these disciples at Ephesus received?
 - a. Baptism of the Holy Spirit with tongues of fire
 - b. John's baptism
 - c. Baptism into the name of the Lord Jesus
 - d. Infant baptism
 - e. Baptism for maintaining ritual purity, as practiced by Jewish priests
5. The baptism of John was a baptism of _____.
 - a. Salvation
 - b. Fire
 - c. Repentance
 - d. Ritual purification
 - e. Confession
6. What had John told the people to believe in?
 - a. The Holy Spirit
 - b. The one who came before him – Elijah
 - c. The Law and the Prophets
 - d. The traditions of the Pharisees
 - e. The one coming after him – Jesus
7. What did these disciples in Ephesus do after hearing Paul's words?
 - a. They were baptized into the name of the Lord Jesus
 - b. They went away sorrowfully because they were very rich
 - c. They asked Jesus to come into their hearts
 - d. They were baptized again with John's baptism
 - e. They prayed and fasted
8. What happened when Paul placed his hands on the disciples in Ephesus?
 - a. They Holy Spirit came on them
 - b. They spoke in tongues
 - c. They prophesied
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above
9. How many men in Ephesus received the Holy Spirit at this time?
 - a. Six
 - b. Eight
 - c. Twelve
 - d. Eighteen
 - e. Twenty

10. How long did Paul speak in the synagogue in Ephesus?
 - a. Two months
 - b. Three months
 - c. Four months
 - d. Six months
 - e. Two years

11. Why did Paul leave the synagogue in Ephesus, where he had been arguing persuasively about the kingdom of God?
 - a. Some of the Jews became obstinate
 - b. Some of the Jews refused to believe
 - c. Some of the Jews publicly maligned the Way
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and C above

12. When Paul left the synagogue in Ephesus, where did he and the disciples go to have daily discussions?
 - a. The marketplace of Ephesus
 - b. The city gates of Ephesus
 - c. The home of one of the disciples
 - d. The river outside the gates of Ephesus
 - e. The lecture hall of Tyrannus

13. How long did Paul have daily discussions there?
 - a. Six months
 - b. One year
 - c. Two years
 - d. Three months
 - e. One month

14. What happened as a result of these discussions in Ephesus?
 - a. All the Jews who lived in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord
 - b. All the Greeks who lived in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord
 - c. All the prominent women who lived in the province of Asia heard the word of the Lord
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

15. What extraordinary miracles did God do through Paul?
 - a. The dead were raised
 - b. Handkerchiefs and aprons that had touched Paul were taken to the sick, and their illnesses were cured and the evil spirits left them
 - c. All who believed spoke in tongues after Paul laid his hands on them
 - d. Water was turned to wine on festival days when Paul prayed
 - e. All of the above

16. What did some Jews who went around driving out evil spirits try to do?
 - a. Invoke the name of the Lord Jesus over those who were demon-possessed
 - b. Disguise themselves as Paul when they were seeing the demon-possessed
 - c. Cut themselves and shout in a loud voice so God could hear them
 - d. Send the demons into a herd of pigs
 - e. Chain the demon-possessed to cave walls

17. Who was Sceva?
 - a. A magistrate
 - b. A Pharisee
 - c. A believer
 - d. A Jewish chief priest
 - e. A sorcerer

18. How many sons did Sceva have?
 - a. Three
 - b. Four
 - c. Five
 - d. Six
 - e. Seven

19. What did the evil spirit say to the sons of Sceva one day?
 - a. "I know you, but I do not know Jesus or Paul."
 - b. "I know your father and Paul, but who is this Jesus?"
 - c. "Jesus I know, and I know about Paul, but who are you?"
 - d. "Jesus I know, and I know your father, but who are you?"
 - e. "I know you and your father, but who is this Paul?"

20. What happened to Sceva's sons?
 - a. The man who had the evil spirit jumped on them
 - b. The man who had the evil spirit overpowered them all
 - c. The man who had the evil spirit gave them a beating
 - d. They ran out of the house naked and bleeding
 - e. All of the above

21. What happened when the Jews and Greeks living in Ephesus heard about the sons of Sceva?
 - a. They were all seized with laughter
 - b. The name of the Lord Jesus was held in high honor
 - c. Many of those who believed came and openly confessed that Jesus was the Christ
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

22. What did those who had practiced sorcery in Ephesus do?
 - a. Brought their scrolls together and burned them publicly
 - b. Brought their scrolls together and read them in the marketplace
 - c. Brought their scrolls together and buried them in a well
 - d. Brought their scrolls together and tore them apart
 - e. Brought their scrolls together and sold them to traveling merchants

23. What was the value of these scrolls?
 - a. Twenty thousand drachmas
 - b. Thirty thousand drachmas
 - c. Forty thousand drachmas
 - d. Fifty thousand drachmas
 - e. Sixty thousand drachmas

24. What happened to the word of the Lord?
- It was burned with the scrolls
 - It was buried with the scrolls
 - It spread widely and grew in power
 - It was weakened, and the number of disciples grew smaller
 - It was given only to the Jewish people in Ephesus
25. Where did Paul decide to go when he left Ephesus?
- Corinth
 - Jerusalem
 - Athens
 - Iconium
 - Lystra
26. Where did Paul say that he "must visit"?
- Tarsus
 - Jericho
 - Bethlehem
 - Antioch
 - Rome
27. Whom did Paul send to Macedonia when he stayed in the province of Asia a little longer?
- Silas and Timothy
 - Barnabas and John Mark
 - Silas and Barnabas
 - Timothy and Erastus
 - Aquila and Priscilla
28. "About that time, there arose a great disturbance about _____."
- The Way
 - John's baptism
 - The Gentiles following the Law of Moses
 - The Grecian widows not being cared for
 - The miraculous gifts of the Holy Spirit
29. Which of the following describes Demetrius?
- A silversmith
 - Made silver shrines of Artemis
 - Brought in no little business for the craftsmen
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
30. Whom did Demetrius call together?
- Craftsmen
 - Workmen in related trades
 - Priests of the great goddess Artemis
 - All of the above
 - A and B above

31. Which of the following did Demetrius say?
- "You know we receive only a little income from this business."
 - "You see and hear how this fellow Paul has convinced and led astray large numbers of people here in Corinth and in practically the whole province of Galatia."
 - "He says that man-made gods are not crafted correctly."
 - "There is danger that our trade will lose its good name."
 - All of the above
32. Ephesus was the home of a temple for the great goddess _____.
- Aphrodite
 - Artemis
 - Athena
 - Hestia
 - Isis
33. What did Demetrius say that this goddess would be robbed of?
- Her beauty
 - Her wealth
 - Her divine majesty
 - Her priests
 - All of the above
34. What was the reaction to the words of Demetrius?
- Soon the whole city was in an uproar
 - Soon the whole city grieved
 - Soon the whole city grew silent
 - Soon they plotted the death of Paul
 - Soon they brought sacrifices to the great goddess of the Ephesians
35. Which traveling companions of Paul did the people of Ephesus seize?
- Aquila and Priscilla
 - Timothy and Erastus
 - Gaius and Aristarchus
 - Barnabas and John Mark
 - Silas and Timothy
36. Where did the people of Ephesus take these two people?
- The temple of the goddess Artemis
 - The theater
 - The synagogue
 - The palace of the magistrate
 - The marketplace
37. Why did Paul NOT appear before the crowd in this location?
- The disciples would not let him
 - Some officials of the province sent Paul a message begging him not to venture into the theater
 - The Holy Spirit would not permit Paul to go there
 - All of the above
 - A and B above

38. Describe the crowd in Ephesus after they seized two traveling companions of Paul.
- The assembly was in confusion
 - Some were shouting one thing, some another
 - Most of the people did not even know why they were there
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
39. Whom did the Jews push to the front of the crowd?
- Alexander
 - Gaius
 - Aristarchus
 - Sceva
 - Abiathar
40. What did the crowd do when this Jew motioned for silence in order to make a defense before the people?
- Grew quiet to listen
 - Shouted in unison for about two hours
 - Left the theater
 - Laughed
 - Tried to stone him
41. Who finally quieted the crowd?
- Paul
 - The Jewish High Priest
 - The City Clerk
 - Demetrius
 - The Silversmiths
42. Where did the image of the great Artemis come from, according to the man who finally quieted the crowd in Ephesus?
- The silversmiths made it
 - The potters molded it
 - It was sent from Rome
 - It was found under the sea
 - It fell from heaven
43. What should Demetrius and his fellow craftsmen do if they had a grievance against anybody?
- Go to the open marketplace
 - See the high priest
 - Settle it in an assembly in the synagogue
 - Press charges
 - Send their grievance to Rome
44. According to the city clerk, what was Ephesus in danger of?
- An earthquake
 - Being charged with rioting
 - Lightning coming from the temple of the great goddess Artemis
 - Being cut off from Rome
 - Being taken over by Roman soldiers

ACTS 20

Travel on; Tumble in Troas Tearful Tidings; Transport to Jerusalem Rescue of Eutychus

WHO: Paul Disciples Jews
Sopater, son of Pyrrhus Aristarchus
Secundus Gaius Timothy
Tychicus Trophimus Eutychus
Luke Ephesian elders

WHAT: Paul and his companions traveled through Macedonia and Greece
Paul raised Eutychus from the dead
Paul bid farewell to the Ephesian elders in Miletus

WHERE: Macedonia Ephesus Greece Syria
Troas Philippi Assos Mitylene
Kios Samos Miletus Asia
Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"In everything I did, I showed you that by this kind of hard work we must help the weak, remembering the words the Lord Jesus himself said: 'It is more blessed to give than to receive.'" Acts 20:35

1. Through what area did Paul travel on his way to Greece?
 - a. Galatia
 - b. Macedonia
 - c. Cilicia
 - d. Syria
 - e. Judea
2. How long did Paul stay in Greece?
 - a. Two weeks
 - b. One month
 - c. Six weeks
 - d. Two months
 - e. Three months

3. Why did Paul decide to go back through Macedonia when he left Greece?
 - a. The Jews made a plot against him just as he was about to sail for Syria
 - b. He wanted to find Aquila and Priscilla again
 - c. The Holy Spirit would not allow him to preach to the Syrians
 - d. The weather was not right for sailing
 - e. He became ill and needed to visit Luke, the physician

4. Who accompanied Paul when he traveled through Macedonia?
 - a. Sopater from Berea
 - b. Aristarchus and Secundus from Thessalonica
 - c. Gaius from Derbe, and Timothy from Lystra
 - d. Tychicus and Trophimus from the province of Asia
 - e. All of the above

5. Who sailed from Philippi after the Feast of Unleavened Bread?
 - a. Sopater, son of Pyrrhus
 - b. Aristarchus and Secundus
 - c. Paul and Luke
 - d. Gaius and Timothy
 - e. All of the above

6. Where did all the travelers join together after leaving Greece?
 - a. Derbe
 - b. Iconium
 - c. Philippi
 - d. Troas
 - e. Thessalonica

7. "On the _____, we came together to break bread."
 - a. Sabbath Day
 - b. Day following the full moon
 - c. First day of the week
 - d. Day of Passover
 - e. Day of Atonement

8. How long did Paul speak to the people in Troas, knowing he intended to leave the next day?
 - a. One hour
 - b. Until midnight
 - c. Two hours
 - d. Until the cock crowed
 - e. Until sundown

9. Who sank into a deep sleep as Paul talked?
 - a. Gaius
 - b. Timothy
 - c. Aristarchus
 - d. Alexander
 - e. Eutychus

10. What happened when he was sound asleep?
- He fell to the floor of the third story room and awakened crippled in the legs
 - He fell from the third story window to the ground and was picked up dead
 - He fell into one of the many lamps in the upstairs room and started a fire
 - He was awakened by Paul, who scolded him for not listening even one hour
 - He slept in the third story window until daylight, undisturbed
11. How did Paul help this young man?
- Paul threw himself on the young man
 - Paul put his arms around the young man
 - Paul said, "Don't be alarmed; he's alive!"
 - Paul gave him bread and water to revive him
 - A, B, and C above
12. After the young man was revived, what happened?
- Paul went upstairs again and lay down to rest
 - Paul talked until daylight and then left
 - The people took the young man's body home, loudly grieving
 - The Jews rushed into the room and seized Paul
 - The believers had to lower Paul down from the window in a basket so he could escape the city
13. When leaving Troas, Paul's traveling companions sailed, and Paul walked on foot to _____, where they met and traveled on together.
- Assos
 - Mitylene
 - Samos
 - Kios
 - Miletus
14. Why was Paul, who sailed past Ephesus, in a hurry to reach Jerusalem?
- He wanted to be there for Passover
 - He wanted to be there for the Feast of Unleavened Bread
 - He wanted to be there for Pentecost
 - He wanted to be there for an important meeting of the Sanhedrin
 - He wanted to be there for an important council meeting of the apostles and elders
15. Whom did Paul send for from Miletus?
- The elders of the church in Corinth
 - The elders of the church in Ephesus
 - The elders of the church in Athens
 - The elders of the church in Derbe
 - The elders of the church in Thessalonica
16. Paul told the elders that he had served the Lord with _____.
- Honor
 - Great power
 - A mighty voice
 - Gladness
 - Great humility and tears

17. How was Paul severely tested?
- By his illness during his travels
 - By the arguing among the new believers
 - By the plots of the Jews
 - By the division between the Jews and Gentiles
 - By the brothers questioning his apostleship
18. What had Paul declared to both Jews and Greeks?
- They must turn to God in repentance
 - They must have faith in the Lord Jesus
 - They must give generously to others
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
19. What was the Holy Spirit warning Paul about in every city?
- Prison and hardships were facing him
 - The Sanhedrin in Jerusalem wanted to ask him about Jesus
 - Many of the believers would forsake him
 - He would have an illness that would keep him from proclaiming God's word
 - He had a sin in his life that he needed to confess to the brothers
20. "However, I consider my life worth nothing to me, if only I may _____."
- Finish the race
 - Complete the task the Lord Jesus has given me
 - Testify to the gospel of God's grace
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
21. What did Paul tell the elders that he knew?
- One of them would betray him
 - None of them would ever see Paul again
 - That he would be crucified in Rome
 - That there would be a severe famine in their region
 - That the apostles in Jerusalem had scattered
22. Paul said that he was innocent of _____.
- Lying about the Holy Spirit
 - Preaching false doctrine
 - The blood of all men
 - Taking from them what was not his
 - Persecuting the Christians
23. What had Paul not hesitated to do?
- Proclaim to them the whole will of God
 - Heal the sick
 - Perform miraculous wonders and signs
 - Speak in tongues
 - Baptize those who believed

24. "Keep watch over yourselves and all the flock of which the Holy Spirit has made you _____."
- Rulers
 - Prophets
 - Deacons
 - Overseers
 - Apostles
25. "Be shepherds of the _____, which he bought with his own blood."
- Sheep
 - Jews
 - Greeks
 - Angels
 - Church of God
26. What did Paul warn the elders about?
- Savage wolves would come in among them and not spare the flock
 - Men from their number would arise and distort the truth in order to draw away disciples after them
 - They should be on their guard!
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
27. How long had Paul warned them night and day with tears?
- Three months
 - Three years
 - Three days
 - Thirty days
 - Thirty-three days
28. What did Paul say could build them up and give them an inheritance among all those who were sanctified?
- The Holy Spirit
 - The gifts of the Holy Spirit
 - The word of God's grace
 - The spirit of the Lord Jesus
 - The blessings of the apostles
29. Who had supplied the needs of Paul and his companions?
- Paul's own hands
 - Timothy and Gaius
 - Prominent women who traveled with them
 - The believers in each location
 - The believers in Antioch who had sent Paul out on his mission
30. Paul said that they must help the weak by _____.
- Prayer and supplication to the Father
 - Laying on of hands
 - Miraculous signs and wonders
 - Giving generously
 - The kind of hard work that Paul had done

31. What words did Paul quote from Jesus?
- a. "Do unto others as you would have them do unto you."
 - b. "It is more blessed to give than to receive."
 - c. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."
 - d. "This do in remembrance of me."
 - e. "The Son of Man came to seek and to save what was lost."
32. What did Paul and the elders do?
- a. Knelt down and prayed
 - b. Wept
 - c. Embraced
 - d. Kissed
 - e. All of the above
33. What grieved the elders the most?
- a. His statement that wolves would be attacking them
 - b. His statement that it was better to give than to receive
 - c. His statement that they would never see his face again
 - d. His statement that prison and hardships were facing them
 - e. His statement that some of their own would distort the truth
34. Where did the elders accompany Paul?
- a. To Jerusalem
 - b. To Rhodes
 - c. To Cyprus
 - d. To the ship
 - e. To the caravan going east

ACTS 21

Uproar and Upheaval in Jerusalem Captured in Jerusalem

WHO: Disciples of Tyre Paul's companions Philip the evangelist
4 prophesying daughters Agabus Paul
Disciples from Caesarea Mnason James
Asian Jews Trophimus Soldiers
Commander of Roman Troops Elders in Jerusalem

WHAT: Paul and his companions headed toward Jerusalem
Prophet Agabus foretold Paul's imprisonment
Paul acted on the request from elders in Jerusalem regarding
Jewish customs
A crowd of Jews seized Paul and started a riot
The commander of the Roman troops took Paul and restored calm

WHERE: Miletus Cos Rhodes Patara
Phoenicia Cyprus Syria Tyre
Ptolemais Caesarea Jerusalem Tarsus
Cilicia

WISE WORDS:

"Then Paul answered, 'Why are you weeping and breaking my heart? I am ready not only to be bound but also to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus.'" Acts 21:13

1. When Paul and his companions tore themselves away from the Ephesian elders in Miletus, where did they sail?
 - a. Cos, Rhodes, and Patara
 - b. Cyprus
 - c. Assos, Kios, and Samos
 - d. Philippi and Troas
 - e. Amphipolis, Apollonia, and Thessalonica
2. Where did Paul's ship unload its cargo?
 - a. Cos
 - b. Rhodes
 - c. Patara
 - d. Cyprus
 - e. Tyre

3. How long did Paul stay with the disciples there?
 - a. Two days
 - b. Three days
 - c. Seven days
 - d. Two weeks
 - e. Two months

4. What did the disciples (through the Spirit) in Tyre urge Paul NOT to do?
 - a. Continue on his journey in a ship – it was going to be shipwrecked
 - b. Go on to Jerusalem
 - c. Go to Cyprus – he should pass to the south of it instead
 - d. Go to see the Sanhedrin in Jerusalem
 - e. Go to Antioch – there was a severe famine in that region

5. What did Paul and the disciples in Tyre do when they parted ways?
 - a. The disciples would not let their wives or their children accompany Paul and his companions out of the city
 - b. They all knelt to pray on the beach
 - c. They wept, embraced, and kissed
 - d. They went aboard the ship with Paul to say good-bye to each other
 - e. All of the above

6. What happened when Paul and his companions landed at Ptolemais?
 - a. A Roman centurion was there to arrest him
 - b. Jews had come from Thessalonica and Iconium to harm him
 - c. A violent storm caused the ship to crash into the rocks
 - d. Paul greeted the brothers and stayed with them for a day
 - e. Paul was met by a man crippled from birth wanting to be healed

7. Where did Paul and his companions stay when they arrived in Caesarea?
 - a. At the home of Cornelius
 - b. At the home of Aquila and Priscilla
 - c. At the home of Philip the evangelist, one of the seven
 - d. At the home of Philip the apostle
 - e. At the home of Blastus, a trusted personal servant of the king

8. Which of the following describes the daughters who lived in this home?
 - a. There were four of them
 - b. They were unmarried
 - c. They prophesied
 - d. All of the above
 - e. A and B above

9. Who was the prophet that came down from Judea?
 - a. Agabus
 - b. Blastus
 - c. Trophimus
 - d. Mnason
 - e. Ananias

10. What did this prophet do?
- Took Paul's belt
 - Tied his own hands and feet with Paul's belt
 - Said, "The Holy Spirit says, 'In this way the Jews of Jerusalem will bind the owner of this belt.'"
 - Said, "The Jews of Jerusalem will hand the owner of this belt over to the Gentiles."
 - All of the above
11. After hearing the prophet's words, who pleaded with Paul not to go up to Jerusalem?
- Luke
 - Paul's companions
 - The people of Caesarea
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
12. Which of the following statements did Paul make when the people of Caesarea pleaded with him not to go to Jerusalem?
- "Why are you pleading with me?"
 - "The Holy Spirit has told me to go to Jerusalem."
 - "I am ready not only to be bound, but also to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus."
 - "The Lord's will be done."
 - All of the above
13. Who was Mnason?
- A man who lived in Caesarea and traveled with Paul to Jerusalem
 - A man in whose home Paul and his companions stayed in Jerusalem
 - A man from Cyprus and an early disciple
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
14. To whom in Jerusalem did Paul report in detail what God had done among the Gentiles through his ministry?
- Peter and John
 - James and all the elders
 - All of the apostles
 - The Sanhedrin
 - Ananias
15. The elders in Jerusalem told Paul that many thousands of Jews had believed, and all of them were _____.
- Zealous for justice
 - Zealous for mercy
 - Zealous for the law
 - Zealous for vengeance
 - Zealous for sacrifice

16. The Jewish believers had been informed that Paul taught all the Jews who lived among the Gentiles to _____.
- Turn away from Moses
 - Not circumcise their children
 - Not live according to Jewish customs
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
17. What did Paul do (on the advice of the elders of Jerusalem) so that everyone would know there was no truth in the reports about him?
- Joined in purification rites with four men who had made a vow
 - Paid the expenses for the four men who had made a vow so they could have their heads shaved
 - Went to the temple to give notice of the date when the purification would end
 - Gave notice of the date when offerings for each of the four men would be made
 - All of the above
18. When the seven days of purification were nearly over, who saw Paul at the temple?
- Some Jews from the province of Asia
 - Some Jews from the province of Galatia
 - Some Jews from the province of Cilicia
 - Some Jews from the province of Syria
 - Some Jews from the province of Lycia
19. What did these Jews do when they saw Paul at the temple?
- Stirred up the whole crowd
 - Seized Paul and the four men who had made a vow
 - Shouted, "Men of Israel, help us!"
 - All of the above
 - A and C above
20. What did these Jews accuse Paul of doing?
- Speaking blasphemy
 - Going into the homes of Gentiles and eating with them
 - Bringing Greeks into the temple area and defiling the holy place
 - Eating foods sacrificed to idols
 - Eating meat that was from unclean animals
21. Whom had the Jews seen in the city that caused them to make a wrong assumption?
- Cornelius from Caesarea
 - Trophimus the Ephesian
 - The jailer from Philippi
 - Aristarchus from Thessalonica
 - Sopater from Berea
22. How did the people of Jerusalem react to the accusations against Paul?
- The whole city was aroused
 - People came running from all directions
 - Paul was dragged from the temple
 - The gates to the temple were immediately shut
 - All of the above

23. What did the people of Jerusalem try to do to Paul?
- Kill him by beating him
 - Question him
 - Put him on trial before Herod
 - Expel him from the city
 - Crucify him
24. What did the commander of the Roman troops do?
- Commanded his soldiers to surround Paul for his protection
 - Took some officers and soldiers and struck down some in the crowd with swords
 - Ordered that Paul be bound with four chains
 - Asked who Paul was and what he had done
 - All of the above
25. When the commander could not get at the truth because of the uproar, where did he order that Paul be taken?
- Into the temple
 - Into the Palace of Herod
 - Into the Garden of Gethsemane
 - Into the barracks
 - Into the prison underneath the city
26. Why did Paul have to be carried by the soldiers?
- The chains on his ankles were too short to allow him to walk
 - He had been so badly beaten that he could not walk
 - The violence of the mob was great
 - He did not know which way to go because of the crowd
 - He became ill and fainted
27. What did the crowd that followed him shout?
- "Crucify him!"
 - "Away with him!"
 - "He speaks words of blasphemy against Moses and God!"
 - "Leave him alone! Let him go!"
 - "He is a child of the devil!"
28. Who did the commander think Paul was?
- The Egyptian who started a revolt and led 4000 terrorists out into the desert
 - Theudas who rallied 400 men to him
 - Judas the Galilean who led a band of people in revolt
 - Zebulun the Zealot who formed an army
 - Jehu the Judean who had chariots and armor ready for a rebellion
29. What language did Paul use to speak to the commander of the Roman troops?
- Hebrew
 - Aramaic
 - Laconian
 - Greek
 - Latin

30. Where did Paul say he was from?
- a. Jerusalem
 - b. Tarsus in Cilicia
 - c. Antioch
 - d. Caesarea
 - e. Rome
31. What did Paul ask the commander for permission to do?
- a. Speak to the people
 - b. Speak to the Sanhedrin
 - c. Speak to the Roman soldiers
 - d. Speak to the elders in Jerusalem
 - e. Speak to Caesar in Rome
32. From where did Paul speak to the crowd?
- a. The steps of the temple
 - b. The hill in the Garden of Gethsemane
 - c. The steps leading towards the barracks
 - d. The steps of the Royal Porch
 - e. The steps of the house of the High Priest
33. What language did Paul use to speak to the people?
- a. Hebrew
 - b. Aramaic
 - c. Laconian
 - d. Greek
 - e. Latin

ACTS 22

Valuable citizenship; Valiant defense Hear my defense

WHO: Paul Gamaliel Jesus Ananias
Stephen Gentiles Jews
Commander of Roman Troops Centurion Sanhedrin

WHAT: Paul defended himself and told of his conversion
Paul revealed his Roman citizenship before he was flogged
The Commander brought Paul before the Jewish Sanhedrin

WHERE: Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"And now what are you waiting for? Get up, be baptized and wash your sins away, calling on his name." Acts 22:16

1. Even though Paul was from Tarsus, where did he grow up?
 - a. Caesarea
 - b. Jerusalem
 - c. Antioch
 - d. Bethlehem
 - e. Damascus
2. Who trained Paul in the law of the Jews?
 - a. Annas
 - b. Caiaphas
 - c. Gamaliel
 - d. Hillel
 - e. Meir
3. What did Paul say he had done to followers of the Way?
 - a. Persecuted them to their death
 - b. Arrested both men and women and threw them into prison
 - c. Obtained letters to bring them from Damascus as prisoners to be punished
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above
4. Who did Paul say could testify to his actions?
 - a. The high priest and all the Council
 - b. Jews in Damascus
 - c. The apostles in Jerusalem
 - d. The elders in Jerusalem
 - e. Believers in Damascus

5. On the road to Damascus, when did a bright light from heaven flash around Paul?
 - a. In the early morning
 - b. About noon
 - c. In mid-afternoon
 - d. In the evening
 - e. At sundown

6. According to the voice that spoke on the road to Damascus, whom was Paul persecuting?
 - a. Christians
 - b. Jews
 - c. Romans
 - d. Greeks
 - e. Jesus of Nazareth

7. What did Paul's companions not understand when the light appeared on the road to Damascus?
 - a. The reason Paul fell to the ground
 - b. The reason Paul was speaking
 - c. The voice that spoke
 - d. Where the light was coming from
 - e. Why Paul had stopped

8. What was Paul to be told in Damascus?
 - a. How to release the prisoners whom he had arrested
 - b. How to sacrifice so that he would be able to see again
 - c. Where he was to travel next
 - d. All that he had been assigned to do
 - e. All the persecutions that he had to suffer

9. What or who had blinded Paul?
 - a. The brilliance of the light
 - b. The dirt on the ground
 - c. The angel who came down to talk to Paul
 - d. The water that his companions poured over his head
 - e. None of the above

10. Who was Ananias?
 - a. A man who came to see Paul in Jerusalem
 - b. A devout observer of the law
 - c. Someone who was highly respected by all the Jews living in Caesarea
 - d. The man who said, "Saul! Saul! Why do you persecute me?"
 - e. One of the men who traveled with Paul to Damascus

11. Ananias said that God had chosen Paul to _____?
 - a. Know God's will
 - b. See the Righteous One
 - c. Hear words from the mouth of the Righteous One
 - d. Be God's witness to all men of what Paul had seen and heard
 - e. All of the above

12. What did Ananias tell Paul to do?
 - a. "Get down on your knees."
 - b. "Raise your hands and ask Jesus to come into your heart."
 - c. "Be baptized and wash your sins away."
 - d. "Call upon the name of the Holy Spirit"
 - e. "Pray for the forgiveness of your sins."

13. What did Paul see when he returned to Jerusalem and was praying at the temple?
 - a. A man in a trance
 - b. An angel speaking
 - c. A trumpet being blown
 - d. The Lord speaking
 - e. Peter and John curing a crippled man

14. What was Paul told to do?
 - a. Leave Jerusalem immediately
 - b. Leave Damascus immediately
 - c. Go over to Macedonia to help the people there
 - d. Go to the house of Simon the Tanner and find Peter
 - e. Go to the house of Cornelius and teach him the way to salvation

15. Why was Paul told to go?
 - a. Because persecution was coming to Jerusalem
 - b. Because the believers in Damascus had sent for him
 - c. Because the people would not accept Paul's testimony about the Lord
 - d. Because Peter had a vision about a sheet with animals, birds, and reptiles
 - e. Because Cornelius was a Roman centurion who could help him

16. What did Paul tell the Lord that he had done?
 - a. He went from one synagogue to another to imprison and beat those who believed in the Lord
 - b. He stood giving his approval for the blood of the Lord's martyr, Stephen
 - c. He guarded the clothes of those who killed Stephen
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

17. The Lord said to Paul, "Go; I will send you _____."
 - a. Far away to the Jews in Rome
 - b. Far away to the Gentiles
 - c. Far away to Antioch
 - d. Far away to Arabia
 - e. Far away to Spain

18. What did the crowd shout after hearing Paul's words?
 - a. "Rid the earth of him! He's not fit to live!"
 - b. "God strike you down, you whitewashed wall!"
 - c. "You dare to insult God!"
 - d. "Away with him!"
 - e. "Crucify him!"

19. What was the crowd doing when the commander ordered Paul to be taken into the barracks?
- Tearing their robes
 - Putting on sackcloth and ashes
 - Throwing off their cloaks and flinging dust into the air
 - Weeping and wailing
 - Gnashing their teeth
20. What did the commander direct to be done once Paul was away from the crowd?
- Give food and water to Paul
 - Put Paul in stocks in the prison
 - Dress Paul in a disguise and help him escape
 - Take Paul to Herod to be questioned
 - Have Paul flogged and questioned
21. What did Paul ask the centurion standing by him?
- "Whom do men say that I am?"
 - "Is it legal for you to flog a Roman citizen who hasn't even been found guilty?"
 - "What are you waiting for? Arise and be baptized and wash away your sins."
 - "What must I do to appeal to Caesar?"
 - "Do you know Cornelius from Caesarea?"
22. How did the commander obtain his Roman citizenship?
- He was born a citizen
 - He received it as a reward to service to Rome
 - He paid a big price
 - He joined the Roman legion
 - He succeeded as a gladiator
23. Why was the commander alarmed?
- He realized that he had beaten a Roman citizen
 - He realized that he had spoken to a native born citizen
 - He realized that he had not given a Roman citizen a trial
 - He realized that he had put Paul, a Roman citizen, in chains
 - He realized that Paul could have him arrested
24. What did the commander order after he released Paul?
- That Paul be followed
 - That the chief priests be brought to him
 - That no one was to bring any charge against Paul
 - That those who started the riot in Jerusalem would be imprisoned
 - That the chief priests and all the Sanhedrin were to assemble
25. What was the commander trying to find out?
- Who had started the riot
 - Why Paul was being accused by the Jews
 - Why Paul was in Jerusalem
 - Who Paul really was
 - All of the above

ACTS 23

Waiting; Warning; Without charge
Forty and more take a vow

WHO: Paul Sanhedrin Ananias
Sadducees Pharisees Governor Felix
Lord Over 40 Jews Chief priests and elders
Son of Paul's sister Centurion
Commander of troops, Claudius Lysias

WHAT: Paul defended himself before the Jewish Sanhedrin
Disputes erupted between the Sadducees and Pharisees
Paul was held safely in the barracks
Over 40 Jews plotted to kill Paul
Paul's nephew warned the Commander
Claudius Lysias sent Paul safely to Governor Felix

WHERE: Jerusalem Caesarea Antipatris

WISE WORDS:

"The following night the Lord stood near Paul and said,
'Take courage! As you have testified about me in Jerusalem so
you must also testify in Rome.'" Acts 23:11

1. To whom did Paul speak at the beginning of Acts 23?
 - a. The Roman soldiers
 - b. The elders of Jerusalem
 - c. The Sanhedrin
 - d. A riotous crowd
 - e. Governor Felix and his household
2. What was Paul's first statement to this group in Acts 23?
 - a. "Is it legal for you to flog a Roman citizen who hasn't even been found guilty?"
 - b. "I am a Jew, from Tarsus in Cilicia, a citizen of no ordinary city."
 - c. "I am ready to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus."
 - d. "I have fulfilled my duty to God in all good conscience to this day."
 - e. "Men of Jerusalem! I see that in every way you are very religious."
3. What did the high priest Ananias order after hearing this statement?
 - a. Those standing near Paul should strike him on the mouth
 - b. Those standing near Paul should stone him
 - c. Those standing near Paul should tear their robes
 - d. Those standing near Paul should gnash their teeth
 - e. Those standing near Paul should pray

4. What did Paul call the high priest Ananias?
 - a. Blind guide
 - b. Hypocrite
 - c. Snake, head of a brood of vipers
 - d. Whitewashed tomb
 - e. Whitewashed wall

5. What did Paul say that the high priest Ananias had done?
 - a. Led a rebellion
 - b. Violated the law by commanding that Paul be struck
 - c. Taught people the traditions of men rather than the laws of God
 - d. Put heavy loads on the people, but was not willing to lift a finger to move them
 - e. Gave a tenth of his spices but neglected the more important matters of the law

6. Who said, "You dare to insult God's high priest?"
 - a. Ananias
 - b. The Roman commander
 - c. Paul
 - d. Those who were standing near Paul
 - e. The leader of the Sadducees

7. Since Paul knew the law that said not to speak evil about the ruler of the people, why had he spoken so strongly to Ananias?
 - a. Paul was no longer under the old law
 - b. Paul was led by the Holy Spirit to say those things
 - c. Paul did not realize that Ananias was the high priest
 - d. Paul was following the example of Jesus when he spoke to the Pharisees
 - e. Paul was angry

8. What two groups made up the Sanhedrin?
 - a. Sadducees and Pharisees
 - b. Jews and Greeks
 - c. Scribes and Pharisees
 - d. Rabbis and priests
 - e. Teachers and judges

9. Paul said he was a _____, the son of a _____.
 - a. Sadducee, Sadducee
 - b. Jew, Jew
 - c. Gentile, Gentile
 - d. Scribe, Scribe
 - e. Pharisee, Pharisee

10. Why did Paul say that he was on trial?
 - a. Because of his hope of becoming a member of the Sanhedrin
 - b. Because of his hope in the resurrection of the dead
 - c. Because of his hope of speaking to Caesar
 - d. Because of his hope of becoming an elder in the Jerusalem church
 - e. Because of the jealousy of the high priest

11. What did the Pharisees acknowledge that the Sadducees said did not exist?
 - a. Resurrection
 - b. Angels
 - c. Spirits
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

12. What happened to the assembly of the Sanhedrin when Paul said why he was on trial?
 - a. It was divided
 - b. There was a great uproar
 - c. Some Pharisee teachers of the law stood up and argued vigorously
 - d. The dispute became violent
 - e. All of the above

13. Who found nothing wrong with Paul, and believed that a spirit or angel might have spoken to him?
 - a. Some teachers of the law who were Pharisees
 - b. Some teachers of the law who were Sadducees
 - c. Some teachers of the law who were secretly believers in Jesus
 - d. The Roman commander
 - e. Gamaliel

14. Why was the commander afraid?
 - a. His life was at risk if Paul, a Roman citizen, was harmed by the Jews
 - b. Paul's words cut him to the heart, but his new-found belief in Jesus would put his family in danger
 - c. The dispute became so violent that Paul was in danger of being torn to pieces by them
 - d. If the Roman officials heard of this dispute, he would be relieved of his position as commander
 - e. A and D above

15. Where was Paul taken by force?
 - a. To the valley outside the city of Jerusalem to be stoned
 - b. Into the barracks
 - c. Into prison and bound with his feet in stocks
 - d. Into prison and surrounded by four squads of four guards each
 - e. To the temple area

16. What did the Lord tell Paul the following night after Paul had spoken to the Sanhedrin?
 - a. "Take care!"
 - b. "Do not be afraid; keep on speaking."
 - c. "I am showing you how much you must suffer for my name."
 - d. "Take courage!"
 - e. "My grace is sufficient for you."

17. Where did the Lord tell Paul that he would be going?
 - a. Antioch
 - b. Thessalonica
 - c. Rome
 - d. Athens
 - e. Spain

18. The Jews formed a conspiracy and bound themselves with an oath not to _____ until they had killed Paul.
- Eat or drink
 - Sacrifice in the temple
 - Work at their trade
 - Go to their homes
 - Pray
19. How many were involved in the plot?
- Twelve men
 - Twenty men
 - More than twenty-five men
 - Thirty men
 - More than forty men
20. On what pretext did the Jews want the commander to bring Paul before the Sanhedrin?
- They wanted to hear about Jesus of Nazareth
 - They wanted more accurate information about his case
 - They wanted to hear about his travels preaching to the Gentiles
 - They wanted to hear about his trip to Damascus
 - They wanted more information about the believers in Jerusalem
21. Who heard of the plot?
- Paul's father
 - Paul's son
 - Paul's brother
 - The son of Paul's sister
 - The son of Paul's brother
22. What did he do with the news of the plot?
- Kept it to himself
 - Prayed and asked God what to do
 - Went into the barracks and told Paul
 - Went straight to the Roman centurion and told him
 - Went straight to the Roman commander and told him
23. When the commander heard the details of the plot, what did he tell Paul's relative to do?
- Gather all the believers in Jerusalem together to help protect Paul
 - Not to tell anyone that he had reported it to the commander
 - Go home and tell Paul's family to pray
 - Ignore the information because it was a false rumor
 - A and C above
24. What did the commander do to Paul?
- Released him
 - Brought him, heavily guarded, before the Sanhedrin
 - Helped him escape at night by lowering him in a basket outside the city walls
 - Kept him in the barracks for two years
 - Sent him to Governor Felix

25. How many Roman troops accompanied Paul to Caesarea?
- Two hundred soldiers
 - Seventy horsemen
 - Two hundred spearmen
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
26. What time did Paul leave for Caesarea?
- Nine that night
 - Nine the next morning
 - Sundown the next day
 - Midnight that night
 - Noon the next day
27. What did the commander send to Governor Felix with the Roman soldiers and Paul?
- Gifts of money
 - Gifts of jewels
 - A letter
 - Special food
 - Nothing
28. What was the commander's name?
- Tertullus
 - Claudius Lysias
 - Sopater
 - Trophimus
 - Demetrius
29. When the commander explained Paul's situation to Governor Felix, what had he ordered Paul's accusers to do?
- Leave Paul alone – there was no charge against him that deserved death
 - Drop their charges against Paul – they had no reason to want him imprisoned
 - Drop their charges against Paul – he was a Roman citizen and not under Jewish law
 - Present their case against Paul to Governor Felix
 - Present their case against Paul to King Herod
30. How far did Paul travel that night?
- All the way to Caesarea
 - As far as Emmaus
 - As far as Lydda
 - As far as Joppa
 - As far as Antipatris
31. The next day, who stayed with Paul and accompanied him to Caesarea?
- Two hundred soldiers
 - The cavalry of seventy horsemen
 - Two hundred spearmen
 - Two Roman centurions
 - The Roman commander

32. What did the governor want to know when he received the letter about Paul?
- a. What province Paul was from
 - b. Whether Paul was a Pharisee or Sadducee
 - c. What Paul knew about Jesus of Nazareth
 - d. Why the Jews in Jerusalem wanted Paul dead
 - e. Why the Roman commander had sent Paul to him instead of Caesar in Rome
33. Where was Paul kept under guard?
- a. In the prison
 - b. In a house
 - c. In Herod's palace
 - d. In the home of Cornelius, a Roman centurion
 - e. In the temple dedicated to Augustus Caesar

ACTS 24

Excuse of Felix Ordered to stay bound

WHO: Ananias Tertullus Paul Felix
 Lysias Drusilla Porcius Festus

WHAT: Paul presented his case to Felix
 Paul was kept under guard, but had some freedom
 Felix and Drusilla listened to Paul
 Felix left Paul in prison over two years

WHERE: Caesarea

WISE WORDS:

“As Paul discoursed on righteousness, self-control and the judgment to come, Felix was afraid and said, ‘That’s enough for now! You may leave. When I find it convenient, I will send for you.’” Acts 24:25

1. Who went to Caesarea five days later to speak to Governor Felix?
 - a. The high priest Ananias
 - b. Some of the elders
 - c. Tertullus
 - d. The Sadducees
 - e. A, B, and C above

2. When Paul was called in, who presented the case to Felix?
 - a. Ananias
 - b. Gamaliel
 - c. Hillel
 - d. Tertullus
 - e. Cornelius

3. What did the lawyer say to Felix?
 - a. We have enjoyed only a short period of peace under you
 - b. Your foresight has brought about reforms in this nation
 - c. Everywhere and in every way we acknowledge you as our greatest ruler
 - d. We do not wish to weary you, but the case is long and involved
 - e. All of the above

4. What charges did the lawyer bring against Paul?
 - a. He was a troublemaker
 - b. He stirred up riots among the Jews all over the world
 - c. He was a ringleader of the Nazarene sect
 - d. He tried to desecrate the temple
 - e. All of the above

5. When the governor motioned for Paul to speak, he began by telling Felix _____.
 - a. "I have done nothing wrong against the law of the Jews or against the temple or against Caesar."
 - b. "I consider myself fortunate to stand before you today as I make my defense against all the accusations of the Jews."
 - c. "I know that for a number of years you have been a judge over this nation, so I gladly make my defense."
 - d. "Because you are well acquainted with all the Jewish customs and controversies, I gladly make my defense before you today."
 - e. "I pray God that all who are listening to me today may become what I am, except for these chains."

6. Paul told the governor that it could be easily verified that Paul went to Jerusalem no more than twelve days ago to _____.
 - a. Argue with the Sadducees at the temple
 - b. Stir up a crowd in the synagogue
 - c. Stir up a crowd in the marketplace
 - d. Worship
 - e. Cleanse the temple

7. Paul said that his accusers could not _____.
 - a. Prove the charges they were making against him
 - b. Kill him
 - c. Beat him publicly since he was a Roman citizen
 - d. Eat or drink until he was dead
 - e. Leave Jerusalem, so they sent a lawyer instead

8. What did Paul admit about himself?
 - a. He worshiped the God of their fathers, but not according to the Way
 - b. He did not believe everything that agreed with the Law
 - c. He did not believe everything that was written in the Prophets
 - d. He had the same hope as his accusers, that there would be a resurrection of both the righteous and the wicked
 - e. He always strived to keep his conscience clear before the rulers of Rome

9. Why had Paul come to Jerusalem after an absence of several years?
 - a. To join the Sanhedrin as a Pharisee
 - b. To bring his people gifts for the poor and to present offerings
 - c. To persecute followers of the Way
 - d. To obtain letters from the Sanhedrin for authority to travel
 - e. To find the apostles of Jesus of Nazareth

10. How did Paul's accusers find him in the temple?
 - a. Ceremonially unclean
 - b. In among a large crowd of people
 - c. Involved in a large disturbance
 - d. All of the above
 - e. None of the above

11. According to Paul, who should have brought charges against him?
 - a. The scribes and Pharisees
 - b. The Roman commander
 - c. Some Jews from the province of Asia
 - d. Some Jews from the province of Galatia
 - e. The Sadducees

12. What was Governor Felix well acquainted with?
 - a. The Law of Moses
 - b. Jewish customs
 - c. Temple disturbances
 - d. The Way
 - e. Charges from members of the Jewish Sanhedrin

13. When did Felix say that he would decide the case?
 - a. When Lysias the commander came
 - b. In no more than twelve days
 - c. When the Jews from the province of Asia could be found
 - d. After he spoke with King Agrippa
 - e. He decided the case was dismissed and adjourned the proceedings that day

14. Even though Paul was kept under guard by a centurion, what was he allowed?
 - a. Visits from members of his family
 - b. Some freedom
 - c. Permission for his friends to take care of his needs
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

15. Who was Felix's wife?
 - a. Bernice
 - b. Mariamhe
 - c. Drusilla
 - d. Priscilla
 - e. Athena

16. Of what nationality was Felix's wife?
 - a. Roman
 - b. Jewish
 - c. Greek
 - d. Laconian
 - e. Cretan

17. What did Paul speak about to Felix and his wife?
 - a. Faith in Christ Jesus
 - b. Righteousness
 - c. Self-control
 - d. The judgment to come
 - e. All of the above

18. After Paul spoke, Felix was _____.
- Angry
 - Jealous
 - Ignorant
 - Afraid
 - Cut to the heart
19. When did Felix say he would send for Paul again?
- When it was convenient
 - When he decided Paul's case
 - When King Agrippa came
 - When his wife wanted to hear him again
 - The next day
20. What did Felix hope Paul would offer him?
- Advice on how to deal with the Sanhedrin
 - A way to become a believer in secret
 - A bribe
 - The names of the apostles of Jesus and where they could be located
 - His services as a servant
21. How often did Paul speak with Felix?
- Once a week
 - Frequently
 - Once a month
 - Twice a year
 - Never again
22. How long was Paul detained in prison by Felix?
- Two weeks
 - Two months
 - One year
 - Two years
 - Three years
23. Who succeeded Felix as governor?
- Agrippa
 - Herod
 - Claudius Lysias
 - Tertullus
 - Porcius Festus
24. Why did Felix leave Paul in prison?
- To grant a favor to his successor
 - To grant a favor to Tertullus
 - To grant a favor to the Jews
 - To grant a favor to his wife
 - To grant a favor to King Agrippa

ACTS 25

Yet untried; Yearning to hear Paul Request to go to Rome

WHO: Festus Chief Priests and Jewish Leaders
Paul Caesar King Agrippa Bernice

WHAT: Jews brought false charges against Paul
Paul made a defense and appealed to Caesar
King Agrippa and Bernice came to Caesarea to see Festus
Festus and Agrippa discussed Paul's situation
Agrippa asked to hear Paul speak

WHERE: Caesarea Jerusalem

WISE WORDS:

"Then Paul made his defense: 'I have done nothing wrong against the law of the Jews or against the temple or against Caesar.'"

Acts 25:8

1. How many days had Festus been in the province when he heard the charges against Paul?
 - a. One
 - b. Two
 - c. Three
 - d. Four
 - e. Five
2. Where did Festus first hear the chief priests and Jewish leaders present charges against Paul?
 - a. Caesarea
 - b. Jerusalem
 - c. Bethlehem
 - d. Bethany
 - e. Antioch
3. What did the chief priests and Jewish leaders urgently request of Festus as a favor to them?
 - a. To have Paul released from prison, so they could ambush him when he left
 - b. To have Paul kept in prison without a trial
 - c. To have Paul transferred to Antioch, so they could ambush him on the way
 - d. To have Paul transferred to Jerusalem, so they could ambush him on the way
 - e. To have Paul transferred to Rome, so he would be completely out of the region

4. How did Festus respond to their request?
 - a. He laughed
 - b. He agreed
 - c. He thought they were arrogant to make such a request
 - d. He told them that Paul was innocent of their charges
 - e. He told them to send some of their leaders to Caesarea and press charges there

5. How long did Festus stay in Jerusalem?
 - a. Three days
 - b. Eight to ten days
 - c. Two weeks
 - d. Three weeks
 - e. A month

6. When did Festus convene the court to hear charges against Paul?
 - a. The next day after he went to Caesarea
 - b. During his stay in Jerusalem
 - c. After two years had passed
 - d. During Passover when the Jewish leaders would not come to Caesarea
 - e. A month after he went to Caesarea

7. How did the Jews prove their case against Paul?
 - a. They brought false witnesses with them
 - b. They bribed Festus to agree with them
 - c. They brought a man who had been cured by Paul who testified against him
 - d. They told Festus that Paul was starting a rebellion against Caesar
 - e. They could not prove their case against Paul

8. What statement did Paul make when he began his defense to Festus?
 - f. "I have done nothing wrong against the law of the Jews or against the temple or against Caesar."
 - g. "I consider myself fortunate to stand before you today as I make my defense against all the accusations of the Jews."
 - h. "I know that for a short time you have been a judge over this nation, so I gladly make my defense."
 - i. "Because you are well acquainted with all the Jewish customs and controversies, I gladly make my defense before you today."
 - j. "I pray God that all who are listening to me today may become what I am, except for these chains."

9. Why did Festus ask Paul if he was willing to go up to Jerusalem to stand trial there?
 - a. The Jews had more witnesses there who could not come to Caesarea
 - b. He wanted to give the Jews a chance to ambush Paul on the way
 - c. He wanted to do the Jews a favor
 - d. He wanted to delay his decision
 - e. He was to travel to Jerusalem again the next day

10. What did Paul say to Festus after he was asked to return to Jerusalem for trial?
 - a. "I am now standing before Festus' court, where I ought to be tried."
 - b. "I have not done any wrong to the Jews, even though you are unsure of this."
 - c. "If I am guilty of doing anything deserving death, I do not refuse to die."
 - d. "If the charges brought against me by these Jews are true, you must hand me over to them."
 - e. All of the above

11. To whom did Paul appeal his case?
 - a. King Agrippa
 - b. Caesar
 - c. Sergius Paulus
 - d. Gallio
 - e. Quirinius

12. What did Festus decide after he conferred with his council?
 - a. To release Paul
 - b. To hand Paul over to the Jewish rulers for punishment – but not death
 - c. To keep Paul in prison in Caesarea indefinitely
 - d. To send Paul to Caesar
 - e. To send Paul to King Agrippa

13. Who came to Caesarea to pay their respects to Festus?
 - a. The high priest Ananias
 - b. The high priest Annas
 - c. The proconsul Sergius Paulus
 - d. Gallio, the proconsul of Achaia
 - e. King Agrippa and Bernice

14. When Festus discussed Paul's case with his visitor, which of the following statements did he make concerning the situation?
 - a. "When his accusers got up to speak, they charged him with the crimes I had expected."
 - b. "His accusers had some points of dispute with him about the Greek worshippers he had traveled with."
 - c. "His accusers had some points of dispute with him about a dead man named Jesus who Paul claimed was alive"
 - d. "I know how to investigate such matters, but have ordered him held until I could send him to Caesar."
 - e. All of the above

15. What did Agrippa request from Festus?
 - a. To hear Paul himself
 - b. To try the case himself
 - c. To escort Paul to see Caesar in Rome
 - d. To appease the Jews by releasing Paul to them
 - e. To order that Paul be killed

16. Who was present the next day to hear Paul speak?
- Agrippa and Bernice
 - Festus
 - High ranking officers
 - Leading men of the city
 - All of the above
17. What did Festus tell King Agrippa about Paul's case after he was brought before them?
- "The Jewish high priest petitioned me about him, shouting that he ought not to be able to speak any longer."
 - "I found he had done nothing deserving of death."
 - "He made his appeal to the Emperor and I decided to send him to Athens."
 - "He is a Roman citizen and has certain rights that I cannot ignore."
 - "He is a very persuasive speaker, so be on guard."
18. Why did Festus say he had brought Paul before King Agrippa?
- To give King Agrippa the chance to hear about Jesus of Nazareth
 - To give King Agrippa and Bernice some entertainment
 - To let King Agrippa decide the case
 - So that as a result of the investigation, he would have something definite to write to the Emperor specifying the charges against Paul
 - Because King Agrippa had requested it

ACTS 26

Zealous before Agrippa Goes before Agrippa

WHO: Agrippa Paul Festus Bernice

WHAT: Paul gave his defense to King Agrippa, telling about his conversion
Festus accused Paul of being insane

WHERE: Caesarea

WISE WORDS:

"Then Agrippa said to Paul, 'Do you think that in such a short time you can persuade me to be a Christian?'" Acts 26:28

1. Why did Paul consider himself fortunate to stand before King Agrippa?
 - a. Because King Agrippa was well acquainted with all the Jewish customs and controversies
 - b. Because King Agrippa was well acquainted with the Way
 - c. Because King Agrippa and Paul knew each other from an earlier time
 - d. Because King Agrippa was a believer in secret
 - e. Because King Agrippa was related to his father's family
2. Paul said that the Jews all knew the way he had lived since _____.
 - a. He studied under Gamaliel
 - b. He became a follower of the Way
 - c. He was a child, from the beginning of his life in his own country
 - d. He and his family had moved to Jerusalem
 - e. He became a member of the Sanhedrin
3. How had Paul lived?
 - a. According to the strictest sect of the Jews, as a Sadducee
 - b. According to the strictest sect of the Jews, as a Pharisee
 - c. According to the strictest sect of the Jews, as a Priest
 - d. According to the strictest sect of the Jews, as a Scribe
 - e. According to the strictest sect of the Jews, as a High Priest
4. According to Paul, why was he on trial?
 - a. Because he had taken a Greek into the temple area
 - b. Because he had entered the house of a Gentile
 - c. Because he stirred up a riot in Jerusalem
 - d. Because of his hope in what God promised their fathers
 - e. Because he cursed the high priest

5. Paul said, "Why should any of you consider it incredible that _____?"
 - a. God makes promises to man
 - b. God fulfills his promises to man
 - c. God raises the dead
 - d. God sends rain on the just and on the unjust
 - e. God has set a time to judge the world

6. What had Paul done in Jerusalem?
 - a. Put many of the saints in prison
 - b. Cast his vote against the saints when they were put to death
 - c. Went from one synagogue to another to have the saints punished
 - d. Tried to force the saints to blaspheme
 - e. All of the above

7. Why was Paul going to foreign cities?
 - a. To persecute the saints
 - b. To take letters from the high priest to the synagogue rulers regarding matters of the law
 - c. To find evidence against the apostles
 - d. To preach against the name of Jesus of Nazareth
 - e. To search for Peter and John, who had escaped Jerusalem

8. In what language did the voice speak to Paul when he was on the road to Damascus?
 - a. Hebrew
 - b. Aramaic
 - c. Greek
 - d. Latin
 - e. Laconian

9. Which of the following statements is ONLY recorded in Acts 26 (not Acts 9 or Acts 22) concerning the words that the voice spoke to Paul on the road to Damascus?
 - a. "Saul! Saul!"
 - b. "Why do you persecute me?"
 - c. "I am Jesus, whom you are persecuting."
 - d. "It is hard for you to kick against the goads."
 - e. "Go into the city and you will be told what you must do."

10. Why had Jesus appeared to Paul on the road to Damascus?
 - a. To appoint Paul as a servant
 - b. To appoint Paul as a witness of what he had seen of Jesus
 - c. To appoint Paul as a witness of what Jesus would show him
 - d. All of the above
 - e. B and C above

11. According to the voice on the road to Damascus, from whom would Jesus rescue Paul?
 - a. From his own people and from the Gentiles
 - b. From Caesar
 - c. From the governors of Judea
 - d. From the high priest Ananias
 - e. From the lawyer Tertullus

12. Why was Jesus sending Paul to the Jews and Gentiles?
- To close their eyes
 - To turn them from light to darkness
 - To turn them from the power of Satan to God
 - So that they might receive postponement of punishment for sins
 - So they might hear about those who were sanctified by faith in Jesus
13. Paul told King Agrippa that he was _____ the vision from heaven.
- Disobedient to
 - Not disobedient to
 - Disbelieving of
 - Angry about
 - Afraid of
14. Where did Paul preach after seeing the vision from heaven on the road to Damascus?
- First to those in Damascus
 - Second to those in Jerusalem
 - Those in all Judea
 - The Gentiles also
 - All of the above
15. According to Paul, how should believers prove their repentance?
- By confessing with their mouth
 - By being baptized in water
 - By giving money to the high priest
 - By their deeds
 - By sacrificing in the temple
16. Whom did Paul say had helped him to that very day?
- God
 - The apostles
 - The believers in Antioch
 - Barnabas
 - Timothy and Silas
17. What did Paul tell King Agrippa that the prophets and Moses said would happen?
- Israel would sin and be taken into captivity by Rome
 - The Christ would suffer, but would overcome and establish a kingdom in Jerusalem
 - The temple in Jerusalem would be destroyed
 - The Christ would suffer and, as the first to rise from the dead, would proclaim light to his own people and to the Gentiles
 - The Christ would suffer, but would proclaim light only to the Jewish nation
18. When he interrupted Paul's defense, what did Festus think was wrong with Paul?
- He had a seizure
 - He had a fever
 - He had been driven insane by his great learning
 - He had been taken over by an evil spirit
 - He was drunk with wine

19. According to Paul, why could he speak freely to King Agrippa?
- Because Agrippa was a life-long friend
 - Because Agrippa was familiar with the things Paul had been talking about
 - Because God was giving him words to speak
 - Because Agrippa was also a believer and a Jew
 - Because Agrippa had no power to punish Paul
20. What question did Paul ask King Agrippa?
- "Did these things of which I speak escape your notice?"
 - "Were these things of which I speak done in a corner?"
 - "Do you think I am out of my mind?"
 - "Do you believe that what I am telling you is true?"
 - "Do you believe the prophets?"
21. What did King Agrippa say to Paul after hearing his defense?
- "Do you think that in such a short time you can persuade me to be a Christian?"
 - "At some more convenient time I will call for you and hear you further."
 - "Paul – what must I do to be saved?"
 - "Pray to the Lord for me so that I will not fall under judgment."
 - "There is water near. What hinders me from being baptized?"
22. Paul wanted his listeners to become like him, except for what?
- His thorn in the flesh
 - His unmarried state
 - His ranking as a Pharisee
 - His chains
 - His zealous persecution of followers of the Way
23. What did King Agrippa, Governor Festus, and Bernice say to one another when they left the room where Paul made his defense?
- "This man has almost persuaded us to become followers of the Way!"
 - "This man has every right to appeal to Caesar – he has done nothing wrong!"
 - "This man is not doing anything that deserves death or imprisonment."
 - "This man has been unwise in making enemies of the Jews."
 - "This man must be out of his mind to say such things."
24. According to King Agrippa, what would have happened to Paul had he not appealed to Caesar?
- He could have been put to death by the Roman commander
 - He could have been beaten and held in prison for years by Felix
 - He could have been stoned by the Jews
 - He could have been rescued by followers of the Way
 - He could have been set free

ACTS 27

All escape shipwreck to Rome On rough seas

WHO:	Paul	Luke	Other prisoners	
	Julius, the centurion		Aristarchus	
	Pilot of the ship		Angel of God	
	Sailors			
WHAT:	Paul and companions sailed to Rome under supervision of Julius			
	Paul warned of disaster if they continued from Crete			
	Wind of hurricane force created a large storm			
	Paul encouraged everyone to not be afraid; all lives would be saved			
	Ship wrecked on Malta			
WHERE:	Italy	Adramyttium	Asia	Sidon
	Cyprus	Cilicia	Pamphylia	Myra in Lycia
	Cnidus	Crete	Salmone	Fair Havens
	Lasea	Phoenix	Cauda	Syrtis
	Adriatic Sea			

WISE WORDS:

“So keep up your courage, men, for I have faith in God that it will happen just as he told me.” Acts 27:25

1. Who was in charge of the prisoners on the way to Italy?
 - a. Julius, a centurion who belonged to the Imperial Regiment
 - b. Aristarchus, a Macedonian from Thessalonica
 - c. Publius, a chief official
 - d. Claudius Lysias, the Roman commander
 - e. Tertullus, a lawyer
2. Where was the ship from that Paul boarded?
 - a. Thessalonica
 - b. Sidon
 - c. Adramyttium
 - d. Myra in Lycia
 - e. Cyprus
3. Who sailed with Paul?
 - a. Aristarchus
 - b. Luke
 - c. Timothy
 - d. Silas
 - e. A and B above

4. How did Julius show kindness to Paul when they landed at Sidon?
 - a. He allowed Paul to go ashore so that he could pray privately
 - b. He allowed Paul to go to his friends so they might provide for his needs
 - c. He allowed Paul and his friends to worship, since it was the first day of the week
 - d. He gave Paul money to buy provisions for the rest of the trip
 - e. He set Paul free

5. Where did the centurion find an Alexandrian ship sailing for Italy on which Paul could sail?
 - a. At Cyprus
 - b. At Cilicia
 - c. At Pamphylia
 - d. At Myra in Lycia
 - e. At Sidon

6. After Paul boarded the Alexandrian ship, how was the journey?
 - a. They made slow headway for many days
 - b. They had difficulty arriving off Cnidus
 - c. The wind would not allow them to hold their course
 - d. They moved along the coast with difficulty
 - e. All of the above

7. What did Paul say to warn the people in charge of the ship?
 - a. "Men, I can see that our voyage is going to be disastrous and bring great loss to ship, cargo, and our own lives."
 - b. "Men, I can see that much time has been lost. We should stay here until it is safe to sail at Pentecost."
 - c. "Men, sailing is now dangerous because it is after the Fast."
 - d. "Men, I can see that our voyage will be ambushed by the Jews wishing to kill me."
 - e. "Men, I can see that this ship from Egypt is not strong enough to bear us all the way to Italy."

8. Whose advice did the centurion take in regard to continuing their journey by sea?
 - a. Paul
 - b. The pilot of the ship
 - c. The owner of the ship
 - d. The sailors on the ship
 - e. B and C above

9. Where was the ship when Paul warned the travelers of disaster to come?
 - a. Phoenix
 - b. Fair Havens
 - c. Lasea
 - d. Adramyttium
 - e. Sidon

10. Why did the majority of people onboard decide to sail on, even though sailing had become dangerous because it was after the Fast?
 - a. They were eager to arrive in Italy, and assumed the worst conditions were behind them
 - b. They thought Paul was out of his mind
 - c. The harbor of Fair Havens was unsuitable to winter in
 - d. They knew that Paul was not a sailor and had no knowledge of the seas
 - e. They knew that the Jews were approaching in another ship, and wanted to outrun them

11. Where did the people onboard the ship hope to winter?
 - a. Fair Havens
 - b. Lasea
 - c. Myra
 - d. Phoenix
 - e. Malta

12. What kind of storm caught the ship?
 - a. A wind of hurricane force, called the "northeaster"
 - b. A wind of hurricane force, called the "southwester"
 - c. A wind of hurricane force, called the "northwester"
 - d. A wind of hurricane force, called the "southeaster"
 - e. A wind of hurricane force, called the "northerner"

13. What happened when the ship was driven along by the storm and passed to the lee of Cauda?
 - a. The lifeboat was torn away from the ship
 - b. They were hardly able to make the lifeboat secure
 - c. The pilot and owner of the ship tried to escape in the lifeboat
 - d. Some of the sailors tried to escape in the lifeboat
 - e. The lifeboat filled with water and sank

14. Why did they pass ropes under the ship?
 - a. To connect the ship securely to the lifeboat
 - b. To keep the ship from running aground
 - c. To hold the ship together
 - d. To lighten the weight on top of the ship
 - e. To see if the lower part of the ship was damaged

15. Where did they lower the sea anchor, fearing that they would run aground?
 - a. Along the shore of Crete
 - b. The small island called Cauda
 - c. Lasea, near Fair Havens
 - d. Syrtis
 - e. Myra in Lycia

16. What did the people throw overboard when they took a violent battering from the storm?
 - a. The cargo
 - b. The ship's tackle
 - c. Slaves
 - d. Food
 - e. A and B above

17. When did the people on the ship finally give up all hope of being saved?
- When neither sun nor stars appeared for many days while the storm raged
 - When Paul told them that he had warned them earlier and they had not listened
 - When they had been at sea a month
 - When all the food was gone
 - When all the water to drink was gone
18. Paul told them to _____.
- Fast and pray that harm would not come to them
 - Raise holy hands to God in humility, so the Lord would see their plight
 - Keep up their courage
 - Escape in the lifeboat while they still had the chance
 - Prepare to die
19. What did Paul know about the rest of their journey?
- Several of them would be lost to the sea
 - Only the ship would be destroyed
 - None of them would be lost and the ship would come through safely
 - They and the ship would all be lost at sea
 - If they would only believe in Jesus, they would be saved from the storm
20. How did Paul know this?
- Paul had the gift of telling the future from the Holy Spirit
 - Paul did not know it – he was just trying to encourage everyone onboard
 - A bright light appeared, and a voice spoke telling him all that was to come
 - An angel of God stood beside him one night and talked to him
 - God had revealed it to him in a dream before he left Caesarea
21. What other information was given to Paul?
- He must stand trial before Caesar
 - He was not to be afraid
 - God graciously had given him the lives of all who sailed with him
 - They must run aground on some island
 - All of the above
22. How many nights had they been driven at sea before sensing land?
- Eight
 - Ten
 - Fourteen
 - Eighteen
 - Twenty
23. How deep was the water where the sailors took soundings the first time?
- A hundred and twenty feet
 - Ninety feet
 - Seventy feet
 - Fifty feet
 - Twenty feet

24. What did the sailors do when they feared the ship would be dashed against the rocks?
- Dropped four anchors from the stern
 - Prayed for daylight
 - Attempted to escape from the ship in the lifeboat
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
25. Why did the soldiers cut the ropes that held the lifeboat and let it fall away?
- They were angry at the sailors who tried to escape in it
 - Paul told the centurion and soldiers, "Unless these men stay with the ship, you cannot be saved."
 - The lifeboat had a large hole in it and would not be safe
 - They wanted to watch the lifeboat to see where it ran aground
 - Paul told the people on the ship that God would be their lifeboat
26. Just before dawn, what did Paul urge them to do?
- Sleep
 - Drink wine
 - Eat
 - Pray
 - Fast
27. What did Paul do to encourage the people on the ship?
- Told them that not one of them would lose a single hair from his head
 - Took some bread and gave thanks to God in front of them all
 - Broke the bread and began to eat it
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
28. How many were on board the ship?
- 135
 - 186
 - 227
 - 256
 - 276
29. What did they see when daylight came?
- Many sharp rocks jutting out of the water
 - A large mountain on a far island
 - A bay with a sandy beach
 - A coastline that was inhabited by many people
 - Only ocean water
30. What did the sailors do to prepare the ship to run aground?
- Fastened the ropes tighter on the anchors
 - Secured the heavy grain below deck
 - Tied the ropes that held the rudders
 - Hoisted the foresail to the wind
 - All of the above

31. What finally happened to the ship?
- The ship struck a sandbar and ran aground
 - The bow cracked in the middle when it hit a rock
 - The stern held fast against the pounding of the surf
 - All of the above
 - A and B above
32. What did the soldiers plan to do with the prisoners?
- Tie them together with ropes so they could not escape
 - Kill them to prevent any of them from swimming away
 - Force them to make repairs on the ship
 - Sell them to the natives as slaves
 - Release them on the island
33. Who kept the soldiers from carrying out their plan for the prisoners?
- The pilot of the ship
 - The owner of the ship
 - The centurion
 - Luke
 - Paul
34. How did everyone reach land safely after the ship broke apart?
- Those who could swim jumped overboard first and got to land
 - Those who could not swim got to land on planks or on pieces of the ship
 - Everyone held on to planks or pieces of the ship and floated to land
 - Everyone jumped overboard and swam
 - A and B above

ACTS 28

Bit by viper; Boldly preaches in Rome Delivered to Rome

WHO: Islanders Paul Publius Believing Brothers
Soldier Jews of Rome Father of Publius

WHAT: Islanders welcomed Paul and the shipwrecked people
A viper bit Paul with no ill effect
Paul healed Publius' father and others
Paul arrived in Rome and was greeted by believers
Paul defended himself to the Jewish leaders in Rome
Paul preached boldly in Rome

WHERE: Malta Syracuse Rhegium
Puteoli Rome Forum of Appius
Three Taverns

WISE WORDS:

"Boldly and without hindrance he preached the kingdom of God
And taught about the Lord Jesus Christ." Acts 28:31

1. What island had Paul and those sailing with him landed on?
 - a. Crete
 - b. Cyprus
 - c. Malta
 - d. Corsica
 - e. Sicily
2. What did the islanders do to the shipwrecked people?
 - a. Approached them with caution and just watched them
 - b. Built a fire and welcomed them because it was raining and cold
 - c. Captured them and held them under guard
 - d. Surrounded them and demanded money for landing on their island
 - e. Took them into their various homes to stay
3. What happened to Paul when he gathered wood for the fire?
 - a. A viper, driven out by the heat, fastened itself on Paul's hand
 - b. A viper, driven out by the heat, fastened itself on Paul's leg
 - c. A viper, driven out by the heat, fastened itself on Paul's arm
 - d. A viper, driven out by the heat, crawled in between Paul's legs
 - e. A viper, driven out by the heat, curled up around the log on which Paul was sitting

4. When the islanders saw the snake, what did they say to each other?
 - a. "This man must have an evil spirit to attract the viper to him."
 - b. "This man must be a child of the devil."
 - c. "This man must be the cause of their shipwreck."
 - d. "Though he escaped from the sea, Justice has not allowed him to live."
 - e. C and D above

5. What did Paul do to the snake?
 - a. Kept it with him through the night
 - b. Stepped on it
 - c. Shook it off into the fire
 - d. Killed it, skinned it, and cooked it for food
 - e. Threw it into the sea

6. What did the people expect would happen to Paul because of the snake?
 - a. He would suffer no ill effects
 - b. He would swell up
 - c. He would suddenly fall dead
 - d. He would become violently ill with a fever
 - e. B and C above

7. When the islanders waited a long time and saw nothing unusual happen to Paul, what did they think about him?
 - a. He was a god
 - b. He was a snake charmer
 - c. He was a devil worshiper
 - d. He had strange medicine
 - e. He was a worker of miracles

8. Who entertained the shipwrecked people in his estate home for three days?
 - a. Claudius Lysias
 - b. Julius
 - c. Aristarchus
 - d. Publius
 - e. Pollux

9. Whom did Paul heal of fever and dysentery on the island of Malta?
 - a. The father of Pollux, named after the son of Zeus
 - b. The father of Publius, chief official of the island
 - c. The father of Julius, centurion
 - d. The father of Claudius Lysias, commander of troops
 - e. The owner of the shipwrecked vessel

10. Who else was healed on the island of Malta?
 - a. A man who had an evil spirit
 - b. A man who had been crippled from birth
 - c. The rest of the sick on the island who came to Paul
 - d. A man who was blind and deaf
 - e. Some of the sick on the island who were brought to Paul

11. What did the islanders do when Paul and his companions were ready to sail?
 - a. They fell down and worshiped them as gods
 - b. They wept as they embraced and kissed him
 - c. They knelt down on the beach and prayed
 - d. They tried unsuccessfully to free Paul, and then said, "The Lord's will be done."
 - e. They furnished Paul and his companions with the supplies they needed

12. How long did Paul and his companions stay on the island of Malta after being shipwrecked?
 - a. Three days
 - b. Three weeks
 - c. Three months
 - d. Three years
 - e. Thirty-three days

13. What kind of ship did Paul and his companions take from Malta to Rome?
 - a. An Alexandrian ship
 - b. A Roman ship
 - c. A Macedonian ship
 - d. A Syrian ship
 - e. An Asian ship

14. What figurehead was on the ship that Paul and his companions took to Rome?
 - a. Poseidon, god of the sea
 - b. Ares, god of war
 - c. Aphrodite, goddess of love
 - d. Athena, the virgin warrior
 - e. Twin gods Castor and Pollux, sons of Zeus

15. What places did Paul travel through on his way to Rome from Malta?
 - a. Salmone, Lasea, and Fair Havens
 - b. Syracuse, Rhegium, and Puteoli
 - c. Ptolemais, Tyre, and Sidon
 - d. Salamis, Seleucia, and Myra
 - e. Rhodes, Cnidus, and Cos

16. Where did the brothers greet Paul when he arrived in Rome?
 - a. Puteoli
 - b. Roman Forum
 - c. Forum of Appius
 - d. Three Taverns
 - e. C and D above

17. What did Paul do when he saw these brothers from Rome?
 - a. Wept
 - b. Spoke in tongues
 - c. Thanked God
 - d. Healed them of their diseases
 - e. Prophesied

18. How did Paul live in Rome?
- In prison with his feet in chains
 - In the household of a soldier
 - As a servant to a man of nobility
 - By himself with a soldier to guard him
 - By himself with no restrictions
19. Whom did Paul call together after arriving in Rome?
- The leaders of the Jews
 - The elders in Rome
 - The apostles who were living in Rome
 - All of the believers in Rome
 - The Jewish believers in Rome
20. What did the Jews say after Paul told them how he was arrested and sent to Rome?
- "We have not received any letters from Judea concerning you."
 - "None of the brothers who have come from there has reported or said anything bad about you."
 - "We want to hear what your views are."
 - "We know that people everywhere are talking against this sect."
 - All of the above
21. When the Jews arranged to meet Paul in Rome on a certain day, how long did Paul explain and try to convince them about Jesus?
- Until midnight
 - From morning till evening
 - All afternoon
 - All morning
 - For three days
22. How did the Jews respond to Paul's words about Jesus?
- All were convinced by what he said
 - None were convinced by what he said
 - Some were convinced by what he said, but others would not believe
 - They began to argue and roused up a crowd of people to riot
 - They tried to run Paul out of Rome
23. Which prophet did Paul quote in his final statement to the Jews in Rome?
- Joel
 - Amos
 - Jeremiah
 - Isaiah
 - Ezekiel
24. Why did people hear but not understand, and see but not perceive?
- It was spoken to them in a foreign language
 - It was too difficult to understand
 - It was not explained to them adequately
 - It was spoken in parables only the Holy Spirit could interpret
 - The people's heart had become calloused

25. What would happen IF the people would see with their eyes, hear with their ears, understand with their heart, and turn?
- They would be baptized with the Holy Spirit
 - God would heal them
 - They would see the face of God
 - They would have prosperous lives
 - They would be saved from every difficulty
26. To whom did Paul say that God's salvation had been sent in Acts 28:28?
- To the Jews
 - To the Romans
 - To the Greeks
 - To the Gentiles
 - To the Pagans
27. What will be the Gentile's reaction to God's salvation?
- They will listen
 - They will hear but not understand
 - They will see but not perceive
 - They will close their eyes
 - B and C above
28. How long did Paul stay in his own rented house in Rome?
- Two months
 - Six months
 - Two years
 - Four years
 - Five years
29. What did Paul do in his rented house in Rome?
- Welcomed all who came to see him
 - Preached the kingdom of God
 - Taught about the Lord Jesus Christ
 - All of the above
 - B and C above
30. From whom did Paul have opposition when he preached in Rome?
- The Jews
 - The Roman officials
 - Caesar
 - The priests of Zeus
 - No one – he spoke boldly and without hindrance

QUIZ QUESTIONS

ACTS 1-5

MATCHING

WHO:

- ___ ascended into heaven
- ___ with Peter when crippled was cured
- ___ took the place of Judas
- ___ an encourager who sold a field and brought the money
- ___ Acts was written to him
- ___ Jewish council or high court
- ___ writer of Acts
- ___ a Pharisee with wise advice
- ___ lied to the Holy Spirit
- ___ preached the first gospel sermon on Pentecost

- a. Jesus
- b. Theophilus
- c. Ananias and Sapphira
- d. John
- e. Barnabas
- f. Luke
- g. Peter
- h. Gamaliel
- i. Matthias
- j. Sanhedrin

WHAT:

- ___ He appeared to them
- ___ You will receive power
- ___ A cloud hid him

- ___ they all joined together
- ___ with the reward he got for his wickedness
- ___ When the day of Pentecost came
- ___ what seemed to be tongues of fire
- ___ Peter replied
- ___ Silver or gold I do not have

- ___ Great fear seized all

- a. from their sight
- b. Judas bought a field
- c. that separated and came to rest on each of them
- d. but what I have I give you
- e. over a period of 40 days
- f. repent and be baptized
- g. who heard what happened
- h. when the Holy Spirit comes
- i. they were all together in one place
- j. constantly in prayer

WHERE:

- ___ a crippled man was carried here
- ___ city where Temple was located
- ___ Home of Barnabas
- ___ where Jesus ascended
- ___ where they never stopped teaching and proclaiming
- ___ where apostles waited
- ___ Jewish place of worship
- ___ angel opened these doors
- ___ where visitors at Pentecost were from
- ___ where Peter preached IN the temple

- a. Jerusalem
- b. Mount of Olives
- c. upper room
- d. temple
- e. gate called Beautiful
- f. Solomon's Colonnade
- g. Cyprus
- h. public jail
- i. From house to house
- j. every nation under heaven

WHEN: Name the chapter in which these things are located: 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5

- ___ Beginning of the Church
- ___ crippled cured
- ___ Peter and John appear before Sanhedrin
- ___ Jesus ascended
- ___ Ananias and Sapphira lie
- ___ Peter preaches second recorded sermon
- ___ apostles put in jail
- ___ appointing of a new apostle
- ___ believers prayed, and the meeting place was shaken
- ___ Peter preaches the first sermon

WHY:

- ___ Why will the Holy Spirit come?
- ___ Why was Matthias appointed an apostle?
- ___ Why did the Holy Spirit give power to speak in tongues?
- ___ Why repent and be baptized?
- ___ Why did believers sell possessions and goods?
- ___ Why did crippled man come to the temple?
- ___ Why were people astonished in Chapter 3?
- ___ Why were Jewish leaders disturbed?
- ___ Why is Jesus' name important? (4:12)
- ___ Why did Ananias and Sapphira die?
- A. So people from every nation could hear the message
- B. to give to any believers who had a need.
- C. apostles were teaching Jesus resurrected
- D. no other name by which you can be saved.
- E. To give apostles power to be witnesses.
- F. they lied
- G. for forgiveness of sins
- H. to beg from those going into the temple
- I. To replace Judas Iscariot
- J. amazed at healing of man crippled from birth

QUIZ QUESTIONS

ACTS 6-10

TRUE/FALSE

Place a "T" for true, and an "F" for false in front of each sentence.

WHO:

1. ___ The Jewish widows were being overlooked in the daily distribution of food.
2. ___ Stephen and Philip were two of the seven men chosen to help the widows.
3. ___ God told Abraham to take off his sandals because he was on holy ground.
4. ___ Saul gave approval to Stephen's death.
5. ___ Simon the Sorcerer became a believer and was baptized.
6. ___ The Ethiopian Eunuch had gone to Jerusalem on important business for the queen.
7. ___ Ananias had to be convinced by God to see Saul in Damascus.
8. ___ Peter took Saul and brought him to the apostles in Jerusalem to convince them of his conversion.
9. ___ Cornelius was a Jewish centurion in Caesarea.
10. ___ Paul preached to Cornelius.

WHAT:

11. ___ A large number of priests became obedient to the faith in chapter 6.
12. ___ Stephen spoke words of blasphemy against Moses and God.
13. ___ The apostles told the church to pick seven men to help distribute food equitably.
14. ___ Stephen was stoned inside the city.
15. ___ A great persecution caused the believers to scatter throughout Judea and Samaria.
16. ___ Peter rebuked Simon for wanting to buy the gift of God with money.
17. ___ The Ethiopian was reading out of the book of Jeremiah from the Old Testament.
18. ___ The men traveling with Saul on the road to Damascus heard the sound and saw the same thing as Saul.
19. ___ Tabitha was known for doing good, helping the poor, and making clothing.
20. ___ Peter's vision was about a large sheet holding animals, reptiles, and birds.

WHERE:

21. ___ Saul met Jesus on the road to Damascus in chapter 7.
22. ___ Stephen was stoned in chapter 8.
23. ___ A eunuch in a chariot learned about Jesus in chapter 8.
24. ___ Peter had a vision at Simon the Tanner's house in chapter 10.
25. ___ Stephen told the history of the Jews in chapter 6.
26. ___ Dorcas was raised from the dead in chapter 9.
27. ___ Philip preached to the Samaritans in chapter 7.
28. ___ Seven men were appointed to help the Grecian widows in chapter 6.
29. ___ Stephen's face was like the face of an angel in chapter 7.
30. ___ Ananias helped Saul become a Christian in chapter 9.

WHEN:

31. ___ When the number of disciples was increasing, the Hebraic Jews complained against the Grecian Jews about widows being neglected.
32. ___ When Stephen did great wonders and miraculous signs, opposition arose from the members of the Synagogue of the Freedmen.

33. ____ When Stephen went before the Sanhedrin, witnesses told the truth.
34. ____ When Stephen gave his defense, he told about Joseph.
35. ____ When the Sanhedrin became furious with Stephen, they tore their clothes.
36. ____ When the apostles in Jerusalem heard about the Samaritans accepting the word of God, they sent Barnabas and Ananias to them.
37. ____ When the eunuch saw water, he wanted a drink.
38. ____ When Saul arrived in Damascus, he did not eat or drink for a week.
39. ____ When Ananias placed his hands on Saul, something like scales fell from his eyes.
40. ____ When Peter met Cornelius, he knew the dream meant that God does not show favoritism in accepting believers from different nations.

WHY:

41. ____ The apostles wanted others to handle “waiting of tables” so they could give attention to prayer and the ministry of the word.
42. ____ The Synagogue of the Freedmen could not stand up to Stephen because of his wisdom and the Holy Spirit.
43. ____ The Sanhedrin was furious at Stephen because he accused them of murdering God’s special son.
44. ____ Stephen loved God enough to pray for those killing him.
45. ____ The crowds in Samaria paid attention to Philip because he was handsome.
46. ____ Philip met the Ethiopian Eunuch on the road to Gaza because he (Philip) was resting there.
47. ____ Saul went to the high priest in Jerusalem for instruction in Jewish law.
48. ____ Saul escaped Damascus in a basket through an opening in the wall because he baffled the Jews by proving that Jesus is the Christ.
50. ____ Cornelius sent men to Joppa to find John.
51. ____ Peter didn’t want Cornelius to bow to him because Peter was only a man as well.

QUIZ QUESTIONS

ACTS 11-15

FILL IN THE BLANK

WHO:

1. God has granted even the _____ repentance unto life. (11:18)
2. The church of Jerusalem sent _____ to Antioch.
3. Herod had _____ the brother of _____ put to death with the sword.
4. _____ answered the door when Peter escaped from prison.
5. _____ and _____ were sent by the church at Antioch on the first missionary journey.
6. In Paphos, Paul and Barnabas met a Jewish sorcerer and false prophet named _____. His other name was _____ (13:8)
7. In Lystra, the crowd thought Barnabas was _____ and Paul _____.
8. _____ from Antioch and Iconium won the crowd over in Lystra to stone Paul.
9. _____ and _____ were appointed to go to Jerusalem
10. _____ made a judgment to not make it difficult for Gentiles who were turning to God.

WHAT:

1. Peter explained what his _____ meant and how the Gentiles received the _____ just like the Jewish believers.
2. Barnabas and Saul taught great numbers in Antioch, where they were first called _____.
3. Peter was kept in _____ over the Passover in chapter 12.
4. Peter thought he was seeing a _____ when the angel led him out of _____.
5. The Holy Spirit told the church in Antioch to set aside Paul and Barnabas for the _____ to which _____.
6. Elymas the sorcerer became _____ when the hand of the Lord was against him.
7. Paul was _____ in Lystra.
8. Paul and Barnabas returned to Lystra, Iconium, and Antioch _____ the disciples and _____ them to remain _____ to the _____.
9. Paul and Barnabas had a sharp _____ and _____ with men from Judea.
10. The apostles and elders sent a _____ to the church in Antioch.

WHERE:

1. Peter saw the vision about a sheet in the city of _____.
2. Barnabas found Saul in _____ in chapter 11.
3. After escaping from prison, Peter went to the house of _____.
4. Herod died in _____.
5. Paul and Barnabas were sent on a missionary journey by the church in _____.
6. Sergius Paulus lived on the island of _____.
7. In Pisidian Antioch, Paul preached first in the _____.
8. The believers were called Christians first in _____.
9. Paul cured a man crippled from birth in _____.
10. The council on circumcision took place in _____.

WHEN:

1. Paul and Barnabas had a disagreement about John Mark in chapter _____.
2. The first missionary journey of Paul is found in chapters _____ and _____.
3. Peter explains about Cornelius in chapter _____.
4. Peter escapes from prison in chapter _____.
5. Paul and Barnabas went to Iconium in chapter _____.
6. Judas Barsabbas and Silas went to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas in chapter _____.
7. Paul gives some Jewish history in chapter _____.
8. Sergius Paulus believed in the Lord in chapter _____.
9. Herod dies in chapter _____.
10. Peter keeps knocking at a door in chapter _____.

WHY:

1. Peter had to explain his actions with Cornelius because he was _____ by the circumcised believers.
2. The disciples in Antioch provided help to the brothers in Judea because Agabus _____ a severe _____.
3. King Herod persecuted Christians because it pleased the _____.
4. King Herod was struck down by God because he _____
_____.

5. Sergius Paulus sent for Barnabas and Saul because he wanted to hear the _____
_____.
6. The Jews in chapter 13 talked abusively against what Paul was preaching because they
were _____.
7. Paul and Barnabas fled to Lystra and Derbe because they found out about _____
_____.
8. The crowd in Lystra believed Paul and Barnabas were gods because _____
_____.
9. Disciples were encouraged to remain true to the faith because they must go through
Many _____ to enter the _____ of _____.
10. Paul and Barnabas appointed _____ in each church and committed them
To the _____.
11. Paul did not want to take John Mark because _____.

QUIZ QUESTIONS

ACTS 16-20

SHORT ANSWER

WHO: Give one fact about each of the following people.

1. Timothy
2. Lydia
3. Jailer in Philippi
4. Silas
5. Berean Christians
6. Dionysius
7. Aquila
8. Gallio
9. Priscilla
10. Apollos

WHAT: Tell what happened next after these events occurred.

1. Paul met Timothy:
2. Paul had a vision of a man of Macedonia:
3. Lydia heard Paul's message:
4. Paul healed the slave girl of the predicting spirit:
5. A violent earthquake shook the foundations of the prison:
6. Paul and Silas let the officers know that they were Roman citizens:
7. The mob rushed to Jason's house to find Paul and Silas in Thessalonica:
8. Paul was distressed to see that Athens was full of idols:
9. Paul met Aquila and Priscilla in Corinth:
10. Aquila and Priscilla heard Apollos speak:

WHERE: Briefly tell one thing that happened in each place.

1. Philippi
2. Troas (Chapter 16)
3. Thessalonica
4. Berea
5. Athens
6. Corinth
7. Ephesus (Chapter 18)
8. Miletus
9. Troas (Chapter 20)
10. Ephesus (Chapter 19)

WHEN: Tell two things that happened in each chapter.

Chapter 16

Chapter 17

Chapter 18

Chapter 19

Chapter 20

WHY:

1. Why did Paul circumcise Timothy in Chapter 16?
2. Why did Paul go to Macedonia in Chapter 16:10?
3. Why did Paul and his companions go outside the city gate to the river in Philippi?
4. Why did the owners of the slave girl seize Paul and Silas?
5. Why was the Philippian jailer about to kill himself?
6. Why did the magistrates in Philippi come to appease Paul and Silas?
7. Why were the Bereans of more noble character than the Thessalonians?
8. Why did the people of Athens take Paul to a meeting of the Areopagus?
9. Why did the Lord speak to Paul in chapter 18 in Corinth?
10. Why did Demetrius the Silversmith start a riot in Ephesus?

QUIZ QUESTIONS

ACTS 21-25

TRUE/FALSE

Place a "T" for True, and an "F" for False in front of each statement.

WHO:

- The "we" in chapter 21 includes Luke.
- Philip the evangelist had four married daughters who sang.
- The prophet Agabus told about a shipwreck.
- In Jerusalem, they stayed at the home of Mnason from Cyprus.
- Paul went to see Peter and the elders in Jerusalem in chapter 21.
- Seeing the commander of the Roman troops stopped the rioters from beating Paul.
- Paul said that he was a Jew from Jerusalem.
- Paul was trained under Gamaliel.
- Felix was a king.
- Festus discussed Paul's case with King Agrippa.

WHAT:

- The believers pleaded with Paul not to go to Antioch after Agabus predicted imprisonment.
- Paul joined Jewish men in purification rights to show that he was living in obedience to the law.
- Some Jews from Asia assumed Paul had brought Trophimus the Ephesian into the temple.
- The crowd in Jerusalem tried to kill Paul in the temple area.
- Paul spoke to the crowd in Jerusalem in Hebrew.
- The Lord told Paul to have courage, he would be able to testify in Spain.
- More than 40 men said they would not eat or drink until they killed Paul.
- Paul's cousin heard of the plot to kill Paul and informed the centurion.
- Paul was sent to Governor Felix during the night.
- Felix said he would send for Paul at a more convenient time.

WHERE:

- Paul sailed part of the way to Jerusalem.
- Paul stopped in Tyre on his way to Jerusalem.
- Agabus made his prediction in Rhodes.
- Jews from the province of Macedonia stirred up the crowd in the temple.
- Paul said he was born in Tarsus but brought up in Jerusalem.
- The Sanhedrin met in the city of Bethlehem.
- Paul was transferred from Jerusalem to Caesarea to avoid being killed.
- The chief priests and Jewish leaders requested Festus to have Paul transferred to Jerusalem.
- Paul spoke before Festus and King Agrippa in Jerusalem.
- Paul saw Jesus of Nazareth on the road to Gaza.

WHEN:

- Paul appeared before King Agrippa in chapter 22.
- Paul spoke to Felix in chapter 21.
- Paul was transferred to Caesarea in chapter 23.
- Paul declared his Roman citizenship in chapter 22.
- Paul arrived in Jerusalem in chapter 25.
- Paul was seized in Jerusalem in chapter 24.
- Paul told about his conversion in chapter 22.
- Paul spoke to the Sanhedrin in chapter 25.
- There was a plot to kill Paul in chapter 23.
- Claudius Lysias wrote a letter to Governor Felix in chapter 23.

WHY:

- Believers pleaded with Paul not to go to Jerusalem because of Agabus' prediction.
- Paul was not yet ready to die in Jerusalem for the name of the Lord Jesus.
- The commander of the Roman troops ordered Paul to be taken to the barracks because of the uproar of the crowd in Jerusalem.
- The crowd became very quiet in chapter 22 because they heard Paul speak in Aramaic.
- Paul was chosen by God to preach specifically to the Jews.
- The commander of the Roman troops ordered Paul flogged and questioned to find out why people were shouting at him.
- The commander was alarmed because he had put a Roman citizen in chains.
- The Lord encouraged Paul because Paul must also testify in Rome.
- Felix sent for Paul frequently because he liked what Paul said.
- Festus consulted King Agrippa about Paul because he wanted Agrippa to decide the case.

QUIZ QUESTIONS

ACTS 26-28

SHORT ANSWER

WHO: Give one brief fact about each person.

1. King Agrippa
2. Paul
3. Festus
4. Caesar
5. Julius
6. Publius

WHAT: Briefly tell what happened next after these events occurred.

1. Paul told about his conversion to King Agrippa.
2. Paul landed in Sidon on the way to Italy.
3. Paul gave a warning in Fair Havens.
4. An angel told Paul that no one would lose his life.
5. Paul put a pile of brushwood on the fire.
6. Paul arrives in Rome.

WHERE: Briefly tell one thing that happened in each place.

1. Damascus
2. Myra in Lycia
3. Along the shore of Crete
4. Adriatic Sea
5. Malta
6. Rome

WHEN: Briefly tell two things that happened in each chapter:

Chapter 26

Chapter 27

Chapter 28

WHY:

1. Why was Paul especially fortunate to stand before King Agrippa? (26:2-3)
2. Why did the Jews try to seize and kill Paul? (26:20-21)
3. Why was Paul not set free? (26:32)
4. Why did the ship not stay on course? (27:7)
5. Why did they sail on from Fair Havens after Paul's warning? (27:12)
6. Why did they give up hope of being saved? (27:20)
7. Why did the sailors let the lifeboat down into the sea? (27:30)
8. Why did the soldiers plan on killing the prisoners? (27:42)
9. Why did the islanders of Malta think Paul was a god? (28:6)
10. Why do you think Acts is important to study?

BIBLE QUIZ –ACTS

Section 1: Which Chapter?

Write the chapter number in the blank in front of each statement.

- ____ 1. Peter preaches the first sermon.
- ____ 2. Saul met Jesus on the road to Damascus.
- ____ 3. Peter and John cure the crippled man in the temple.
- ____ 4. Lydia, a seller of purple, believes and is baptized.
- ____ 5. Peter and John appear before the Sanhedrin after curing the crippled man in the temple.
- ____ 6. Jesus ascends into heaven.
- ____ 7. The Berean Christians were nobler than those of Thessalonica.
- ____ 8. The church begins on the day of Pentecost.
- ____ 9. Paul is bitten by a snake, but suffers no injury or death.
- ____ 10. Ananias and Sapphira lie to Peter and the Holy Spirit.
- ____ 11. Paul had a vision of a man of Macedonia, saying, "Come over and help us."
- ____ 12. A new apostle, Matthias, is appointed to replace Judas.
- ____ 13. An angel tells Paul that no one would lose his or her life on the ship.
- ____ 14. Stephen is stoned.
- ____ 15. There is a plot by 40 men not to eat or drink until they have killed Paul.
- ____ 16. A eunuch in a chariot learns about Jesus from Philip.
- ____ 17. Peter has a vision about animals in a sheet at Simon the Tanner's house in Joppa.
- ____ 18. Stephen tells the history of the Jews in a defense before the Sanhedrin.
- ____ 19. Peter raises Dorcas from the dead.
- ____ 20. Paul gives a warning to the ship's captain in Fair Havens.
- ____ 21. Aquila and Priscilla hear Apollos speak, and explain to him more adequately about Jesus.
- ____ 22. Paul healed the slave girl of the predicting spirit, and was arrested because her owners had lost their means of income.
- ____ 23. Philip preaches to the Samaritans.
- ____ 24. Paul preaches to Governor Felix.
- ____ 25. Paul tells about his conversion to King Agrippa.
- ____ 26. Seven men are appointed to help the Grecian widows.
- ____ 27. Ananias told Saul what to do to become a follower of Christ.
- ____ 28. Paul was distressed to see that Athens was full of idols.
- ____ 29. Stephen's face was like the face of an angel.
- ____ 30. Paul and Barnabas had a disagreement about John Mark.
- ____ 31. Peter explains to the Jews about Cornelius and his conversion to Christ.
- ____ 32. Paul makes tents with Aquila and Priscilla.
- ____ 33. Peter escapes from prison and goes to the house of the mother of John Mark.
- ____ 34. Paul is transferred under guard to Caesarea.
- ____ 35. Judas Barsabbas and Silas went to Antioch with Paul and Barnabas to deliver a letter from the apostles and elders in Jerusalem.
- ____ 36. Sergius Paulus believes in the Lord.
- ____ 37. Herod dies.
- ____ 38. Claudius Lysias writes a letter to Governor Felix.
- ____ 39. James, the brother of John, is put to death with the sword.
- ____ 40. Cornelius, the first Gentile believer, listens to Peter and is baptized into Christ.
- ____ 41. Paul arrives in Rome.
- ____ 42. Paul and Barnabas meet Elymas on the island of Cyprus.

- _____43. Rhoda leaves Peter knocking at a door
- _____44. An earthquake jolts the prison where Paul and Silas are singing praises.
- _____45. Eutychus tumbles from a window when Paul preaches until midnight.
- _____46. Leaders in Jerusalem decide whether the Gentiles should follow the old law of Moses.
- _____47. Ananias and Sapphira lie about the property they sold.
- _____48. Books of sorcery burn in a large bonfire in Ephesus.
- _____49. Paul preaches about the "Unknown God".
- _____50. Paul lives in a rented house and speaks about the kingdom of God without hindrance

BIBLE QUIZ – Section 2

Acts 1-7

Matching:

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| _____ lied to the Holy Spirit | 1. Luke |
| _____ a Pharisee with wise advice | 2. Barnabas |
| _____ city where the temple is located | 3. Gamaliel |
| _____ author of Acts | 4. Saul |
| _____ cured the crippled man in the temple | 5. Sanhedrin |
| _____ took the place of Judas, the apostle | 6. Ananias & Sapphira |
| _____ the encourager who sold a field | 7. Stephen |
| _____ Jewish council or high court | 8. Jerusalem |
| _____ first believer to die because of his faith;
was stoned | 9. Peter and John |
| _____ held the clothes of witnesses at a stoning | 10. Matthias |

True or False:

- _____ Peter preached the first gospel sermon on Pentecost.
- _____ On Pentecost, the Holy Spirit caused the apostles to speak in different languages.
- _____ Barnabas was from Jerusalem.
- _____ In selecting a new apostle to replace Judas, they chose from those who had been with
Jesus from his baptism to his ascension.
- _____ No one saw Jesus ascend into heaven.
- _____ Only 300 people were baptized on the day of Pentecost.
- _____ The crippled man went to the temple in hopes of being cured.
- _____ The Jewish priests and Sadducees were disturbed because Peter and John were preaching
Jesus and his resurrection from the dead.
- _____ The apostles were beaten, but left the Sanhedrin rejoicing that they were worthy to suffer
for the name of Christ.
- _____ Witness spoke the truth about Stephen when they said he was against the holy place and
the law.

Short Answer:

1. What did Stephen see as he was being stoned?
2. What did Stephen say as he died?
3. What did the Grecian Jewish believers complain about?
4. What seven men were chosen?
5. These seven men were to be full of the _____ and _____.

6. What did Peter accuse Ananias of doing?
7. What happened to Sapphira after she answered Peter's question?
8. Where did all the believers used to meet together in the early years of the church?
9. What did the Sanhedrin notice about Peter and John in Chapter 4?
10. Peter and John said, "We cannot _____ speaking about what we have _____ and _____."
11. Why did the believers sell their lands and houses?
12. What did the crippled man want from Peter and John in the temple?
13. Whose power made the lame man walk?
14. What day did the Holy Spirit come to the apostles the first time?
15. What three things indicated the presence of the Holy Spirit?
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
16. Who preached on the day of Pentecost?
17. What did the people have to do to be saved?
18. What four things did early believers devote themselves to?
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
19. Where were the apostles to be witnesses of Jesus? (4 places)
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
20. Who was the other man considered to replace Judas?

BIBLE QUIZ – Section 3

Acts 8-14

Matching:

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| _____ gave approval to Stephen's death | 1. Peter |
| _____ first disciple to preach in Samaria | 2. Agabus |
| _____ offered money to buy power to give Holy Spirit | 3. Ananias |
| _____ was sent to Saul in Damascus | 4. Philip |
| _____ appeared to Saul on the road | 5. Antioch Church |
| _____ raised Tabitha (Dorcas) from the dead | 6. Simon, a tanner |
| _____ first Gentile believer | 7. Simon the sorcerer |
| _____ owned home where Peter stayed in Joppa | 8. Cornelius |
| _____ predicted a severe famine in Judea | 9. Saul |
| _____ sent Paul and Barnabas on a missionary journey | 10. Jesus |

True or False:

- _____ King Herod killed James with the sword.
- _____ Rhoda let Peter in the minute she saw him knocking.
- _____ Paul and Barnabas appointed elders in the churches when they returned from their first missionary journey.
- _____ The crowd in Lystra tried to worship Paul and Barnabas as gods.
- _____ Elymas tried to help Paul and Barnabas preach to the proconsul.
- _____ Elymas was a sorcerer, and his other name was Bar-Jesus.
- _____ John Mark stayed with Paul and Barnabas on the entire trip.
- _____ Herod was struck down by an angel of the Lord because he did not give praise to God.
- _____ Peter was released from prison by an angel, but he at first thought it was a dream.
- _____ Barnabas went to look for Saul in Jerusalem when he wanted him to come and help in Antioch.

Short Answer:

1. What happened when a great persecution broke out against the church?
2. Who was sent to Samaria from Jerusalem after Philip led many to Christ?
3. Why did Simon offer the apostles money?
4. Where did the angel tell Philip to go?
5. From what book was the eunuch reading in his chariot?
6. What did the voice on the road tell Saul to do?
7. For how many days was Saul blind?
8. What reaction did the church in Jerusalem have to Saul?
9. Whom did Peter heal in Lydda?
10. Whom did Peter raise in Joppa?

11. What was Cornelius told to do in his vision?
12. Where did Peter go to pray in Joppa?
13. What did Peter see in his vision?
14. What was Peter doing that was against Jewish law?
15. What were the disciples called in Antioch?
16. Whom did the Holy Spirit indicate to do a special work in Antioch?
17. In Iconium, where did Paul and Barnabas go as usual?
18. What did Paul do in Lystra to make the people want to worship him as a god?
19. "We must go through many _____ to enter the _____ of _____".
20. Who was the proconsul in Cyprus?

BIBLE QUIZ – Section 4

ACTS 15-21

Matching:

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| _____ a disciple whose mother was Jewish,
but whose father was Greek | 1. Athens |
| _____ a dealer in purple who believed | 2. Paul |
| _____ almost killed himself because he | 3. Timothy |
| _____ believed the prisoners had escaped | 4. Jason |
| _____ was seized by jealous Jews when Paul and
Silas could not be found in Thessalonica | 5. Eutychus |
| _____ had an altar marked "To the Unknown God" | 6. Lydia |
| _____ a member of the Areopagus who became | 7. Apollos |
| _____ a believer and follower of Paul's teaching | 8. Demetrius |
| _____ a tentmaker | 9. Dionysius |
| _____ a Jew who was taught by Aquila and Priscilla | 10. Philippian Jailer |
| _____ a silversmith in Ephesus | |
| _____ fell out of a window during Paul's sermon | |

True or False:

- _____ the apostles and elders in Jerusalem told the Gentile believers they had to follow the Law of Moses exactly.
- _____ Paul and Barnabas had a disagreement over whether to take John Mark with them on their second journey.
- _____ Paul had a vision of a man of Macedonia who said, "Stay away!"
- _____ Lydia invited Paul and Silas to stay in her home after she was baptized.
- _____ Paul met Aquila and Priscilla in Corinth.
- _____ Paul spoke to a meeting of the Areopagus in Athens.
- _____ Demetrius helped Paul in Ephesus.
- _____ Paul had a tearful farewell with the elders of Ephesus in Miletus.
- _____ Paul wanted to be in Jerusalem for the Passover.
- _____ An evil spirit whom they tried to cast out in Ephesus beat seven sons of Sceva.

Short Answer:

1. How did God show that he accepted Gentiles?
2. What four things were the Gentile believers to do, according to the letter sent to Antioch?
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
3. For the second missionary journey, Barnabas took _____ and sailed for _____, while Paul chose _____ and left.
4. What happened to Paul in Troas to tell him where to travel next?
5. In Philippi, where was the place of prayer?

6. What were Paul and Silas doing about midnight in the prison?
7. What did the jailer ask Paul and Silas?
8. Paul's custom was to preach in the _____.
9. Why were the Bereans of more noble character than the people of Thessalonica?
10. Why was Paul greatly distressed in Athens?
11. God gives all men _____ and _____ and _____.
12. Why did Paul stay with Aquila and Priscilla in Corinth?
13. How long did Paul stay in Corinth?
14. Who refused to be a judge of Paul in Corinth?
15. Tell five things describing Apollos:
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
 - e.
16. What did Apollos prove from the scriptures?
17. Describe the extraordinary miracles God did through Paul in Ephesus.
18. What did those who had practiced sorcery in Ephesus do with their scrolls?
19. When did the believers in Troas come together to break bread?
20. Paul told the elders from Ephesus to keep _____ over themselves and all the _____ of which they had been made _____.

BIBLE QUIZ – Section 5

Acts 22-28

Matching:

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| _____ Paul's birthplace | 1. Festus |
| _____ city where Paul became a believer | 2. Paul's sister's son |
| _____ the people to whom Paul was being sent to preach by the Lord | 3. Tertullus |
| _____ the Jews who say there is no resurrection and no angels or spirits | 4. Caesarea |
| _____ overheard the plot against Paul and warned Paul and the commander | 5. Tarsus |
| _____ city where Paul spoke to Governor Felix | 6. Fair Havens |
| _____ a lawyer for the Jews who accused Paul | 7. Caesar |
| _____ Paul appealed his case to | 8. Damascus |
| _____ accused Paul of being insane | 9. Sadducees |
| _____ the place where Paul warned against sailing further in a ship | 10. Gentiles |

True or False?

- _____ Paul was trained under Gamaliel.
- _____ Festus discussed Paul's case with King Agrippa.
- _____ The Lord told Paul to have courage, he would be able to testify in Spain.
- _____ Paul was sent to Governor Felix at midday.
- _____ Paul told about his conversion to King Agrippa.
- _____ Paul was shipwrecked on the island of Cyprus.
- _____ Paul healed many sick people on the island where Publius was the chief official.
- _____ In Rome, Paul was kept under strict guard in a prison.
- _____ Paul spoke with Jewish leaders in Rome, who had not had any letters from Judea concerning him.
- _____ Paul encouraged the men on the ship to eat before they were shipwrecked.

Short Answer:

1. What blinded Paul on the road to Damascus?
2. What did Paul see when he returned to Jerusalem and was praying?
3. Why was the commander of the Roman guard alarmed when he almost had Paul flogged?
4. What two groups make up the Sanhedrin?
 - a.
 - b.
5. Paul said he was a " _____, the son of a _____."
6. The Lord told Paul to "Take _____!"

7. How many were involved in the plot to kill Paul?
8. What time of day was Paul taken to Caesarea to escape those who wanted to kill him?
9. Where was Paul kept under guard in Caesarea?
10. Felix hoped Paul would offer him what?
11. Why did Felix leave Paul in prison when Festus succeeded him as governor?
12. Could the Jews prove any of the charges they made against Paul?
13. Why did Paul consider himself fortunate to stand before King Agrippa?
14. Name five things Paul did to persecute Christians:
 - a.
 - b.
 - c.
 - d.
 - e.
15. What would have happened to Paul had he not appealed to Caesar?
16. What kind of storm caught the ship on the way to Italy?
17. How did the people reach land safely after the ship broke apart?
18. What did the islanders do to greet the shipwrecked people?
19. What did the islanders think when Paul suffered no ill effects from the snakebite?
20. How was Paul allowed to live in Rome?

Extra Credit:

Unscramble the following names from Acts:

saarec

pragipa

nnisaaa

neeshtp

nnrhaedi

sbaagu

yittomh

sslia

ayidl

raabsnab

ANSWER KEYS

Chapter 1	Chapter 2	Chapter 3	Chapter 4	Chapter 5
1-a	1-a	1-d	1-d	1-b
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4-c	4-b	4-c	4-d	4-a
5-a	5-d	5-e	5-e	5-e
6-d	6-c	6-d	6-e	6-c
7-d	7-e	7-e	7-b	7-e
8-e	8-b	8-e	8-a	8-b
9-c	9-d	9-b	9-c	9-d
10-a	10-c	10-c	10-a	10-a
11-b	11-e	11-a	11-e	11-a
12-c	12-a	12-b	12-b	12-c
13-d	13-e	13-a	13-d	13-b
14-b	14-b	14-e	14-c	14-e
15-e	15-c	15-b	15-a	15-d
16-d	16-d	16-d	16-b	16-c
17-a	17-a	17-c	17-c	17-b
18-c	18-c	18-e	18-a	18-a
19-a	19-d	19-a	19-d	19-d
20-d	20-b	20-a	20-b	20-e
21-b	21-a	21-d	21-c	21-b
22-b	22-d	22-b	22-d	22-d
23-e	23-c	23-c	23-e	23-e
24-a	24-e	24-a	24-b	24-c
25-e	25-d	25-d	25-c	25-a
26-d	26-b	26-b	26-d	26-b
27-e	27-c	27-c	27-a	27-a
28-a	28-b	28-a	28-e	28-d
29-d	29-e		29-c	29-e
30-e	30-c		30-e	30-c
31-a	31-a		31-a	31-b
32-c	32-b		32-b	32-c
33-b	33-c		33-c	33-d
34-d	34-b		34-d	34-b
35-b	35-c			35-e
36-e	36-a			36-a
	37-e			37-c
	38-c			38-e
	39-a			
	40-b			
	41-d			
	42-e			
	43-b			
	44-c			
	45-e			
	46-d			
	47-a			
	48-d			
	49-c			
	50-b			

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4-b	4-c	4-b	4-a	4-b
5-e	5-b	5-a	5-d	5-a
6-c	6-e	6-e	6-e	6-d
7-d	7-a	7-c	7-b	7-c
8-e	8-d	8-b	8-c	8-e
9-a	9-c	9-d	9-d	9-c
10-d	10-b	10-e	10-b	10-d
11-b	11-a	11-a	11-e	11-c
12-e	12-b	12-e	12-c	12-a
13-c	13-d	13-b	13-d	13-b
14-d	14-c	14-c	14-e	14-e
15-e	15-e	15-d	15-a	15-c
16-b	16-d	16-b	16-b	16-d
17-d	17-b	17-a	17-d	17-c
18-a	18-d	18-c	18-c	18-a
19-c	19-c	19-e	19-e	19-e
20-e	20-a	20-b	20-a	20-c
21-c	21-b	21-d	21-c	21-b
22-b	22-e	22-a	22-b	22-d
	23-c	23-c	23-d	23-a
	24-d	24-c	24-a	24-b
	25-b	25-b	25-e	25-d
	26-b	26-d	26-c	26-e
	27-c	27-e	27-a	27-d
	28-a	28-a	28-b	28-c
	29-d	29-d	29-e	29-b
	30-e	30-c	30-c	30-e
	31-b		31-d	31-a
	32-a		32-a	32-c
	33-c		33-c	33-d
	34-d		34-e	34-e
	35-e		35-d	35-a
	36-a		36-a	36-c
	37-c		37-b	37-b
	38-e		38-e	38-d
	39-d		39-c	39-a
	40-a		40-d	40-c
	41-e			
	42-c			
	43-b			
	44-d			
	45-e			
	46-e			

Chap. 11	Chap. 12	Chap. 13	Chap. 14	Chap. 15
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2-c	2-b	2-c	2-c	2-c
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4-b	4-d	4-a	4-d	4-c
5-c	5-e	5-d	5-c	5-b
6-a	6-a	6-a	6-e	6-e
7-b	7-b	7-b	7-a	7-a
8-d	8-d	8-c	8-d	8-b
9-c	9-c	9-e	9-b	9-e
10-a	10-e	10-d	10-b	10-c
11-c	11-e	11-b	11-a	11-d
12-e	12-a	12-c	12-c	12-a
13-d	13-d	13-a	13-d	13-b
14-c	14-b	14-c	14-e	14-d
15-b	15-b	15-e	15-d	15-e
16-c	16-a	16-b	16-e	16-c
17-d	17-d	17-d	17-b	17-b
18-a	18-c	18-c	18-c	18-d
19-b	19-b	19-d	19-a	19-e
20-c	20-d	20-e	20-c	20-a
21-b	21-c	21-e	21-d	21-c
22-e	22-d	22-c	22-e	22-b
23-d	23-b	23-b	23-c	23-e
24-a	24-d	24-e	24-b	24-d
25-c	25-a	25-d	25-a	25-a
26-d	26-b	26-b	26-d	26-b
27-b	27-c	27-d		27-c
	28-e	28-c		28-e
	29-d	29-a		29-b
	30-a	30-e		30-d
	31-c	31-b		31-c
	32-a	32-c		32-a
	33-c	33-e		33-b
		34-d		34-e
		35-b		35-b
		36-c		
		37-e		
		38-a		
		39-b		
		40-c		
		41-d		
		42-e		
		43-d		
		44-a		
		45-c		
		46-b		
		47-d		

Chap. 16	Chap. 17	Chap. 18	Chap. 19	Chap. 20
1-b	1-e	1-d	1-a	1-b
2-e	2-c	2-e	2-c	2-e
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4-a	4-b	4-c	4-b	4-e
5-d	5-a	5-d	5-c	5-c
6-b	6-d	6-b	6-e	6-d
7-c	7-c	7-a	7-a	7-c
8-a	8-e	8-c	8-d	8-b
9-d	9-c	9-a	9-c	9-e
10-e	10-a	10-d	10-b	10-b
11-b	11-b	11-a	11-d	11-e
12-d	12-d	12-e	12-e	12-b
13-a	13-c	13-c	13-c	13-a
14-b	14-d	14-d	14-e	14-c
15-c	15-e	15-e	15-b	15-b
16-e	16-a	16-c	16-a	16-e
17-d	17-e	17-b	17-d	17-c
18-a	18-b	18-d	18-e	18-e
19-c	19-d	19-a	19-c	19-a
20-b	20-e	20-c	20-e	20-d
21-d	21-c	21-e	21-b	21-b
22-e	22-a	22-e	22-a	22-c
23-b	23-e	23-a	23-d	23-a
24-a	24-b	24-d	24-c	24-d
25-d	25-d	25-e	25-b	25-e
26-c	26-e	26-b	26-e	26-d
27-e	27-b	27-c	27-d	27-b
28-b	28-e	28-d	28-a	28-c
29-e	29-a	29-e	29-d	29-a
30-d	30-b	30-a	30-e	30-e
31-a	31-c	31-e	31-d	31-b
32-e	32-d	32-b	32-b	32-e
33-c	33-a		33-c	33-c
34-d	34-c		34-a	34-d
35-c			35-c	
36-b			36-b	
37-a			37-e	
38-d			38-d	
39-c			39-a	
40-e			40-b	
41-b			41-c	
42-a			42-e	
43-e			43-d	
			44-b	

Chap. 21	Chap. 22	Chap. 23	Chap. 24	Chap. 25
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2-e	2-c	2-d	2-d	2-b
3-c	3-d	3-a	3-b	3-d
4-b	4-a	4-e	4-e	4-e
5-b	5-b	5-b	5-c	5-b
6-d	6-e	6-d	6-d	6-a
7-c	7-c	7-c	7-a	7-e
8-d	8-d	8-a	8-d	8-a
9-a	9-a	9-e	9-b	9-c
10-e	10-b	10-b	10-e	10-c
11-d	11-e	11-d	11-c	11-b
12-c	12-c	12-e	12-d	12-d
13-e	13-d	13-a	13-a	13-e
14-b	14-a	14-c	14-e	14-c
15-c	15-c	15-b	15-c	15-a
16-d	16-d	16-d	16-b	16-e
17-e	17-b	17-c	17-e	17-b
18-a	18-a	18-a	18-d	18-d
19-e	19-c	19-e	19-a	
20-c	20-e	20-b	20-c	
21-b	21-b	21-d	21-b	
22-e	22-c	22-c	22-d	
23-a	23-d	23-b	23-e	
24-d	24-e	24-e	24-c	
25-d	25-b	25-d		
26-c		26-a		
27-b		27-c		
28-a		28-b		
29-d		29-d		
30-b		30-e		
31-a		31-b		
32-c		32-a		
33-b		33-c		

Chap. 26

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2-c
3-b
4-d
5-c
6-e
7-a
8-b
9-d
10-d
11-a
12-c
13-b
14-e
15-d
16-a
17-d
18-c
19-b
20-e
21-a
22-d
23-c
24-e

Chap. 27

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2-c
3-e
4-b
5-d
6-e
7-a
8-e
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11-d
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16-e
17-a
18-c
19-b
20-d
21-e
22-c
23-a
24-d
25-b
26-c
27-d
28-e
29-c
30-d
31-a
32-b
33-c
34-e

Chap. 28

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4-d
5-c
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14-e
15-b
16-e
17-c
18-d
19-a
20-e
21-b
22-c
23-d
24-e
25-b
26-d
27-a
28-c
29-d
30-e